REPORT

OF THE

COURT OF WARDS,

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES,

FOR THE REVENUE YEAR 1875-76.

ALLAHABAD:

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES GOVERNMENT PRESS.

1877.

INDEX.

	Page.
General Review.	
Appendix A—Wards' estates' notices ...	1
Muzaffarnagar—	
Sambalahra	6
Jauli	*ib.*
Miranpur	*ib.*
Meerut—	
Lawar	7
Muradnagar	8
Pirnagar	*ib.*
Karam Ali Khan's estate	*ib.*
Bijnor—	
Sherkot	*ib.*
Moradabad—	
Estate of Abdul Wahib	9
Ditto Bakht Singh and Indarjit Singh ...	*ib.*
Munawar Ali Khan's estate	*ib.*
Estate of Kishn Singh and Gokul Singh ...	10
Shankar Lál's estate	*ib.*
Musammat Shabnam's estate	*ib.*
Kunwar Bhim Singh's estate	11
Bishambharnath's estate	12
Estate of Kazi Muhammad Abbas	*ib.*
Shdhjahdnpur—	
Narayanpur	13
Nahal	*ib.*
Mutira—	
Estate of Hardeo Prasad	14
Agra—	
Awá	*ib.*
Parna	17
Farukhabad—	
Kudsiya Begam's estate...	*ib.*
Khimsipur	*ib.*
Mainpuri—	
Kunj Bihari Lál's estate	18
Arjunpur	*ib.*
Etdwah—	
Chakkarnagar	18
Barhai	*ib.*
Bharthna	*ib.*
Uncha	*ib.*
Malhajani	*ib.*
Sunasi	*ib.*
Kuyan	20
Sirsai Nawar	*ib.*
Etah—	
Rampur	*ib.*
Rani Damar	21
Azizpur	*ib.*
Raya	*ib.*

	Page.
Jhánsi—	
Katahra	21
Chirgaon	22
Takhtauli Mahalwara	*ib.*
Jalaun—	
Kukargawan...	23
Lalitpur—	
Rajwara	*ib*
Marwari	*ib.*
Jagannath's estate	*ib.*
Nirbhay Singh's estate	24
Karora	*ib.*
Dharpura-Gidhaura	*ib.*
Cawnpore—	
Akbarpur Sen	*ib.*
Jagjiwanpur...	*ib.*
Rawatpur	*ib.*
Ghagwa Bhabhi	25
Usmanpur (Takhtauli)	*ib.*
Pankigangaganj, No. I.	26
Pankigangaganj, No. II.	*ib.*
Shahryarpur	*ib.*
Nunhari	27
Fatehpur—	
Estate of Ata Husain	*ib.*
Ditto Khan Bibi	*ib.*
Asothar	*ib.*
Patti Shah	28
Ahmadpur Kusumbha	*ib.*
Allahabad—	
Manda	*ib.*
Rai Pratap Chand's estate	29
Sarai Pitha	*ib.*
Sarai Bharat	*ib.*
Khargapur...	30
Estate of Rai Bahadur Asapal Singh ...	*ib.*
Gambhira	*ib.*
Hamirpur—	
Har Lál's estate	31
Gorakhpur—	
Majhauli	*ib.*
Basti—	
Mithwal Bakhshi estate	32
Azamgarh—	
Dubari	*ib.*
Balgobind's estate	33
Mirsapur—	
Kantit	*ib.*
Agori Barhar	34
Gopalpur, No. I.	35
Gopalpur, No. II.	*ib.*
Tikori	36
Benares—	
Pisur Danielpur	*ib.*

Page.

Ghazipur—
Sunwani 36
Estate of Sat Narayan Pande ... ... *ib.*
Karim-ud-dinpur ... ... *ib*

Appendix B.—Wards' Institute, Benares.
Notice for the financial year 1876-77 ... 37

Appendix C.—Government estates' notices
Dudhi Tappas 38
Kumaun Bhabar 41
Chilkya Ilaka 43

Appendix D.—Benevolent Trusts
Notice for the financial year 1875-76 ... *ib.*

Appendix E.—Book Circular No. $\frac{1}{X\ 16}$, dated 22nd January, 1877 46

Statement No. I.—Estates under the superintendence of the Court of Wards ... ... *ib.*

Statement No. II.—Assets and liabilities on the 30th September, 1876, exclusive of value of landed property, stock and houses 52

Statement No. III.—Showing the rental, demand, collections, and balances 56

Statement No. IV.—Showing the net profits ... 60

Statement No. V.—Personal and other expenditure not chargeable to profits in statement No. IV. 64

Statement No. VI.—Works of improvement ... 66

Statement No. VII.—Progress made in liquidation of debts 67

Statement No. VIII.—Present circumstances of the loans made to encumbered estates by the Government and the Court of Wards 68

Page.

Statement No. IX.—Showing the details of notices of ejectment under section 36, Act XVIII. of 1873. 69

Statement No. X.—Showing details of applications for enhancement of rent ... ... *ib.*

Statement No. XI.—Showing the estates from which balances of the current revenue demand were due on the 30th September, 1876 70

Statement No. XII.—Showing the estates from which outstanding balances of the Government demand were due on the 30th September, 1876 ... *ib.*

Statement No. XIII.—Comparative statement of receipts and disbursements of the Dúdhi tappas in the Mirzapur district for the revenue year 1875-76 71

Statement No. XIV.—Comparative statement of receipts and charges of the Kumaun Bhabar and Chilkya Ilaka 72

Statement No. XV.—Comparative statement of the assets and liabilities of the Kumaun Bhabar and Chilkya Ilaka ... ... *ib.*

Statement No. XVI.—Receipts and disbursements of benevolent trusts during the financial year 1875-76 73

Statement No. XVII.—Showing the recoveries of interest on Government securities belonging to benevolent trusts during the financial year 1875-76 74

Statement No. XVIII.—Assets and liabilities of the benevolent trusts, exclusive of the value of landed property and houses 75

GOVERNMENT
1877
N.W.P.

REPORT

OF THE

COURT OF WARDS,

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES.

No. $\frac{291}{X.-III.}$ OF 1877.

FROM

S. HARVEY JAMES, ESQ.,

Offg. Secy. to the Board of Revenue,

North-Western Provinces,

TO

C. ROBERTSON, ESQ.,

Offg. Secretary to Government,

North-Western Provinces.

DATED ALLAHABAD, THE 10TH MARCH, 1877.

SIR,

DEPARTMENT X.

COURT OF WARDS.

Present.
R. SIMSON, ESQ.

I AM desired by the Junior Member of the Board of Revenue to submit herewith the report of the Court of Wards of the North-Western Provinces for the revenue year 1875-76.

I have the honour to be,
SIR,
Your most obedient servant,
S. HARVEY JAMES,
Officiating Secretary.

THERE were ninety estates, of which the gross receipts amounted to Rs. 18,03,711, under the management of the Court during the year. Of these, twelve, including the estate of Musammat Shabnam, of which a notice will be found at page 10 of this report, belonged to females deemed by the local Government incompetent to manage their estates, fifty-one to minors, eight to lunatics, one to a proprietor incapacitated by physical defects and infirmities, sixteen to persons declared by the local Government, on their own application, to be disqualified from managing their estates, and two to proprietors who are not subject to the jurisdiction of the Court of Wards, but whose encumbered estates are managed by it.

2. Of these ninety estates, two were released during the year under report, and two have been released since the commencement of the current year. They are :—

Jagannath's	...	... Lalitpur.
Har Lál's	...	... Hamírpur.
Banpúr	...	... Lalitpur.
Shahryarpur	...	... Cawnpore.

Since the 1st of October, 1876, ten estates have been brought under the superintendence of the Court. They are :—

Arjunpur	...	... Mainpuri.
Awah	...	... Agra.
Mithwal Bakshi, No. III.		
Ditto, No. IV.	...	... Basti.
Gambhira	...	... Allahabad.
Ahmadpur Kusumbha	...	... Fatehpur.
Tikori	...	... Mirzapur.
Kukargawan	...	... Jalaun.
Pirnagar	...	... Meerut.
Dharpura Gidhaura	...	... Lalitpur.

Ninety-six estates are therefore under the Court's management at the present time.

3. In the ninety estates which were under the Court during the past year were comprised two thousand and seventy whole villages and shares in five hundred and fifty-nine more; and the rent collected during the year was Rs. 14,28,636, of which Rs. 13,95,550 were derived from revenue-paying, and Rs. 33,086 from revenue-free land.

Sayar income and the proceeds of such cesses as are contemplated in clause 2 of section 66, Act XIX. of 1873, are shown in statement No. IV. under "miscellaneous income."

The total Government demand was Rs. 7,37,236, and the payments made in satisfaction of it Rs. 7,28,847, of which Rs. 6,98,513 were credited to land-revenue, Rs. 72,418 to local cesses, Rs. 42,651 to patwári rate, Rs. 347 to owner's rate, Rs. 14,913 to occupier's rate, and Rs. 5 to the account of outstanding advances made during the famine of 1868-69 in the Jhánsi division.

The arrears due to Government at the close of the year amounted to Rs. 8,388. They are shown in statement No. II. as forming part of the liabilities of the indebted estates, and are detailed in statements Nos. XI. and XII.

The land-revenue paid by the estates throughout the provinces bore an average percentage of 50 to the rental collected from revenue-paying land; but, as remarked by the Government in its review of the Court's report for 1874-75, while, as a general average, this percentage goes far to prove the equitable incidence of the demand, individual details vary considerably.

As in the previous year, Jhánsi stands first in the high proportion of revenue to rental; Benares with its permanent settlement stands at the bottom of the list; Rohilkhand and Meerut are below the average, while Agra and Allahabad are above it.

4. The gross rental demand of the estates was :—

	Rs.
Arrears	1,61,932
Current	14,47,189
Total ...	16,09,121

The collections were—

	Rs.
Arrears	71,789
Current	13,56,847
Total ..	14,28,636

the percentages of collections to demand being—

	Rs.
Arrears	44
Current	94
Total	89

The character of the rains and seasons of 1875-76 has been described at some length in the Board's Revenue Administration Report, and need not be noticed again here. Where special causes exist for low percentage of collections to demand, they have been particularised in the estate notices in Appendix A of this report.

Of the rent balances outstanding at the close of the revenue year, amounting in the aggregate to Rs. 1,80,485, Rs. 21,780, or 12 per cent., were either nominal or

irrecoverable, and the greater part of this sum has since been written off the accounts under the orders of the Junior Member; Rs. 1,43,118 were considered recoverable, and Rs. 15,587 were doubtful.

5. As in the previous year, there was very little litigation between the Court of Wards and its tenants. Suits for the recovery of arrears of rent were very few, and in many of the largest estates under the Court it was not found necessary to file a single suit or application.

The notices of ejectment issued by the Court under section 36 of Act XVIII. of 1873 were one hundred and sixty-one in number, and the area of the land to which they referred was 376 acres only. The tenants contested ninety-four of these notices, and two-thirds of their applications were successful. In sixty-four cases the tenants relinquished their holdings, and in five they were permitted to remain in possession at enhanced rents. In the Sunwani estate many tenants asserted rights to which the manager considered they were not entitled, and, in order that their status might be judicially determined, notices of ejectment were served on them, with the result that in half the cases the rights claimed were found not to exist.

Applications for enhancement of rent were confined to districts under settlement, and the number disposed of during the year was one hundred and twenty-six. The tenants concerned were 2,783 in number, and the area to which the applications referred was 9,590 acres. The rate per acre was raised from Rs. 4-11-2 to Rs. 5-12-7, and the rent enhanced from Rs. 44,073 to Rs. 55,417. In some estates, where the rents were abnormally low, enhancements were amicably arranged; but the cheapness of grain proved generally an effectual bar to any increase of the demand.

The litigation in which the Court has been engaged in the civil courts will be described hereafter in the Legal Remembrancer's report for 1876-77.

6. Including the charges of the Government Press for printed forms and the expenditure on establishment in the Board's office, the percentage of cost of management to the ordinary income shown in column 9 of statement No. 4 was 4·53, as against 4·26 in 1874-75 and 4·85 in 1873-74. The increased percentage is explained by the many large estates which were placed under the superintendence of the Court shortly before and during the past year having all, with a view to the correct ascertainment of their assets, been held under direct management.

The percentage exceeds ten per cent. in five cases only. In Katahra the heavy incidence of the cost of management is mainly due to the retention in service of old dependants whose dismissal would be offensive to the family; in Marwari to the smallness of the estate and the necessity of remunerating the manager with a larger percentage of the collections than is usually allowed; in Akbarpur Sen to the mismanagement which is noticed at page 24 of this report; in Barwa Khurd to what is *primâ facie* an excessive establishment, though the Collector says he cannot manage the property with a smaller one; and in Har Lál's estate to the extraordinary establishments which had to be entertained to put a disorganised banking concern in order, and to cultivate the wards' sír land.

In the Bharthna, Sunasi, Khan Bibi, Muminpur Ratgaon, Arjunpur, and other estates, the wards themselves or their heirs are employed in the management as salaried servants of the Court.

7. Takávi to the amount of Rs. 13,706 was advanced to tenants, as against Rs. 17,275 in 1874-75 and Rs. 9,750 in 1873-74. The largest advances were made in Barhai, Rawatpur, and Kantit, and in the estates of Jagannath and Har Lál. As in 1874-75, the advances were generally repaid on the dates fixed, and the remissions were insignificant. The recoveries during the year were Rs. 13,559, and the balances outstanding on the 30th September last Rs. 24,458.

8. The expenditure on improvements was Rs. 46,181, distributed over twenty-five estates, as against Rs. 41,634 in the previous year, distributed over nineteen.

The sums spent on wells, tanks, embankments, and other irrigation works during the year under report was Rs. 29,063.

9. The personal expenditure "ordinary" of the wards was Rs. 1,35,667, and "extraordinary" Rs. 53,195, as against Rs. 1,18,916 and Rs. 61,342 respectively in the previous year, the total being Rs. 1,88,852 during 1875-76, as against Rs. 1,80,259 in 1874-75.

In the personal expenditure "ordinary" is included the assumed rental of sir lands held by some of the wards, the credit appearing as rent collected in statement No. IV.

10. The educational charges are shown as Rs. 7,937, but, as explained in previous years' reports, the expenditure really incurred on this account cannot be accurately stated, the school charges in many cases being paid by the minors' guardians out of the fixed monthly allowances made for maintenance.

Two wards, the Rájás of Kantit and Manda, were at the Benares Institute; one, George Skinner, at La Martinière, Lucknow; three, Wazir Hasn, Muhammad Kasim, and Afzal Husain, at the Bareilly College; two, Ishak Khan and Husain Ali Khan, at the Agra College; one, the Rájá of Malhajani, at the Etáwah High School; two, Dharm Chand and Shyam Chand, at the Benares College School; and the rest at zila, tahsíli, and village schools, or were being educated at home by private tutors.

The administration of the Wards' Institute, Benares, is noticed in a separate appendix of this report.

11. The savings invested during the year, excluding premium and commission charges incurred in the purchase of Government promissory notes, amounted to Rs. 1,11,328, of which Rs. 11,203 were laid out in the purchase of landed property, Rs. 16,895 in well-secured loans, and the rest in promissory notes.

The nominal value of the Government securities now held by the Court is Rs. 5,76,695, their real value being, of course, considerably in excess of that amount.

12. Of the estates managed by the Court during the past year, 68 were encumbered with debts amounting in the aggregate to Rs. 40,69,246 when they were first placed under its superintendence.

By the close of the year 1875-76, debts amounting to Rs. 17,93,552, besides interest, had been paid off, and 20 estates had been entirely freed from their encumbrances, while the rest, 48 in number, still owed Rs. 23,71,540.

13. Statement No. VIII. shows the present circumstances of the loans made to encumbered properties by the State and the Court of Wards.

The loans made by the Court of Wards with the sanction of Government amounted to Rs. 88,401, of the principal of which Rs. 5,472 had been repaid by the 30th of September last.

The ledger system referred to in paragraph 14 of last year's report is working satisfactorily. The method of calculating interest and the form in which the accounts are to be kept are prescribed in the Board's Circular No. $\frac{1}{X-16}$, dated 22nd January, 1877, which is printed as Appendix E of this report.

14. In accordance with the orders contained in G. O. No. 1857A, dated 19th October, 1876, the notices of the several estates under the Court's charge have been given in the form of an appendix, and so separated from the general *resumé* of the year's operations.

15. The benevolent trusts under the charge of Government are described in Appendix D, to paragraph 4 of which attention is invited.

An appendix has also been devoted to brief histories of the Dudhi Tappas, the Kumaun Bhabar, and the Chilkya ilaka. The Dudhi Tappas are noticed in this report under the orders of Government, No. 844A, dated 30th May, 1876; and the interest that attaches to the Bhabar tracts that have been so long and successfully administered by Sir Henry Ramsay must be Mr. Simson's excuse for adding an account of them to an already too bulky report.

CONCLUSION.

16. For some years the operations of the Court of Wards have been steadily increasing, and in several districts, notably Allahabad, Mirzapur, Cawnpore, Etáwah, Agra, and Moradabad, there are now as many estates under the Court as the district officers have leisure to manage. On the 30th September, 1872, the Court's superintendence extended to 1,970 villages paying to Government five and a half lakhs of rupees on account of land-revenue and the cesses levied under Act XVIII. of 1871: at the date of this report it extends to 3,025 villages paying to Government eleven and a half lakhs of rupees on the same account.

17. The Junior Member desires to thank the district officers generally, whose clear reports and accurate accounts have enabled him to submit the report of the Court of Wards for this year so much sooner than has hitherto been found possible.

Among district officers his acknowledgments are especially due to Messrs. A. J. Lawrence, C. Robertson, J. C. Robertson, W. Lane, R. G. Currie, R. D. Spedding, C. Donovan, J. Sladen, and M. A. McConaghey, Colonel J. Davidson, and Major Liston; and among Commissioners to Mr. C. P. Carmichael, who has carefully reviewed every report from his division.

18. Mr. Simson desires also to bring to the special notice of Government the services of Mr. S. H. James, the present Officiating Secretary to the Board.

Mr. James has worked most zealously and indefatigably, and the generally satisfactory condition of the accounts and records of the several estates under the Court of Wards is due in no small degree to the care and attention which Mr. James has bestowed upon them.

Mr. James has done equally good service in the other departments in the Board's office more immediately under his care as Junior Secretary, and Mr. Simson is glad to understand that he is likely soon to obtain the promotion which he so fully deserves.

APPENDIX A.

SAMBALAHRA.

THE debts due at the close of 1874-75 were reported to be Rs. 1,14,401, of which Rs. 1,09,689 represented principal and Rs. 4,712 interest.

To this sum must be added Rs. 4,202 found to be due to a gentleman who had under a general sanction given by the late manager, Mr. Cadell, advanced money for the expenses of the wards at Meerut, and to a cloth merchant with whom the Sambalahra family had had dealings.

The debts due at the commencement of the year under report were therefore Rs. 1,18,603. The interest that accrued during the year was Rs. 7,420.

In the last report, the measures which were being taken for the extrication of the estate from its indebtedness were mentioned, and the result of the sales effected in 1875-76 may be thus summarised:—

Shares in nineteen villages in the Muzaffarnagar district, assessed to a revenue of Rs. 1,796, were sold for Rs. 41,355, and two villages in the Meerut district and shares in two others, assessed to a revenue of Rs. 840, were sold for Rs. 20,750.

The estimated value of the property sold in Meerut and Muzaffarnagar, and the upset price at which, with the Board's sanction, it was offered for sale, was Rs. 50,503. The sum realized was Rs. 62,105.

The price at which the property in Meerut was sold was equal to more than twenty years' purchase of profits (rental minus revenue and local cess), and nearly twenty-five years' purchase of the Government revenue.

The sale proceeds and the ordinary surplus profits of the year enabled the Collector to pay Rs. 70,281 towards the liquidation of the principal and interest of the debts, and a debt of Rs. 346 having been transferred with one of the properties sold, the only creditors at the end of the year were a local banker and the proprietors of the Landhaura estate, to whom Rs. 20,408 and Rs. 34,988 respectivoly were due.

The property which it is proposed to sell in the Saháranpur district is valued at Rs. 50,000; and if the Collector can arrange to dispose of it at this price during the current year, the estate should be free from debt before the date of the Board's next report.

The revenue of the property still left in the Meerut and Muzaffarnagar districts is Rs. 9,220, the sales which Mr. Sladen has so successfully effected having been of lands assessed at Rs. 2,636 only.

JAULI.

The lease to Muhammad Zafar has been continued for another year. His management, however, has not hitherto been very successful, and since the release of his share he is believed to have encumbered it again with debt.

The ward Muhammad Kasim continues to attend the Bareilly College.

MIRANPUR.

During the year there were no funds available for the reduction of the debts due to private creditors, whatever surplus there was having been credited to Government in part payment of the arrears of revenue of Hasnpur Khadir, the remission of which was refused in Government order No. 1630A, dated 12th August, 1875.

These arrears amounted to Rs. 2,053, and Rs. 600 having been paid in 1874-75, and Rs. 953 in 1875-76, the balance outstanding at the commencement of the present year was Rs. 500 only.

Notwithstanding the care which Mr. Sladen has bestowed on this mahál, the receipts were less in 1875-76, during which it was held under direct management, than the revenue, cesses, and patwári rate assessed on it :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
The rent-roll was	935	12	11
And sale proceeds of grass yielded	189	12	3
	1,125	9	2
The land revenue is	1,100	0	0
Cesses	110	0	0
And patwári rate	66	0	0
	1,276	0	0
The deficit being	150	6	10
The ward's share of the rent-roll was	463	4	2
And of the sale proceeds of grass	85	8	0
	548	12	2
His share of the land revenue	567	0	0
Of cesses	56	10	8
And of patwári rate	33	10	8
	657	5	4
The deficit being	108	9	2

An adventurous Muhammadan gentleman has taken a lease of the mahál at Rs. 1,300 for 1876-77.

The debts due from the estate at the close of the preceding year were incorrectly reported to amount to Rs. 20,970. To this sum must be now added Rs. 1,117 interest which accrued during the year under report, Rs. 500 arrears of revenue still unpaid, and Rs. 2,160 for which several shares of villages in the Muzaffarnagar and Bijnor districts were usufructuarily mortgaged many years since by the ward's father. The debts due at the close of 1875-76 were therefore Rs. 24,747.

Measures for the extrication of the estate from its difficulties are still under discussion in the correspondence which commenced with the Board's No. $\frac{405}{93\text{-}X}$, dated 23rd October, 1876, to the address of the Officiating Secretary to Government, and has ended with Government order No. 313A, dated 17th March, 1877.

The portion of the estate which lies in the Meerut district is said to have suffered a good deal from the excessive rains of 1875, and the spring harvest of 1876 was a poor one.

LAWAR.

During the year under report a share held by the minors in the village of Nagauri under a usufructuary mortgage was redeemed, and the redemption money added to the profits of the year, enabled the Collector to discharge the remaining debts of the estate, which amounted to Rs. 1,938 principal, and Rs. 606 accumulated interest.

The estate is now free from all encumbrances, and, besides a cash balance of Rs. 393 in hand, it has Rs. 400 invested at 6 per cent. in a loan to the Nagla Katar estate, a property under the superintendence of the Court of Wards in the same district. The loan was sanctioned in Government order No. 123A, dated 25th January, 1877.

MURADNAGAR.

This estate consists of shares in three villages in the Meerut district, and belongs to the minor sons of the late Khan Ali Khan, Pathan, the eldest of whom is six years of age. It was placed in charge of the Collector by the Judge of Meerut in June, 1876, and has been leased for a term of ten years at a net rent of Rs. 1,000 per annum, the lessees paying the revenue, cesses, and patwâri rate.

The debts at the close of the past year amounted to Rs. 6,605, of which Rs. 2,905 were secured by usufructuary mortgages, Rs. 2,350 by bonds, and Rs. 600 by notes of hand, and the remainder represented book debts and accumulated arrears of interest.

The rate of interest on the sums not secured by the mortgages has now been reduced from twelve to nine per cent. per annum, and the sum annually available for the liquidation of debts being Rs. 664, those debts will be paid off with interest in eight years. The eldest ward will then be but fourteen years of age, and before he attains his majority the estate should be wholly freed from its encumbrances.

PIRNAGAR.

This estate lies in the Meerut district, and consists of proprietary rights in half of two villages and occupancy rights in a large holding in a third.

It belongs to Narayan Singh and Kharak Singh, minor sons of Bahadur Singh, Gujar, who died in 1874, leaving his property encumbered with a debt of Rs. 18,000, bearing interest at twelve per cent. per annum. Owing to the mismanagement of the minors' guardian, arrears of interest were allowed to accrue, and at the end of October last the debts amounted to Rs. 19,776.

The estate was placed under the superintendence of the Court of Wards in January, 1877, and to liquidate the debts the Junior Member has sanctioned the sale of a portion of the wards' share in one village to Shaikh Ilahi Bakhsh of Meerut.

KARAM ALI KHAN'S ESTATE.

In a single village in this estate defective drainage and sickness combined have reduced the rental from Rs. 5,900 to Rs. 4,600. The village is Jarcha, in the Bulandshahr district, and the Collector writes:—

"The lowering of the rents is due to the fact that the greater part of the area of Jarcha is lowland, and as much water accumulates during the rains, for which there is no outlet, very little is grown in the kharif. The land, too, is deteriorating in its productive powers from being waterlogged year after year. There has also been much sickness among the inhabitants of Jarcha, and, as they are chiefly Saiyids, and not good cultivators, a large area has been thrown out of cultivation which new cultivators will only take up at reduced rents."

The drainage operations now in progress will not extend to this village. The rest of the estate is in a prosperous condition.

During the current year Rs. 15,000 will be invested in Government securities, and Rs. 9,000, repayable with interest in three years, have been advanced at nine per cent. per annum to the Afghans of Sirdhana on the simple mortgage of their share in the village of Cholas in the Bulandshahr district.

SHERKOT.

Owing to the partial failure of the rabi crops, the collections were below the average; and of the total demand on account of rent and sayar, current and outstanding, fourteen per cent. remained unrealized. Of the balances, however, more than ninety per cent. is recoverable.

The appeal to the Privy Council on behalf of Rani Badam Kunwar has been admitted, and the High Court has been moved to stay the execution of the decree of May, 1876, during the pendency of the appeal.

In regard to Chaudhri Ghasa Singh, and the future of the estate, the Commissioner, Mr. Edwards, writes as follows:—"Ghasa Singh himself is an old and feeble man, said to be in his dotage, and under the influence of those around him. He has adopted a boy of eight or ten years of ago, and, so far as I can learn, the usual ceremonies necessary to make such adoption legal and binding have been carried out Ghasa Singh has lately (under pressure) transferred several villages to outsiders, although the estate is still under the Court of Wards. The Collector is of opinion that the estate should be retained under the Court of Wards even if Chaudhri Ghasa Singh obtains possession under the decree. I am of the same opinion. From all I have yet been able to learn, I lean to the belief that Ghasa Singh, though perhaps able to answer questions intelligently, is from age and growing infirmity of such weak mind as to be for all practical purposes disqualified. In the natural course of events he has only a few years to live, and his death, probable at any time, must take place before the child he has adopted attains his majority. Under such circumstances it is for the interest of the estate generally, and that of the resident tenantry, that the present management should continue."

This subject is under the Board's consideration, and on the receipt of further information which the Collector has been desired to obtain, their proposals will be submitted for the orders of Government.

ESTATE OF ABDUL WAHIB.

This property consists of shares in two revenue-paying villages in pargana Moradabad, in two more in the Bijnor district, and in one revenue-free village in pargana Thakurdwara. Half of the ward's share in the revenue-free village has been made over for twelve years from 1872-73 to a creditor in satisfaction of a debt of Rs. 1,216, which is thus being paid off at the rate of Rs. 101 per annum.

The debts due when the estate came under the Court of Wards in 1869 amounted to Rs. 1,686, and the balance due on the 30th of April last was Rs. 811.

An allowance of Rs. 15 per mensem is made for the ward's maintenance.

ESTATE OF BAKHT SINGH AND INDARJIT SINGH.

This estate was placed under the Collector's charge in 1864, and now consists of shares in two villages which are leased till the introduction of the new settlement. The debts due when management was undertaken amounted to Rs. 316, of which Rs. 300 were secured by an usufructuary mortgage. This mortgage was redeemed in 1874; and the estate is now not only free from debt, but had at the close of last year Rs. 235 invested in the Savings Bank and a cash balance of Rs. 43 in the treasury.

The wards are being educated at a halkabandi school.

MUNAWAR ALI KHAN'S ESTATE.

This estate was leased as in the previous year, and the demand was paid in full by the lessees.

Besides the ward's share in a treaty pension and the income from the landed property, the estate receives interest at the rate of four per cent. on the sum invested in Government securities, which at the close of the past year was Rs. 22,100.

The history of the treaty pension is contained in Mr. Leycester's reports of 1804. Nawáb Amin-ud-daulah was a man of great influence, rank, and power during the reigns of Bahadur Shah and Muhammad Shah, and had large possessions conferred on him in jagír and altamgha in the pargana of Sambhal. In the course of time these possessions were reduced, and under a firmán issued by the Nawáb Vazir Asaf-ud-daulah

in the year 1779, twenty-eight villages yielding an annual income of Rs. 10,000 only were formally continued as *madad maásh* to the Nawáb's descendants. They remained in undisturbed possession of this estate till the year 1788, when the lands were resumed and a pension of Rs. 5,000 in cash substituted for them. Twelve years later this allowance was reduced to Rs. 2,500, and it stood at this sum when Rohilkhand was ceded to the British. The Collector and the Board of Revenue recommended that, in consideration of the high rank and opulence formerly enjoyed by the family, the pension of Rs. 5,000 should be restored ; but to this proposal the Governor-General in Council demurred, and in orders dated the 28th of March, 1805, the pension of Rs. 2,500 per annum was continued in perpetuity under section 2, Regulation XXIV. of 1803. Of this sum the ward now receives Rs. 408 per annum.

ESTATE OF KISHN SINGH AND GOKUL SINGH.

This estate consists of a mahál of five biswas, and has been under the charge of the Collector since 1861. Debts amounting to Rs. 2,718 have been paid off, and the accumulated savings of Gokul Singh's share at the close of September last were Rs. 366, of which Rs. 332 were in the Savings Bank.

Kishn Singh has attained his majority: but under the orders of the Judge of Moradabad his share in the undivided mahál is still managed by the Court of Wards, and he receives the profits due to him at the close of each year. The revenue has been enhanced at the recent revision of settlement, and the estate, all of which, with the exception of the sír, had hitherto been leased, has from the commencement of the current year been held under direct management. The boys have been educated at a halkabandi school.

SHANKAR LAL'S ESTATE.

This estate consists of a share in one village in the Moradabad district, and is leased till the close of the expiring settlement. When the Collector assumed the management in 1869, the debts amounted to Rs. 900, bearing interest at the rate of twelve and fifteen per cent. per annum. The principal has been paid off, and the creditors have agreed to accept Rs. 250 in full satisfaction of their claim for accumulated arrears of interest.

This was the only claim against the estate at the close of the past year, and to meet it, the Collector has Rs. 61 in the Savings Bank, a cash balance of Rs. 108 in the treasury, and the authority given in Government order No. 1861A, dated 20th October, 1876, to borrow the balance at six per cent. per annum from the estate, either of Bakht Singh and Indarjit Singh, or of Munawar Ali Khan. The ward is being educated at a halkabandi school.

MUSAMMAT SHABNAM'S ESTATE.

This estate, insignificant as it is, has given some trouble during the year.

It formed part of the property of Maulvi Asad Ali of Amroha, and in October, 1863, after his death, was, with the share of Muhammad Usman and Abdul Latif, his minor sons, and of Musammat Sulaiman, his daughter, placed by the civil court under the charge of the Collectors of Moradabad and Bijnor, under section 12 of Act XL. of 1858.

The order of the civil court was appealed against and reversed, but as the appellants failed to furnish the security required by the Sadr Diwáni Adálat, the Judge of Moradabad, in April, 1865, maintained the order of October, 1863. The shares of Muhammad Usman, Musammat Sulaiman, and Abdul Latif were subsequently released on their attaining the age of majority,—of the first two in November, 1868, and of the last in May, 1871. But as regards the share of Musammat Shabnam, it was ordered that, until some responsible person was forthcoming to take charge of it, it should be retained as heretofore under the management of the revenue authorities.

The position of the estate has all along been anomalous; and now, in the absence of Musammat Shabnam, who started on a pilgrimage to Mecca in 1867, and has never returned, an application has been made for the attachment and sale of her property in execution of a decree of November, 1868, which was given *ex-parte* against a so-called agent of the lady in a suit in which the Collector was not impleaded, and of which he received no intimation, and which itself was based on an instrument written by the *soi disant* "sarbarahkar" and executed in April, 1867.

The application made by the decreeholder has been opposed on the ground that the instrument in which the immoveable property was hypothecated was executed without the knowledge or permission of either the Collector or the civil court, and that the suit based on it was neither instituted against the Collector nor decreed against him.

It remains to be seen what view the civil court will take of the situation.

KUNWAR BHIM SINGH'S ESTATE.

Kunwar Bhim Singh is the representative of the Chand dynasty, which ruled Kumaun from the fall of Kanauj till the invasion of the Gurkhas under Amar Singh in 1791, when the reigning Rájá, Mahendra Chand, and his uncle, Kunwar Lal Singh, retired from the hills and took up their residence at Kilpuri.

From there they implored the protection of the Nawáb Vazir Asaf-ud-daulah, and, as some compensation for the losses they had sustained, and in recognition of the rights which, as descendants of the Rájás of Kumaun, they were considered to possess in the lands at the foot of the hills, they at length obtained the grant of Chhachat and eleven other villages as a jágír.

So late as 1815, Lal Singh and his family entertained hopes of recovering their position in the hills, and "in an early state of the Gurkha war their offers of assistance and co-operation were most explicitly declined by Government, and the Rájá was given to understand that the restoration of his family to the ráj of Kumaun formed no part of the policy of the British Government in the pending war."—(Mr. Traill's letter of the 13th August, 1820.)

About this time disputes arose between Kunwar Pratap Singh, the son of Mahendra Chand, and his grand-uncle, Rájá Lal Singh, who claimed, as head of the family, the entire profits of the Chhachat jágír (Moradabad Collector's letter of the 8th November, 1820). Pratap Singh instituted proceedings in the Bareilly court to contest this claim, and being cast both there and subsequently in the Sadr Diwáni at Calcutta, found himself penniless. He then preferred a claim to the zamindari right in the villages comprised in the tract now known as the Taráí parganas, which had been possessed by the Rájás of Kumaun from the time of the Emperor Akbar till the year 1775, when they were conquered by Shuja-ud-daulah and annexed to his dominions. The Board, in their letter to His Excellency the Governor-General in Council, dated the 4th May, 1821, held that this claim of Pratap Singh was untenable, but recommended a pension of Rs. 250 per mensem for his support during life. The Governor-General concurred in the views expressed by the Board and sanctioned the pension proposed.

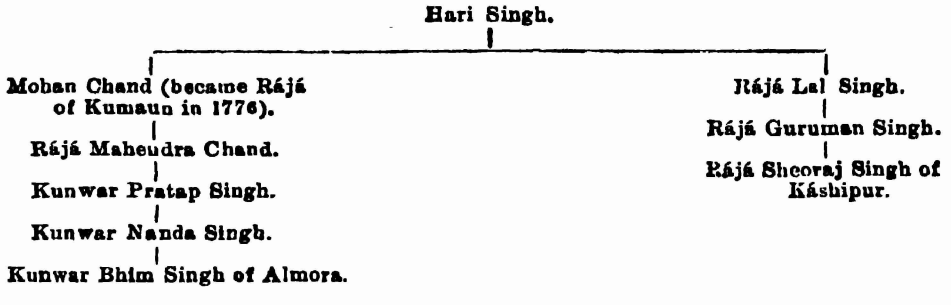
On the death of Pratap Singh half of the pension was continued to his son, Kunwar Nanda Singh, for life; and on this and the proceeds of three villages in Kumaun, and, later on, of four small villages in pargana Hasnpur in the Moradabad district, which were granted to him by Government order No. 13, dated 5th January, 1859, for good services rendered during the mutiny, he and his family managed to subsist.

On his death the pension altogether ceased, and his son, Bhim Singh, had become so involved in debt by the end of 1875 that he was in danger of losing the whole or

the greater part of his property. He then presented an application to be declared disqualified, which was granted in Government order No. 1675A, dated 21st September, 1876, and his estate was placed under the superintendence of the Court of Wards. His debts, which at that time amounted to Rs. 14,000, have since been discharged by a loan of Rs. 10,000 from Rájá Sheoraj Singh of Káshipur, and of Rs. 4,000 from Rájá Pratap Sah of Tehri.

The proceeds of all the property in the hills and Rs. 200 per annum from the profits of the villages in the plains are allowed for the maintenance of Kunwar Bhim Singh and his family, and with the remainder of the income from the Moradabad property, the loans, which bear no interest, will be repaid in seventeen or eighteen years.

The relative position by birth of Kunwar Bhim Singh and Rájá Sheoraj Singh of Káshipur is shown in the following genealogical table :—



BISHAMBHARNATH'S ESTATE.

This estate consists of ten whole villages and shares in six others in parganas Sambhal and Bilhari, and belonged to Babu Mahadeo Sahai, a member of the municipal committee of Moradabad, who died suddenly in February, 1876, leaving an only son, Bishambharnath, between nine and ten years of age.

The property was purchased by Kalyan Rai, a Kayasth, who came from Gaya to Moradabad when the British rule was first established, and became Government pleader. He was succeeded by his son, Ram Narayan, who adopted Mahadeo Sahai, and died in 1858.

The debt amounts to Rs. 36,200, but the estate is quite solvent, and in the Board's No. 215, dated 23rd February, 1877, the Government has been asked to sanction a loan of Rs. 25,000 from the surplus funds of Munawar Ali Khan's estate. In the enclosures of the same letter the encumbrances and the inefficient arrangements made by the late Mahadeo Sahai for removing them were fully described.

ESTATE OF KAZI MUHAMMAD ABBAS.

This estate consists of thirteen villages in pargana Moradabad, ten in pargana Thakurdwara, and one in pargana Káshipur, and was taken under direct management by order of the Judge of Moradabad in December, 1859, for the liquidation of the proprietor's debts, which at that time amounted to Rs. 55,856. Although the property has been for seventeen years under the charge of the revenue authorities, Rs. 27,241 only have been paid into the civil court, and the cash balance at the close of the past year was but Rs. 1,463.

In August, 1873, the late Mr. Clifford reported that the management of the estate was not satisfactory. "The villages held in trust," he wrote, "are in fact held by Kazi Muhammad Abbas on lease in the names of his relatives at very easy terms. Lately some of the leases lapsed, and I did not think it right under the previous circumstances to lease the villages to strangers, but leased them to the Kazi at fifteen per cent. under the assets. His creditors are clamorous. They receive no interest, and the debts cannot be paid off for many years."

In 1873-74 the debts were only reduced by Rs. 2,426, in 1874-75 by Rs. 2,400, and in 1875-76 by Rs. 2,650; and after the perusal of some correspondence which he had called for on the inspection of the Commissioner's index for June, 1876, the Junior Member, considering that sufficient care was not bestowed on the administration of the estate, directed that its management should be regulated by the Court of Wards' rules with effect from the commencement of 1876-77.

In the budget for the current year provision is made by the Collector for the payment of Rs. 6,000 into the civil court towards the liquidation of the debts.

As the Kazi has property in the Rampur state, he requires no maintenance allowance from his estates in Moradabad and the Tarái.

The lease of the villages in pargana Moradabad expires in 1880, of those in pargana Thakurdwara in 1881, and of the Káshipur village on the new assessment coming into force.

NARAYANPUR.

Untimely and insufficient rains injured the crops of 1875-76 throughout the estate, and the village of Palia in Oudh was singularly unfortunate, having been twice burnt during the dry season, while the inhabitants suffered severely from both cholera and fever.

Notwithstanding these misfortunes, however, and without the institution of a single suit for arrears, nearly ninety-nine per cent. of the demand for the year and the greater part of the outstanding balances were collected.

At the close of the previous year the debts, including unpaid interest, amounted to Rs. 30,705. During the past year Rs. 7,177 were paid to the mortgagee, of which Rs. 2,677 were credited to interest due up to the 30th September, 1876, and Rs. 4,500 to principal, and the debts due at the close of the year were Rs. 25,500 only. Besides interest, therefore, Rs. 18,500 have been paid off since the estate came under the superintendence of the Court of Wards in 1870.

Kunwar Gajraj Singh died during the year, and has been succeeded by his son, Jangi Singh, a minor.

NAHAL.

The management of this estate during the year was very successful.

Notwithstanding the deficiency and lateness of the rains, more than ninety-five per cent. of the demand was realized; and with the refund of revenue alluded to in last year's report, the Collector was enabled to discharge the private debt of Rs. 1,704, and to pay on account of the State loan Rs. 9,803, of which Rs. 5,329 were credited to interest and Rs. 4,474 to principal.

The only debt now left is the balance of the State loan, which, including Rs. 9 arrears of interest, amounted to Rs. 65,535 on the 30th September last. The instalments due under the indenture have been fully paid, and there was a cash balance of Rs. 931 at the credit of the estate at the close of the year.

The instalments that fall due during the current year are Rs. 5,838, and in the budget provision is made by the Collector for the payment of Rs. 1,700 in excess of that sum.

The estate is now well in hand. By the enhancements which were amicably effected during the past year, the rental has been raised to Rs. 20,000; and in two villages in which jungle has been cleared away and a masonry well sunk, reclamation of land will result in a still further addition to the rent-roll.

Two grandsons of Rao Jít Singh have been received into the boarding-house at Sháhjahánpur, and are being educated in the zila school.

ESTATE OF HARDEO PRASAD.

This small estate consists of shares in three villages in pargana Mathura.

The large balances that accrued on the demand for the year under report were collected early in the current year. Owing to the partition of the village of Kota, in which the ward was lumberdar, and the consequent loss of collection fees, the income of the estate has been much reduced.

The cash balance in hand at the close of the year was Rs. 292.

AWÁ.

The Awá family are Jadon Thakurs, but not of the bluest blood; and their rise dates from a comparatively recent period. In the time of the Emperor Muhammad Shah, one Chatarbhuj Singh of Nari Somra, in pargana Chhata, was employed as a physician by the local governor of Jalesar, then commonly called Rustamnagar or Khalilganj. His son Bijay Singh followed for a time the vocation of his father; he also recommended himself by good conduct in some military affairs, and acquired Misa Kalan in service tenure from the Bharatpur authorities of the day. He at length got into favour with the pargana executive and became a staunch ally of the kanungo of Jalesar. He thus acquired considerable local influence, which no doubt the assistance he rendered to the Jadon zamindars of adjacent villages was calculated to extend. Having secured this favourable position, he did not fail to utilize its advantages, and a number of villages came under his control either by Jadon or other zamindars permitting him to stand between them and the official collectors of revenue, or by his friends in office making over to him the management of estates on which arrears had accrued.

His son Bakht Singh extended the family influence and possessions as his father had done. He is also reported to have raised bands of Mewatis and devoted much attention to predatory pursuits, for which the disturbed state of the country offered a fair field. By 1797 he had obtained possession of fifty-three villages, eleven of which had belonged to Badgujars, twenty-seven to Bangars, two to Gahlots, eleven to Jadons, one to Musalmans, and one to Chamárs; and in that year General Perron (who held pargana Jalesar as part of his jaí lá!) granted, under his own seal manual, to Bakht Singh and his heirs for ever a perpetual lease of these villages at a yearly jama of Rs. 57,776 in Agra coin. The cash payment, however, was only to be Rs. 50,000, Rs. 6,593 being deducted as nankar, and Rs. 1,183 allowed to the Thakur for what was then called kachahri expenses.

Madho Rao Scindia, General Perron's employer, also bestowed on Bakht Singh, revenue-free, in perpetuity, 2,542 bighas of sír land in the villages of Awá, Birnagar, Punahra, Nuh-Janauli, and Bará Bhondela; and General Perron made him a further gift of 337 bighas of sír land situated within the limits of mauza Pilakhtara. He also obtained from the Mahratta Government a sanad authorising him to build a fort at Awá, which he chose as his headquarters.

Bakht Singh died before the accession of the British Government, and was succeeded by his son Hira Singh. Hira Singh got into trouble with the Mahratta Government, and "his taluka was farmed at a considerable increase. But the farmer having failed in his engagement, the taluka was restored to Hira Singh at a reduced jama."* After this Hira Singh obtained four more villages in farm, and at the commencement of the British rule he was found in possession of fifty-seven villages. Shortly

---

The material for this notice has been derived from the records of the Board of Revenue from 1803 to 1850, including Mr. E. Thornton's report No. 160, dated 24th August, 1848, from Mr Mc'onaghey's report on the fiscal history of taluka Awá Misa, and from valuable notes recently prepared by Mr. Lawrence, the Collector of Agra, and Mr. Donovan, his Assistant.

* Board's letter to Lord Minto, Governor-General in Council, dated 22nd December, 1809.

after the capture of the Aligarh fort by General Lake in August, 1803, Hira Singh received from Mr. Graham Mercer, Governor-General's Agent, accompanying the army, a letter, dated the 7th October, 1803, exhorting him to continue to furnish supplies and to adhere to his allegiance; and at the same time directing him to pay his revenue to the English Company's servants on the same terms as had been agreed to between him and General Perron. Eight days afterwards, on the 15th October, General Lake, whilst encamped against the Agra fort, granted Hira Singh a sanad, under his own seal, confirming him in the possession of his taluka, for his proved loyalty and for the assistance he had rendered the English. His fort, on account of his good services, escaped dismantlement, the fate of the majority of the strongholds of his fellow chieftains.

He continued to support the cause he had espoused, and, during the operations which ended in Holkar's defeat at Fatehgarh and Díg in November, 1804, was very active in furnishing supplies to the troops when they were much in need of them. In acknowledgment he received from Lord Lake a confirmation of the grants of 2,879 bíghas of revenue-free sír land conferred on him by Madho Rao Scindia and General Perron. The four villages, Rohna, Gangni, Bora-kalan, and Pilakhtara, which he had himself secured were continued to him in farm.

On the 20th of June, 1810, the Governor-General in Council, by two separate sanads, concluded a life settlement (istimrárí) with him for the fifty-seven villages in his possession, and added to them the taluka of Kotla in the Agra district. The yearly jama of the fifty-seven villages was fixed at Rs. 53,259, including Rs. 4,694 subsequently assessed on Rohna and Gangni, and of talúka Kotla Rs. 13,802. The revenue-free grant of the 2,879 bíghas of sír was not interfered with.

Taluka Kotla, however, never formed an integral part of the Awá estate. In addressing Lord Minto on the 22nd December, 1808, the Board speak of it as "Hira Singh's supposed zamindari;" and in the proceedings of the 1st of June, 1810, it is recorded that, "till 1215 fasli, Ishri Singh, the brother of Hira Singh, presented his darkhwást for the Kotla estate." The zamindari was never vested in Hira Singh, and "though the taluka was included in the life settlement granted to him in 1810, the actual possession and management of the estate remained with the proprietor," Ishri Singh, and subsequently with his son Sumer Singh, who "always paid the istimrárí jama of Rs. 13,802 through Hira Singh, together with a certain sum annually on account of expenses, or as an acknowledgment of superiority."

Hira Singh died in 1831, and was succeeded by his son Pitambar Singh, who received the title of Rájá in 1839, in acknowledgment of his attachment and obedience to the Government. On the accession of Pitambar Singh, taluka Kotla, "with the mutual consent of Pitambar Singh and Sumer Singh," reverted to the family of the original talukdar, and a fresh life settlement was made with him by Mr. Deedes, Collector of Sadabad, at an annual jama of Rs. 71,668. This settlement received the confirmation of the Governor-General in Council on the 3rd of March, 1834, and a sanad was issued to him in accordance with it. The sír land inherited from his father was, by a separate sanad, granted to him revenue-free *for life only; after his death the sír lands were to be resumed and assessed.**

In 1837 Bora-kalan, which Hira Singh had obtained in farm before the commencement of British rule, and which had subsequently been "granted to him by Mr. Cuninghame in consequence of his discharging the balance due on it," was separated from the taluka by a decree of court in favour of the resident Rajputs, who established their rights as zamindars.† A separate jama of Rs. 3,355 was then assessed

* Government order No. 280, dated the 1st of March, 1833.

† There is some obscurity in regard to the title on which Bora-kalan was held by Hira Singh, and it is not cleared up by the records of the Board's office. Apparently, Mr. Cuninghame's grant purported to confer rights superior to those enjoyed by Hira Singh prior to 1803.

on that village, and deducted from the istimrárí revenue of the taluka, thereby reducing Pitambar Singh's yearly payment to Rs. 68,313, at which figure it remained until his death, which took place on the 9th of November, 1845. In 1840 Gangni was transferred to pargana Firozabad; but, in a revenue point of view, it continued to form an integral part of the taluka until Pitambar Singh's death.

On Pitambar Singh's demise disputes regarding the succession to his title and property arose. These, however, were finally set at rest by an order of the Board of Revenue, dated the 31st July, 1846, which recognised Kunwar Prithwi Singh, then in his eighth year, as heir, and confirmed Kunwar Pokhpal Singh, brother of Pitambar Singh, in the management of the estate during the minority of the young Rájá. Prithwi Singh was the great-grandson of Thakur Ratn Singh, the second son of Bijay Singh, and had been adopted by Rájá Pitambar Singh.

Immediately on the lapse of the mukarrari engagement, which ceased with Pitambar Singh's death, Mr. E. Thornton, the Collector, proceeded to make a fresh settlement, and took engagements from Kunwar Pokhpal Singh to pay for the whole taluka, including Gangni and the resumed sír lands, at the rate of Rs. 76,090 per annum till the determination of the term of settlement in 1870-71.*

The property of Chatarbhuj Singh's descendants, however, had long ceased to be confined within the limits of the taluka of Awá Mísa. Rájá Pitambar Singh, following the family tradition, had extended the estate by mortgage transactions and private and auction purchases. The same policy was pursued by Kunwar Pokhpal Singh and Rájá Prithwi Singh, and the acquisitions thus made, added to the grants received for mutiny services, have made the estate of the Rájá of Awá the finest and most princely zamindari property in the North-Western Provinces.

Rájá Prithwi Singh died on the 31st July, 1876, and his son Chhattar Pal Singh, a child of two years, being his sole heir, the estate was placed under the superintendence of the Court of Wards in October, 1876. It comprises four hundred and eight villages, of which two hundred and twenty-seven are parent and one hundred and eighty-one dependent in the Agra, Muttra, Etah, Aligarh, and Mainpuri districts, and is managed from eighteen centres, in fourteen of which there are indigo factories.

Two hundred and eighty-eight villages, yielding a rental of Rs. 4,45,412, are held under direct management; ninety-four are leased for Rs. 1,48,883; and the biswadars of twenty-six, in which the estate possesses only talukadári rights, pay a malikana of Rs. 14,989. Of this large demand, Rs. 6,09,284, not more than ninety per cent. is said to be collected annually.

The Government demand on account of land-revenue, owner's rate, cess, and patwári rate is Rs. 3,65,720.

"The late Rájá," Mr. Lawrence writes, "had the reputation of being a hard landlord; but his nature was a kindly one, and if his tenantry suffered, it was probably owing to the karindas' exactions. A good deal was left in their hands, and the lease-holders, who had taken their farms at auction, had to do the best they could to make them pay."

Enhancements of rent, except with the express sanction of the manager, have now been forbidden, and until the condition of the estate has been better ascertained the rental demand will be nowhere increased.

Inclusive of the price of indigo already sold, of treasure amounting to Rs. 1,35,286, which was found buried in the palace, and of the sale proceeds of the stores of gunpowder, lead, and other ammunition discovered in the fort, the estimated income of the current year is Rs. 8,58,000.

---

* Government order No. 1878, dated 8th April, 1850.

The cost of management will be about Rs. 40,000, three-fourths of which will be expended on the revenue establishment of three hundred and eighty-five men, and the remainder on the staff of ninety-two men employed at the indigo factories. When the Collector assumed charge of the estate, he found nine hundred and thirty servants in employ. From among them the present establishment has been selected, and to the servants that have been discharged liberal gratuities have been granted.

The ordinary personal expenditure, including allowances to the members of the family and pensions to old servants, will absorb Rs. 60,000 annually. The members of the family to whom fixed stipends have been allotted are twenty-eight in number, among whom may be enumerated the three widows of Rájá Pitambar Singh, known as the Ranis Raghuselan, Solankhin, and Sikarwar, and the two widows of the late Rájá, the Ranis Baisni and Sisondni.

Rani Sisondni, the mother of the ward, is the granddaughter of the Mahárájá of Nepál, who in 1817 was forced by Sir Jang Bahádur to abdicate his throne and retire to Benares.

With the assistance of Mr. Donovan and the manager, Munshi Fazl Azim, Mr. Lawrence has already got the estate well in hand, and in their next report the Board will be in a position to describe in greater detail the condition in which the estate and its tenantry have been found.

PARNA.

The administration of this estate was as successful as in the previous year, and the sum paid towards the liquidation of the State loan was Rs. 3,762, or Rs. 262 in excess of the sum which the Collector proposed to pay in the first year of management, (Government order No. 1067A, dated 1st June, 1875).

KUDSIYA BEGAM'S ESTATE.

In July, 1876, the revenue of the village of Salempur, in pargana Shamsabad East, of which Nawáb Asghar Husain Khan was the assignee, was purchased for this estate for Rs. 8,575 ; and the mahál being assessed at Rs. 450, the purchase will bring in a return of 5¼ per cent. on outlay.

To complete the transaction the Collector was obliged to sell out Government promissory notes to the value of Rs. 2,000, and at the close of the year there remained therefore a note for Rs. 1,000 only to the credit of the estate.

The cash balance was Rs. 1,285, and this, with the note still in hand, and the savings of the current year, will probably enable the Collector to secure some more of the property of Nawáb Asghar Husain Khan, the greater part of whose ancestral estate is now likely, Mr. Harrison reports, to be brought to the hammer.

In previous reports it has been explained that the Nawáb is the ultimate heir to this estate.

KHIMSIPUR.

This estate comprises three entire revenue-paying villages, one entire revenue-free village, shares in twelve revenue-paying villages, and shares in three revenue-free in parganas Shamsabad, Bhojpur, Muhammadabad, Chhibramau, Kanauj, Tirwa, and Pahára.

It belonged to Rao Pirthi Singh, the representative of a Rathor clan that boasts descent from Jaichandra, the last Rájá of Kanauj, who fell fighting against Muhammad Shahab-ud-din Ghori in 1191 A.D.

The late Rao died in November, 1875, and on his deathbed informed the Collector, whom he had expressed a desire to see, that he had adopted a boy named Baldeo Prasád Singh as his sole heir, and that he was anxious that his estate should be held under the superintendence of the Court of Wards during the minority of his successor.

As the adoption ceremonies had not been completed the estate was placed under the Court by Government order No. 224C, dated 4th February, 1875, as the property of the widowed Ráni, and afterwards, on the completion of the rites, as that of the minor, by the Board's order No. 195, dated 3rd April, 1876.

A suit instituted *in formâ pauperis* by Kunwar Hanwant Singh to set aside the adoption of Baldeo Prasád Singh, and obtain possession of the estate for himself, has been dismissed by the Judge of Farukhabad, and is now pending on appeal before the High Court. These proceedings will be noticed in detail in the Legal Remembrancer's report for 1876-77.

The estate is managed by Mr. Irvine, Assistant Collector, and Kunwar Kamodh Singh, the brother-in-law and confidant of the late Rao, is employed as his assistant.

KUNJ BIHÁRI LÁL'S ESTATE.

During the past year Mr. McConaghey paid Rs. 2,888 into the treasury on account of the State loan. Of this sum Rs. 1,847 were credited to principal and Rs. 1,041 to interest; and the sum shown by the ledger as still remaining due on the 30th of September last was Rs. 17,883, of which Rs. 184 represented interest that had accrued up to that date and remained unpaid, and the rest was the balance of the principal.

Since the commencement of the current year Mr. R. S. Whiteway, Officiating Settlement Officer, has undertaken the management of the estate.

An error in last year's report should be corrected here. Raghubar Dayál and Rang Bihári are distinct persons. The former is in employment in Dholpur, the latter is kanúngo of Shikohabad.

ARJUNPUR.

The estate belongs to Kunwars Gurudayál Singh, Tilok Singh, and Chhattar Singh, the representatives of a branch of the Chauhan family, of which the Rájá of Mainpuri is the head.

It comprises five whole villages and shares in twelve others in parganas Krishni-Nabiganj, Chhibramau, and Shamsabad, and is assessed to a revenue of Rs. 8,388, of which Rs. 5,718 are paid into the Farukhabad treasury, and Rs. 2,670 into that of Mainpuri. The residence of the family is at Arjunpur, in pargana Krishni-Nabiganj, on the boundary of the two districts.

Previous to 1856 the younger members of the family were in the service of the King of Oudh, and the estate was thus relieved from the burden of maintaining them. But the annexation of that province threw them out of employ; and this, added to the losses sustained in the disorders of the following year, when the family proved itself not only well-disposed but actively loyal, involved the proprietors in difficulties, which were represented in 1875 by debts amounting to nearly half a lakh of rupees. Decrees had been obtained and creditors were pressing for execution, when Mr. Lane, the late Collector of Mainpuri, took up the case, and recommended a State loan of Rs. 48,000. The loan was sanctioned by the Government of India, Financial Department, in Resolution No. 1459, dated 13th March, 1876, and is repayable with interest at six per cent. in thirty-four half-yearly instalments of Rs. 2,272.

Owing to unavoidable delay in the preparation of the mortgage-deed, the estate has not yet been placed under the superintendence of the Court of Wards, but, as agent of the proprietors, the Collector of Mainpuri has been managing it since the 1st of October, 1876, and settling the claims of the creditors.

For maintenance 580 bighas of sír land have been leased to the proprietors at a rent of Rs. 740, which is equal to three-fifths only of the sum that ordinary tenants would pay, and one of the family is employed as a salaried servant in the management.

CHAKKARNAGAR.

As stated in last year's report, Kunwar Zabar Singh died in October, 1875 ; and the widows, who are now proprietresses of the estate, reside at Pratapnir.

The ex-Rájá Kushal Singh has also died, and an allowance of Rs. 15 per mensem is continued to his widow.

The principal of the debts was reduced during the year from Rs. 88,413 to 84,981, and Rs. 5,900 were paid on account of interest that fell due.

The income of the estate is steadily improving. In 1280 it was about Rs. 30,000 ; in 1281 it was Rs. 32,586 ; in 1282 Rs. 35,819 ; and in 1283 Rs. 36,411.

The only village in which it was found necessary to make advances to the tenants was Bindwa Kalan, a small property beyond the Chambal and adjoining the Gwalior territory, the management of which has always been fraught with difficulty.

BARHAI.

There is little to notice in the administration of Barhai during the past year.

For the satisfaction of a debt due to the estate, portions of two villages were taken over on a usufructuary mortgage for twenty-six years, and the instalments due from the Chakkarnagar estate were paid in full. The percentage of rent collections to demand was 98·5 ; the greater part of the takávi advanced to tenants in the previous year was recovered with interest, and the balance, as well as the advances made during the past year, amounting in the aggregate to Rs. 2,507, is expected to be realized before the close of September next.

On improvements Rs. 10,000 were expended, and the uncompleted works still in hand will probably be finished during the current year.

BHARTHNA.

In November, 1875, Rs. 13,500 were borrowed from Tiwari Panna Lal, a banker of Agra, at ten per cent. per annum, and the debts due to the former creditors, amounting to Rs. 13,194, were at once discharged.

During the year interest due up to the end of September, 1876, was paid in full ; and out of the cash balance, Rs. 555, in hand at the close of the year, Rs. 500, the smallest instalment of principal which the banker has stipulated to accept, was paid in November last.

The rent-roll of the current year is Rs. 5,246, which added to Rs. 258, the anticipated demand on account of sayar, very closely approximate to the assets assumed by the settlement officer, which were Rs. 5,800.

UNCHA.

Interest was paid for the full year, but the principal was reduced by Rs. 125 only.

Better results are expected during the current year. The debts remaining due at the close of 1875-76 were Rs. 27,140.

MALHAJANI.

During the past year the debts were still further reduced by the payment of Rs. 2,580, and within a few months the estate will be free from debt, and the personal jewellery pledged by the late Ráni have been redeemed and restored to the family.

The Rájá is doing well at Hume's High School.

SUNASI.

This estate, which is situated in parganas Auraiya and Bharthna, and consists of one whole village and shares in five others, is the property of Lala Kunj Bihari Lal, the representative of an old Khatri family which has been located in the Etáwah district for more than three hundred years.

On his own application, the proprietor was declared disqualified in Government order No. 736A, dated 17th May, 1876, and in the same month the Court of Wards assumed the superintendence of the estate.

The debts due from it were found at that time to amount to Rs. 20,588, of which Rs. 18,748 were secured by mortgages. Of the secured debts, Rs. 17,955 were due to an Etáwah banker, who has reduced the rate of interest to six per cent. per annum with effect from the 1st of April, 1876.

Before the close of the year all interest due up to the 30th September last had been paid in full, and the principal had been reduced by Rs. 200.

The son of the disqualified proprietor is employed as assistant manager on a salary of Rs. 10 per mensem.

The assumed rental, on which the settlement officer assessed the estate, was Rs. 8,526; the rental demand of the current year is Rs. 9,029.

KUYAN.

This estate consists of one whole village and shares in five others in parganas Etáwah and Bharthna, and belongs to a family of Suvarn Brahmans.

In 1875 the proprietors, being involved in debt, mortgaged their property under a deed of conditional sale, the term of which would expire in April, 1887; and towards the close of the past year, when Mr. Lawrence enquired into their affairs, their liabilities were found to be Rs. 18,853.

The mortgagee having agreed to extend the term stipulated in the deed to the year 1892, the Collector submitted an application from the proprietors under clause (*g*), section 194, Act XIX. of 1873, and their estate was placed under the superintendence of the Court of Wards by Government order No. 1761, dated 26th September, 1876.

SIRSAI NAWAR.

This property belongs to Lachhmi Narayan, Revati Ram, Bansidhar, and Padm Singh, minor sons of the late Krishna Prasad, the head of a Mánikpuri Brahman family which once held large estates in the Etáwah district. It consists of a share in one village in pargana Bharthna and shares in ten others in pargana Etáwah, and was taken under the Court of Wards in January, 1876, with a view to arrangements being made for the satisfaction of a decree for Rs. 24,425 which an Etáwah banker had obtained from the Subordinate Judge of Mainpuri in July, 1875, and against which the eldest ward had instituted an almost hopeless appeal in the High Court. The cost of stamps, counsel's fees, and printing having already been incurred, the Junior Member permitted the appeal to proceed, but it was dismissed with costs in December last.

The estate therefore now owes the sum of the original decree, the costs decreed by the High Court, and the interest due on the original decree up to the 8th August, 1876, the interest that accrued after that date having been remitted by the decree-holder.

To meet these liabilities a loan of Rs. 26,000 was raised in Agra at ten per cent. per annum during the past year.

The estate is solvent, and will eventually be freed from its encumbrances.

RAMPUR.

The management of this estate during the past year was discreditable.

Of the current cash-rent demand seventy-five per cent. only were collected, and of the outstanding cash-rents no more than fourteen per cent. The arrear of revenue that accrued during the previous year was paid; but though there was a cash balance of Rs. 250 in hand on the 30th of September last, Rs. 169 of the current revenue demand were allowed to remain unpaid.

The circumstances under which the credit of Rs. 833 in liquidation of the State loan was erroneously taken in the accounts of 1874-75 were described in the Board's No. 1774N, dated 14th October, 1876, to the address of the Secretary to Government, North-Western Provinces, and the balance due to Government on the 30th September, 1875, was Rs. 26,303, of which Rs. 1,303 were arrears of interest.

During the past year Rs. 3,146 were paid to Government on account of the State loan, and the balance remaining due on the 30th September, 1876, was Rs. 24,422, of which Rs. 3 only were arrears of interest.

Besides this sum there is the debt of Rs. 1,451 mentioned in last year's report, of which the interest only, amounting to Rs. 67 per annum, was paid in 1875-76.

During the current year Mr. Barstow expects to be able to pay off the arrears of revenue and the debt of Rs. 1,451 with interest, as well as the instalment due to Government under the indenture which was approved in Government order No. 1007A, dated 20th June, 1876.

As in the previous year, the Rájá and his family subsisted on the produce of their sir lands.

RANI DAMAR.

This estate was grossly mismanaged during the year under report. Of the current demand sixty-one per cent. only, and of the outstanding balances only fourteen per cent. were realized, and although the Government revenue was largely in arrears and the estate overwhelmed with debt, the late Deputy Collector, without obtaining the sanction of the Board or of the Commissioner, purchased landed property at a cost of nearly Rs. 700.

A report on the liabilities of the estate, which the Board had called for in their review of the Deputy Collector's report for the previous year, has at length been prepared by Mr. Barstow. It shows that, including sums secured by mortgages and decrees, interest, simple and compound, and the arrears of revenue, the claims against the estate amounted on the 30th of September last to Rs. 55,895. It is apprehended that some of these are invalid, and the Senior Government Pleader has been requested to examine the documents on which they are based.

The ward is now about sixteen years of age, and lives at Marahchi with his grandmother, the Nawab Kamarchihra Begam. It is believed that after her death the ward will have some interest in that village, either the whole or a part descending to him.

AZIZPUR.

This estate was placed under the charge of the Deputy Collector of Etah by the Judge of Mainpuri in April, 1876; but no report was made at the time to the Commissioner or to the Board, and it was not till the end of February, 1877, that the present Deputy Collector, Mr. Barstow, who is overwhelmed with accumulated arrears of work, could find time to submit the case for orders.

The property belongs to one Ram Sahai, a minor, and at present consists of his equity of redemption in one village in pargana Nidhpur. The greater part of his estate has been alienated by his parents without the authority of the civil court (section 18, Act XL. of 1858), and to recover it recourse to litigation will probably be found necessary.

RAYA.

This estate consists of a very small share of the village of Raya in pargana Azamnagar, and belongs to a minor named Aziz Khatun, who resides in pargana Pahara in the adjoining district. It was placed under the charge of the Deputy Collector by the Judge of Farukhabad in December, 1874, but no report was made to the Court of Wards till February, 1877, after Mr. Barstow had assumed charge at Etah.

KATAHRA.

This estate has been very successfully managed by Colonel James Davidson.

Excluding an item of Rs. 257, which was remitted under section 23, Act XVIII. of 1873, more than ninety-nine per cent. of the current demand on account of cash rents and manorial dues was realized within the year, and the instalments that fell due on account of advances made in previous years were, for the most part, punctually paid by the tenantry.

On works of improvement Rs. 5,505 were expended, and with this sum nine new wells were constructed, one well was repaired, the large tank at Katahra was repaired and enlarged, and the roads and buildings in and around Katahra were kept in order.

The marriage of the Rájá cost Rs. 5,203, and as he is nineteen years of age, he has been removed from the Benares Institute, and is now at home, continuing his studies and being inducted into the management of his property.

He was at the Institute for eight years, but though a quiet and fairly intelligent boy, he acquired a mere smattering of English, and is unacquainted with Urdu or Persian. A tutor, selected by the Director of Public Instruction, has now been entertained for him on a salary of Rs. 50 per mensem.

CHIRGAON.

During the year the term for which a one-sixth share in a village had been usufructuarily mortgaged expired, and the amount due to the estate having been paid in full, the share was released. The number of villages comprised in the estate has therefore been reduced to seven.

Owing to an error in the district accounts, the debts due from the estate at the close of the previous year were incorrectly shown.

In 1875-76 the arrears of revenue, cesses, and patwári rate, amounting in the aggregate to Rs. 566, were paid, and the demand for the year was satisfied. The debts due to private creditors were reduced by Rs. 1,440, and the debts remaining due on the 30th September last were Rs. 1,741 only.

Of the debts due to the estate Rs. 236 were recovered, and of the balance, which, with interest, amounted at the close of the past year to Rs. 1,560, the greater part will be realized.

The ward is now ten years of age, and is said to be a very intelligent boy, and to be making fair progress both in Hindi and Urdu. As soon as suitable arrangements can be made he will be sent to the zila school at Jhánsi.

TAKHTAULI MAHALWARA.

This estate consists of two villages, Takhtauli, which is revenue-free, and Mahalwara, which is assessed to a revenue of Rs. 582, and is situated in pargana Mau, in the Jhánsi district.

The proprietors are two *pardanashin* ladies, Bari Dulaiya and Nani Dulaiya, widows of Chhattarsal Singh, Bundela Thakur, who died in 1872. They were at the mercy of their agents, who defrauded them and encumbered the estate with debts amounting to Rs. 7,893.

Difficulty was at length experienced in the collection of the revenue of Mahalwara, and, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, communicated in Government order No. 1535A, dated 1st September, 1876, the estate was placed under the superintendence of the Court of Wards.

At that time Mahalwara was under direct management after attachment, and charge was not assumed by the Court of Wards till the 1st of October last, when the arrear of revenue was still Rs. 105. This sum will be paid during the current year.

The right of succession to the estate, on the death of the ladies, devolves on the descendants of Diwan Pancham Singh, the common ancestor of the family of which Chhattarsal Singh was a member.

An annual allowance of Rs. 480 is made for the wards' maintenance.

KUKARGAWAN.

This estate consists of one village in pargana Jalaun, yielding a rental of Rs. 5,000, and paying to Government Rs. 2,700 on account of revenue, cesses, and patwari rate.

The proprietor is Nirand Singh, Gujar, who is now five or six years of age.

The property had been mortgaged under a deed of conditional sale in June, 1870, and the debt had been increased by accrual of interest at twenty-one per cent. per annum and by unsuccessful litigation to Rs. 13,714 by the middle of August last. Enquiry was then made into the affairs of the estate, and the creditors having agreed to accept Rs. 12,881 in satisfaction of their claims, the Junior Member placed the estate under the superintendence of the Court of Wards in November, 1876, and paid off the creditors by a loan of Rs. 13,000 at ten per cent. per annum from the Allahabad Bank Limited. This loan is repayable by half-yearly instalments of Rs. 800, and will be discharged with interest in seventeen years.

RAJWARA.

During the past year there was again a marked improvement in the condition of this estate. Extended cultivation resulted in a considerable addition to the rental, and the repairs of a (*baoli*) well, around which much good land was lying waste, were completed.

The total current demand on account of rent and sayar was Rs. 4,367; and of this sum Rs. 6 only, representing the rent of a field which was accidentally inundated by an overflow of water from a neighbouring tank, remained in balance at the close of the year.

The debts of the estate have hitherto been incorrectly reported. At the commencement of the year under report they amounted to Rs. 5,369. During the year Rs. 1,098, besides interest, were paid to private creditors and Rs. 467 to Government; and at the end of the year the debts remaining unpaid were Rs. 3,804, composed of the following items :—

		Rs.
Due to Government ...	Arrears of land-revenue ...	1,288
	Takávi	2,016
Due to Ram Charan's estate (Government order No. 159A, dated 15th February, 1876)		500

The ward's marriage, which is fixed for April, 1877, and advances for the purchase of cattle in a village in which murrain has recently caused great distress, will absorb half the profits of the current year, and the sum estimated to be available for the reduction of the debts is Rs. 900 only.

MARWARI.

During the past year the debts due to private creditors were reduced from Rs. 430 to Rs. 230; and Rs. 99, the outstanding balance of advances made to the estate in the famine year, were repaid to Government.

Of the advances recently made by Government to the tenantry of the estate, and as security for the repayment of which the ward's interests were hypothecated, the instalment that fell due during the year was paid in full.

The marriage of the younger ward to the son of the jágírdar of Mánikpur, near Chanderi, will absorb all the surplus income of the current year.

JAGANNATH'S ESTATE.

For the reasons stated in last year's report, this estate was released in August, 1876; and a Government promissory note for Rs. 1,000, still retained in the treasury at the request of the ward's relatives, some small irrigation works, and accounts that were chaotic reduced to order, represent the results of the Court's management since December, 1872.

NIRBHAY SINGH'S ESTATE.

This estate, which has been the subject of correspondence between the Court and Government, was released from superintendence soon after the commencement of the current year; and its financial position having been fully described in the Board's No. 108, dated 30th January, 1877, to the address of the Commissioner of Jhánsi, a copy of which was submitted for the information of Government with No. 109 of the same date, no further notice of the estate is required in this report.

KARORA.

This estate consists of a one anna and nine pies share of an undivided mahál in pargana Banpur, and is the property of Mahip Singh, a minor, whose mother, the only near relative he had, died in April, 1876.

Through an oversight on the part of the settlement officer, by whom the value of sír land was not taken into account in fixing the assessment, the revenue demand is less than one-fourth of the assets.

The boy is being educated at the Lalitpur zila school, where he boards with the head-master.

DHARPURA-GIDHAURA.

This estate comprises two villages in pargana Maraura in the Lalitpur district, and belongs to one Dhokal Singh, a very old man, and blind. His manager was ruining the property, and, as its rapid deterioration was beginning to affect the realization of the revenue, the Board, in October last, placed it under the superintendence of the Court of Wards.

The villages are now being managed through an experienced amín, who is remunerated by a commission of five per cent. on the rent collections.

AKBARPUR SEN.

The management of this estate during the year was very unsatisfactory.

The supervision was lax, abnormal balances were allowed to accrue, and, so far from any progress having been made in the liquidation of the debts, their amount was enhanced by the accrual of interest which remained unpaid.

A large portion of the current balance was, however, collected and credited immediately after the close of the year, and the Collector hopes to reduce the unsecured debts by Rs. 1,500 before the close of September next.

"The estate," Mr. Danioll writes, "is not very favourably situated. In some villages the soil is light bhúr, and if the crops fail (and they are very likely to fail if the rains are insufficient, or leave off at all early) the tenants are simply helpless and cannot pay up."

JAGJIWANPUR.

During the year this estate was held under direct management.

Of the cash balance to its credit at the close of the previous year, Rs. 1,500 were invested in Government promissory notes, and the greater part of the remainder was spent on the marriage of the ward, Kalyan Chand.

Out of the profits of the year under report, Rs. 240 were expended in advances to tenants for the purchase of plough cattle; and early in the late cold season a masonry well was to have been commenced, which it was proposed to complete before the rains.

RAWATPUR.

The administration of this estate during the past year was satisfactory.

Notwithstanding the cheapness of grain, the collections were up to the average of previous years, and the outstanding balances were greatly reduced.

Rs. 3,434 were expended on improvements, which consisted of the drainage of one village, the planting of eight hundred trees in eighteen villages, and the sinking of six masonry wells. Of the wells, which are six feet in diameter within the steening,

and from thirty-two to forty-nine feet deep, four were completed, and the construction of two was still in progress at the close of the year. They are calculated to irrigate about thirty acres each, and to yield a return of 7½ per cent. on the outlay incurred on them.

Of the surplus in hand at the close of the previous year, Rs. 14,000 were invested in Government securities, and the cash balance to the credit of the estate on the 30th September last was Rs. 5,250.

During the past year the estate was held by the Court of Wards under clause (*a*), section 194, Act XIX. of 1873, the Thakurayan Baghelin having attained the age of majority in 1874-75.

On the 23rd June, 1876, the Thakurayan, with the consent of the brotherhood, adopted one Shiv Ratn Singh, a Rajput of the Chandel clan, and a near connection by blood of the late Rawat. Shiv Ratn Singh was at that time seven years of age. In October last he was duly recorded as proprietor, and in the following month the Court of Wards formally assumed the superintendence of the estate as his property. He is described as a healthy, intelligent little lad, and the Collector has entertained a private tutor for him at Rawatpur.

GHAGWA BHABHI.

This estate, which has been under the superintendence of the Court of Wards since 1865, consists of a one-third share of the village of Ghagwa Bhabhi, in pargana Ghátampur, and belongs to Shiv Singh, who is deaf and dumb.

The rents are collected by Devi Singh, a nephew of the ward and a lumberdar in the same village. He receives a small stipend for his trouble, and renders his accounts to the tahsíldar of Ghátampur.

Besides the proceeds of his sír, Shiv Singh receives a monthly allowance in cash.

The estate is very heavily assessed.

USMANPUR (TAKHTAULI).

Out of the debts, decreed and undecreed, amounting at the commencement of the year under report to Rs. 11,807, Rs. 8,610 were collected, and the greater part of the balance, amounting with costs and interest to Rs. 3,798, will be recovered during the current year.

In May last one of the widows of the late Hakím Ahmad Ali Khan had her share ($\frac{3}{8}$ths) in the estate released, and at the same time the shops in Cawnpore were sold for Rs. 875.

The estate of Wajih-un-nissa and her mother, and some shops in Moradabad, and the remaining debts which are the joint property of the family, are all that is now left under the management of the Court of Wards.

Of the career of the late ward since his estate was released, the Collector writes:—"In July, 1875, Muhammad Ali, who was then a little more than eighteen years of age, received from the Court of Wards his village of Takhtauli unencumbered and in a prosperous condition, and some Rs. 1,200 in cash, besides jewellery and Rs. 20,000 in Government promissory notes; and what has been the result? Within a twelvemonth the labour and careful management of years has been thrown away: the youth plunged into reckless extravagance, his money is all spent, his village is mortgaged to its full value, and he owes some Rs. 20,000 besides, and is consequently hopelessly embarrassed."

Muhammad Ali had attained the age of eighteen before Act IX. of 1875 came into force.

PANKIGANGAGANJ, No. I.

The administration of the estate during the past year was unsatisfactory.

Of the current cash-rent demand 85 per cent. only were collected, and no satisfactory explanation has been given of the failure to collect the large balance classed as recoverable.

The balance due on the 30th September, 1876, on account of the State loan was Rs. 8,884, or only Rs. 50 less than the sum due at the close of the preceding year. Besides the debt due to the State, there is an item of Rs. 92 which was erroneously credited to this estate, and must be refunded during the current year to that of Ganesh Kunwar (Pankiganganj No. II), and another of Rs. 131, arrears of salary due to the sazáwal.

The cash balance at the close of 1875-76 was Rs. 61 only, and the indebtedness of the estate was therefore greater than it was at the close of 1874-75.

The mortgage alluded to in the last report having been duly effected in favour of Government, Rájá Dhiraj Singh was declared disqualified by Government order No. 122A, dated 25th January, 1877, and the superintendence of his estate formally assumed by the Court of Wards.

PANKIGANGAGANJ, No. II.

This estate is the property of Musammat Ganesh Kunwar, the childless widow of Subadar Kalka Singh, of the late Bengal Artillery.

For loyal services in 1857 the Subadar was promised an assignment of land paying a revenue of Rs. 500. The tract selected by him was in an eight-anna share of mauza Pankigangaganj, in pargana Jajmau, of the Cawnpore district, which had been confiscated for the rebellion of the Chandel Rájá Durga Prasad. As the revenue of the eight-anna share was Rs. 1,700, and his assignment was of land paying a revenue of Rs. 500 only, Kalka Singh was allowed to purchase the remainder of the share at three times the revenue assessed on it.

He died six or seven years ago, leaving his estate, which consisted of the eight-anna share only, unencumbered to his widow.

Becoming deeply involved in debt, she appealed to the Collector for assistance in 1875, and was at length deemed incompetent to manage her estate in Government order No. 553A, dated 7th April, 1876.

As manager of the estate of Rájá Dhiraj Singh, the lumberdar of the whole village, the Collector had managed the share of Ganesh Kunwar also, and the accounts shown in the statements appended to this report are for the whole year.

The debts due at the close of September last were Rs. 7,745, of which Rs. 2,195 represented accumulated arrears of interest.

The measures proposed for the extrication of the estate from debt still form the subject of correspondence between the Court of Wards and Government.

SHAHRYARPUR.

This estate, which consists of one whole village and shares in two others in pargana Akbarpur, and of a small share in a village in pargana Shivrajpur in the Cawnpore district, belonged to Bijay Singh, a well-to-do Gaur Thakur, who died in December, 1874. His wife, who appears to have taken poison with a view to becoming *satí*, came dressed in her best and covered with trinkets into the chamber on the floor of which Bijay Singh had been placed to die, and "drawing his dying breath with hers, died also."

Several relatives having advanced their claims to succeed to the estate by right of inheritance, the Collector put Balkrishn, a Sengar Thakur, who was alleged to be the adopted son of the deceased, into possession as the person best entitled to the property; and as he was a minor, and a civil suit had been instituted by Zalim Singh and other collateral relatives of Bijay Singh to contest the alleged adoption, the Board, in March, 1876, directed the Collector to assume charge on behalf of the Court of Wards.

The suit was decided in September last in favour of the plaintiffs, and the estate was made over to them in October and November last.

The Collector was in favour of an appeal, but the Junior Member concurred with the Commissioner in thinking that an appeal was inadvisable, and the estate has been formally released from the superintendence of the Court.

NUNHARI.

Kunwar Gyan Singh died in June last, and his widow being deemed incompetent to manage her estate, the superintendence of the Court of Wards has been continued under Government order No. 61A, dated 15th January, 1877.

During the year one masonry well was completed and another commenced, and three hundred trees were planted. Of the cash balance, Rs. 2,500 were invested in Government securities, and if no landed property in the vicinity of the estate can be purchased, Rs. 5,000 will be similarly invested during the current year.

ESTATE OF ATA HUSAIN KHAN.

The surplus available for the reduction of the debt was Rs. 2,200, of which Rs. 1,514 were credited to principal and Rs. 686 to interest.

The balance shown by the ledger to be outstanding at the close of the year was Rs 10,262.

The estate was carefully and economically managed.

ESTATE OF KHAN BIBI.

The surplus available for the reduction of the debt was Rs. 950, of which Rs. 677 were credited to principal and Rs. 273 to interest.

The balance shown by the ledger to be outstanding at the close of the year was Rs. 3,867.

The management was successful, and the rent-roll of mahál Garhi Bedar Bakht Khan, which, in September, 1875, was farmed to the estate under section 159, Act XIX. of 1873, for five years, has already been appreciably increased.

ASOTHAR.

This estate derives its income from a Government pension of Rs. 7,307 and the proceeds of five villages.

The pension was granted in perpetuity in 1805 to Rájá Dunyapat Singh of Asothar as an indemnity for loss sustained by the sequestration of maháls Ayasu, Ayah, and Mataur by the chakladars of Allahabad in the time of his father, Baryar Singh. When Rájá Dunyapat Singh died in 1854 he was succeeded by Lachhman Prasad Singh, the present head of the house, to whom the pension was continued under Government order No. 1989A, dated 9th October, 1854.

Of the villages, two, Asothar and Raipur Bhasraul, are situated in parganas Gházipur and Ekdala of the Fatehpur district, and three, Bhabua, Charka, and Tribeni, in Bánda. They are very heavily assessed, the revenue, exclusive of cesses and patwári rate, being Rs. 20,450, while the receipts from cash-rents, sayar, and cesses

rarely exceed Rs. 25,000. Relief, however, will be obtained at the present revision of settlement

The debts due when the estate was placed under the superintendence of the Court of Wards were Rs. 26,863. Of these Rs. 9,000 only bear interest. During 1874-75 Rs. 3,663 were paid off, and during the past year Rs. 4,000. The balance due on the 30th September last, including arrears of interest, was Rs. 20,177.

The Rájá receives a maintenance allowance of Rs. 300 per mensem.

In consequence of the poverty of the tenantry, it has been found necessary to make liberal advances for the purchase of plough cattle and seed-grain.

PATTI SHAH.

This estate consists of shares in twenty-two villages and of two gardens in pargana Kutíla, of the Fatehpur district; and by an award filed under section 327, Act VIII. of 1859, shortly before the estate came under the Court of Wards, is now owned by the heirs of the late proprietor, Mir Khadim Husain, in the following proportions:—

(*a*) Wajid Husain, son	... ...	$\frac{14}{16}$
(*b*) Three daughters	... ...	$\frac{1}{16}$
(*c*) Widow ...	... ...	$\frac{5}{16}$

Wajid Husain is a minor, and has been declared by the civil surgeon to be a congenital idiot.

The three daughters are married, and their husbands, who acted as managers under the widow, administered the estate with so little success that the Court of Wards was obliged to interfere and assume superintendence in April, 1876.

The whole property is at present managed by the Collector, though the share of Wajid Husain only is strictly under the superintendence of the Court.

Between the date of Mir Khadim Husain's death in October, 1873, and the assumption of charge by the Court of Wards, the debt had been increased from Rs. 2,576 to Rs. 8,442.

The estate, however, is still solvent, and by the payment of Rs. 972 early in the current year, the Collector has reduced the number of creditors from nineteen to four. The Board have recommended the widow and daughters to submit an application to be declared disqualified from managing their shares, and on the receipt of their reply the Government will be addressed.

AHMADPUR KUSUMBHA.

This estate, which is managed by Mr. Alexander, Assistant Settlement Officer, belongs to Dilsukh Rai, a lunatic, and consists of shares in twenty-two villages in the Fatehpur district, of which twenty-one lie in pargana Dhata and one in pargana Ekdala, and of shares in two villages in pargana Atharban of the Allahabad district.

At the close of September last, the Board, at the suggestion of the Judge of Cawnpore, directed that the estate should be brought under the superintendence of the Court of Wards, and for the current year, pending the declaration of the new assessments in pargana Dhata, it has been leased to Tulshi Rám, the uncle and guardian of the lunatic, who has engaged to pay Rs. 500 as net profits to the Court, besides satisfying the demand on account of revenue, local cesses, and patwári's rate, and bearing the cost of management and the ordinary personal expenses of the ward and his family.

The son of Dilsukh Rai, now twelve years of age, is to be sent to the High School at Allahabad.

MANDA.

Early in the year Ráni Shivraj Kunwar, the elder widow of the late Rájá Chhatpal Singh, and stepmother of the ward, died, and the village of Upraura in

pargana Khairágarh, which she had purchased with the savings of her maintenance allowance of Rs. 900 per annum, was added to the Manda estate. The present rent-roll of Upraura shows a demand of Rs. 1,268, and the revenue assessed on the village is Rs. 791.

There was a debt of Rs. 3,777 due from the Ráni at the time of her death. This will be satisfied from the ward's estate. Debts due to the Ráni amounted to Rs. 658, of which Rs. 53 were recovered before the 30th September last, and the remainder is likely to be realized during the current year.

The debts due from the estate at the close of 1874-75 were Rs. 2,42,417. During the past year Rs. 82,322 were paid off, and the balance due at the commencement of the current year, including the debts left by Ráni Shivraj Kunwar, was Rs. 1,63,872.

By the end of 1877-78 the estate will probably be quite free from debt.

The ward is about to be married to the only daughter of the Mahárájá of Dumraon.

RAI PRATAP CHAND'S ESTATE.

This estate now consists of three hundred and forty-six villages, of which three hundred and thirteen are leased and thirty-three are held under direct management. The debts due to the estate are being slowly collected. Including interest, Rs. 13,508 were recovered in 1875-76, and the receipts anticipated from this source during the current year are Rs. 38,721.

In consequence of the partition of taluka Kanihar remaining uncompleted, the construction of the embankments and wells which have been planned for that portion of the estate was deferred. Provision has been made in the budget of the current year for the prosecution of these works.

The estate had Rs. 59,000 invested in Government securities at the close of the past year, and in the treasury a cash balance of Rs. 25,393, which with the surplus profits up to date and the proceeds of a portion of the notes will be invested at seven and a half per cent. on a usufructuary mortgage of the Gambhíra estate, a fine property in pargana Sikandra in the Allahabad district. The ward is reported to be strong and in sound health now.

SARAI PITHA.

The estate suffered from the heavy rains of 1875, and, owing to the distress of the tenantry, nearly seven per cent. of the current rental demand remained uncollected at the close of the year.

The greater part of the arrears is, however, recoverable.

The interest that had accrued from the date on which the estate was placed under the superintendence of the Court of Wards up to the 30th of September, 1876, was Rs. 6,210. Of this, Rs. 6,049 were paid, and the debts due at the close of the past year were therefore Rs. 40,087, or Rs. 162 more than they were when management was assumed.

There was, however, a cash balance of Rs. 393 in the treasury at the end of the year, and a small refund on account of land-revenue paid in excess was due.

Notwithstanding, therefore, the floods of 1875, the estate is a little better off than it was before the Court assumed charge.

SARAI BHARAT.

As stated in last year's report, there was a land-revenue balance of Rs. 9,668 outstanding against the estate at the close of 1874-75, besides arrears of cess and patwari rate to the amount of Rs. 981 and Rs. 333 respectively.

These sums, amounting in the aggregate to Rs. 10,982, were paid into the treasury during the year, and the current demand on account of revenue, cess, and patwari rate was satisfied in full.

Owing to the claims of Government against the estate and to the necessity of keeping in hand a sum sufficient to meet the expense of defending the suit instituted against the Court of Wards and Government by Mahesh Bakhsh Singh, which is still undecided, no funds were available for the liquidation of debts, which, inclusive of arrears of interest, amounted to Rs. 1,40,461 at the close of September, 1876.

The cash balance at the close of the year was Rs. 2,694.

The rental demand of 1875-76 was Rs. 45,170, of which Rs. 44,679, or 99 per cent., were collected.

The revenue assessed on the estate is Rs. 25,692, and the gross Government demand, including cess and patwari rate, Rs. 29,550.

The rent-roll has been slightly increased for the current year by the assessment of *sankalp* lands to rent.

On the 20th February, 1877, the estate was, after repeated postponements, sold by auction and bought in by the principal decreeholder for Rs. 1,11,000. No application for possession has yet been made.

KHARGAPUR.

This estate was not placed under the superintendence of the Court of Wards till December, 1875. By that time most of the kharif collections had been misappropriated, and a portion of the rabi rents also had been realized in advance; and the Collector on assuming charge found that, while nearly half the year's rents had been collected and made away with by Rúp Kunwar and her agents, not a fraction of the Government demand had been paid. Of the demand from all sources, current and outstanding, that remained uncollected, more than ninety-nine per cent. was recovered, and when the year closed the cesses and patwári rate had been paid in full, and out of the revenue demand of Rs. 19,886, the sum in balance was Rs. 3,753 only. This will be paid during the current year.

The liabilities of the estate on the 30th September last, including unpaid interest and the arrear of revenue, amounted to Rs. 88,468, of which Rs. 80,627 were, and Rs. 7,841 were not, secured debts. The debts due to the estate amounted on the same date to Rs. 778.

The estimated receipts of the current year are Rs. 37,842, of which Rs. 36,632 represent rents in cash and kind, and Rs. 937 sayar items and manorial dues.

The whole property is held under direct management.

Rám Saran Singh has recently instituted a suit to obtain possession of the estate on the ground of the alleged adoption by Chaudhri Chauharja Bakhsh Singh, to which allusion was made in last year's report.

ESTATE OF RAI BAHADUR ASAPAL SINGH.

During the year Rs. 4,057 were paid into the treasury on account of the State loan, of which Rs. 2,268 were credited to principal and Rs. 1,789 to interest. But for the expenditure incurred on the marriage of the second son of Rai Asapal Singh, a still larger surplus would have been available for the liquidation of the loan.

The debt, including Rs. 48 arrears of interest due to Government at the commencement of the current year, was Rs. 34,897.

With the exception of fractional shares in six villages which yield an income of Rs. 95 only, the whole estate has been leased.

GAMBHIRA.

This estate, the property of Thakurayans Gajraj Kunwar and Balraj Kunwar, consists of eight-anna shares in eighty-one villages comprised in talukas Gambhira, Upraura, Jambha, Bhadawal, and Sarai Mahdi, in pargana Sikandra of the Allahabad

district, and had been twice advertised for sale in execution of decrees when the Lieutenant-Governor placed it under the superintendence of the Court of Wards by Government order No. 426A, dated 16th March, 1877.

The debts with which the estate is encumbered, and for which decrees have been obtained by the creditors, amount to Rs. 70,000, and will be paid off at once by a loan from the estate of Rai Partap Chand, repayable with interest at seven and a half per cent. per annum in eleven years.

HAR LAL'S ESTATE.

In pursuance of the directions contained in Government order No. 260A, dated 2nd March, 1876, this estate was released from the superintendence of the Court of Wards on the 31st May of the same year.

The small percentage of the collections to the demand is in a great measure due to the demand for both harvests being exhibited, whereas the collections shown are only those made while the management of the Court continued.

MAJHAULI.

In the adjustment of the accounts of this office with those of the Accountant-General it was found that the balance, including interest, compound and simple, due on account of the State loan on the 30th of September, 1875, was Rs. 6,74,331.

During the year Rs. 75,447 were paid into the treasury on this account, Rs. 35,410 being credited to principal and Rs. 40,037 to interest; and the balance outstanding at the close of the year, including one day's interest on the balance of principal, was Rs. 6,58,915.

In the budget for the current year provision is made for the payment of Rs. 74,000 to Government on account of the loan.

The two lessees, who, as mentioned in the previous year's report, defaulted in 1874-75, were, notwithstanding the leniency then shown to them, not more punctual in meeting their obligations during the past year. The greater part of the balances due from them have, however, been realized in the first quarter of the current year,—in the case of the larger defaulter, whose lease has been cancelled, by the sale of indigo which he had made over to the estate, and in that of the other by suit.

None of the balances of the current demand are classed as irrecoverable.

Of the demand on account of outstanding balances of previous years, which amounted to Rs. 28,730, Rs. 1,058 were remitted by the Junior Member as nominal or irrecoverable, and Rs. 19,909 were realized during the year.

At present, of the one hundred and thirty-one villages in the estate, twenty-one are held by birtyas, eighty-nine are leased, and twenty-one are held under direct management.

Mr. Spedding has now managed the estate for four years with uniform care, judgment, and success. The debts when management was assumed were Rs. 10,40,146; of this amount, Rs. 1,66,437 represent the sums remitted by creditors in the compromises effected by Mr. Young, the present Collector of Mainpuri, and the actual liabilities were therefore Rs. 8,73,709.

Before any repayments were made to Government, Rs. 1,18,180 were paid to private creditors from current income, and of the State loan of Rs. 7,55,529, the balance due at the close of the past year was, as stated above, Rs. 6,38,915.

Besides interest therefore, Rs. 2,34,794 have been paid in liquidation of debts since Government assumed the management of the estate; and, under present conditions, the State loan will be repaid within the next nine years.

In Government order No. 1697A, dated 25th September, 1876, the Rájá was declared disqualified from managing his estates in the Gorakhpur and Azamgarh districts, and his personal allowance was raised from Rs. 500 to Rs. 750 per mensem by Government order No. 1881A, dated 24th October, 1876.

MITHWAL BAKHSHI ESTATE.

This is an undivided property, and the owners are at present twelve in number. One of them is Ram Narayan, whose estate, noticed at page 17 of the last report of the Court of Wards, was placed under the charge of the Collector of Basti by the Judge of Gorakhpur in 1874-75.

During the past year the shares of two other proprietors, Drig Narayan and Jang Bahádur, also minors, were similarly dealt with by the Judge; and since the commencement of the current year the superintendence of the shares of the other nine proprietors has been assumed by the Court,—of the minors Kamta Prasad, Brindeshwari Prasad, and Mahadeo Prasad, under the orders of the Junior Member, communicated to the Commissioner of Benares in the Board's No. 99, dated 29th January, 1877; and of the adults Awadh Narayan, Samarth Lal, Nawal Rai, Lalji, Jwala Prasad, and Mathura Prasad, under the authority given in Government order No. 69, dated 26th February, 1877.

The founder of the family was the *bakhshi* or paymaster of a former Rájá of Bánsi, and from this circumstance, and the name of the village in which they reside, his descendants are known as the "Mithwal bakhshis."

The estate consists of thirty-four villages in the Bánsi and Domariaganj tahsíls, and the debts with which it is encumbered are nearly all secured by mortgages or decrees, and amount to little less than a lakh of rupees.

Some of the creditors are pressing for an early settlement of their claims, and as the surplus income available for the payment of debts is not more than Rs. 5,000 per annum, several villages must be sold.

The affairs of the property were in a most disordered state when the Collector assumed charge, and it is only after examining upwards of three hundred civil court files that Mr. Powlett has been able to ascertain what its liabilities really are.

DUBARI.

The lawlessness of the Rajputs of Dubari and the neighbouring talukas in parganas Nathupur and Sikandarpur had been notorious long before the outbreak of the mutinies, and, so far back as 1830, Mr. R. M. Bird, the Commissioner of Gorakhpur, urged it as one of the cogent reasons for constituting "Chakla Azamgarh" the nucleus of a new district.

The anarchy of 1857 presented an opportunity which these marauders readily availed themselves of, and, on the restoration of order, five out of the six pattis of Dubari were confiscated, and, in pursuance of the order of the Government of India, No. 423, dated 23rd November, 1859, were assigned in the following year, with other property, to Mr. W. Venables, in recognition of the very distinguished services of his brother, Mr. E. F. Venables, who had died in the previous year.

The grantee died some years since, and, at the request of his widow, who resides in England, the estate left by him was placed under the superintendence of the Court of Wards by Government order No. 2529A, dated 24th December, 1875. It comprises five-sixths of the eleven villages in taluka Dubari, of which ten are in pargana Nathupur, in the Azamgarh district, and one, in consequence of a change in the deep stream, in Gorakhpur, and fractional shares in two villages in pargana Sikandarpur

and in the twenty-one villages which constitute the ilaka of Nainijor in pargana Sagri.

When the late Mr. Clifford assumed charge of the estate he found it disorganised by inundation, flight of tenants, death of the lessee, resignation by his heirs, and frequent changes of management. All that could be done within the latter half of the past year was done. Considerable areas have been reclaimed, and the rent-roll of 1876-77 shows a current demand of Rs. 14,470, realizable within the year, as against gross assets of Rs. 11,968 in 1874-75. The Government demand on account of revenue, cesses, and patwári rate being Rs. 3,900 only, the taluka must be, as Mr. Gubbins described it in 1860, "perhaps the most profitable in the Benares division." Management having been assumed after the kharíf rents had fallen due, the accounts appended to this report represent the income and expenditure of half a year only.

The whole property, with the exception of the small shares in ilaka Nainijor which are leased, is at present held by the Collector under direct management.

BALGOBIND'S ESTATE.

The prospects of this estate are as hopeless as they were at the date of the last report.

The debts, which amounted to Rs. 51,706 when management was re-assumed, had, by the 30th September last, been increased by the accrual of interest to Rs. 55,677.

The cash balance to the credit of the estate in the treasury was Rs. 3,772, but the greater part of it had been attached by the civil court.

KANTIT.

The estate now consists of two hundred and ninety-five villages, of which twenty-six are held by sub-proprietors, two hundred and thirteen are leased, and fifty-six are under direct management. The rabi crop was poor, especially in the parts where there is no irrigation, and, owing to the cheapness of grain, the cultivators had a hard struggle during the year. The collections, however, were up to the average, and the outstanding balances were largely reduced.

On improvements Rs. 6,890 were expended. "Owing to the very low price of grain," the manager writes, "earthworks were largely made by the zamindars, who pay their workmen in grain. Where they had work going on, all their tenants had to work for them; this made it impossible to get as many labourers as were required. This is the principal cause for so few works being completed this year. Another is, that many of the works were at long distances from each other; seven tanks have been made or enlarged, ten embankments made and five repaired, one well was made, and two repaired or completed. Wherever these works have been made the crops have been improved."

Mr. Nicholson has achieved much; but, as only a fraction of his time can be devoted to devising and supervising works of improvement, the Board, at the instance of the late Collector, have secured the services of a well qualified and trustworthy engineer of the Public Works Department to project and superintend the execution of irrigation works in the estate, and the Collector hopes by the commencement of the rains to have five new tanks completed and ten repaired, seven new embankments constructed and four repaired, and four new wells sunk and two repaired. The estimated cost of these and miscellaneous works is Rs. 25,000.

Of the trees that were planted in the previous year, all but the carob have done well. Most of the carob trees died off after being transplanted, and the few that survive grow very slowly.

The appeal alluded to in last year's report was decreed by the High Court in favour of Babu Girdhar Prasad Singh.

The accumulated savings at the close of September last were Rs. 5,11,915, of which Rs. 83,995 were in the treasury and estate office, and Rs. 2,82,000 were invested in Government paper, Rs. 46,250 in well-secured loans, and Rs. 99,670 in landed property purchased.

Of the cash balance, Rs. 35,000 have been invested in Government paper since the commencement of the current year.

The ward has enjoyed good health, and has made fair progress in his studies since the appointment of a private tutor.

AGORI BARHAR.

This estate now contains four hundred and twenty-six villages, of which ten only were held under direct management during the year.

"The kharif crop of 1875-76," the Collector writes, "was under the average owing to the early cessation of the rains, especially in villages where the means of irrigation are defective. The rabi harvest was ruinously deficient. Large tracts of the high lands north of the Bolan could not be sown, as the ground was too dry. In many places the seed did not germinate, and where it did, owing to the fact that no rain fell in the cold season, and there is no cold weather irrigation in these parganas, the crop seldom exceeded the quantity of seed grown. It was therefore rather a hard year for cultivators and lessees, and their position was aggravated by the unusual cheapness of grain. The villages in the estate, especially in pargana Barhar, suffered much from cholera in the months of May, June, and July. The same months were marked by much disease amongst cattle, especially among plough bullocks."

These calamities compelled the manager to show great consideration in pressing for rents, and account for the comparatively low percentage of the collections to the demand. The harvests of 1876-77, however, gave excellent promise, and the greater part of the outstanding balances is expected to be recovered within the current year. The irrecoverable balances are inconsiderable.

The debts due to the estate at the close of September last, including arrears of interest, amounted to Rs. 88,911, but, owing to the poverty of the minor debtors and the difficulties experienced in realizing from the property of Babu Girdhar Prasad Singh, the principal debtor, the recoveries during the year were small. Arrangements, however, have recently been made which will ensure the gradual realization of the demand of the estate.

The accumulated savings at the close of the year, exclusive of the sums invested on landed security, amounted to Rs. 83,500 in Government paper, and Rs. 77,714 in cash. The Ráni has not yet expressed a wish to receive any part of these savings for her personal use, and since the commencement of the current year the Collector has invested a portion of the cash balance in Government paper.

The expenditure on improvements was Rs. 3,684, and with this sum two embankments were constructed, one commenced, and three repaired, two wells were finished and three repaired, one tank was repaired and one completed, the repairs of a road were finished, a house at Mirzapur was built, and a temple was restored. As in the case of Kantit, difficulty was found in procuring labourers; but what was done was well looked after and well done. In the budget for the current year provision is made for an outlay of Rs. 9,754 on the construction and repairs of houses, bridges, drains, embankments, wells, and roads.

GOPALPUR, No. I.

The estate, which is the property of Brindeshwari Prasad Singh, is situated in tappa Chaurasi, pargana Kantit, and consists of nine annas twelve gandas shares in four villages, in which the minor sons of Babu Suraj Ram Singh hold six annas eight gandas shares, and of an eight annas share in which there is another sharer besides the minors.

A loan of Rs. 10,000 from the Kantit estate was sanctioned for this property and that of the minors in Government order No. 1960A, dated 24th September, 1875, and in the same order Brindeshwari Prasad Singh was declared disqualified from managing his estate. Superintendence was assumed by the Court of Wards from the 1st October of the same year.

At that time the debts due from the estate amounted to Rs. 18,323. With the aid of a loan of Rs. 6,000 from the Kantit estate and of Rs. 2,012 from that of the minors, and the sale proceeds of a share in Raikara and forest produce in the same village, those debts were paid off; and from the surplus of the current income Rs. 200 were repaid to the Kantit estate.

The debts, including arrears of interest, due at the close of the year were Rs. 7,927, and in the budget of the current year provision has been made for the repayment of Rs. 500, besides interest, to the estate of the minors and for the payment of interest in full on the sum (Rs. 5,800) still due to the Kantit estate.

A small arrear of revenue that accrued in 1874-75 was paid, and the Government demand for the year under report was satisfied in full.

The estate is exempted from the payment of the acreage rate.

Both this property and that of the minors are managed by Mr. Nicholson of the Kantit estate without remuneration.

GOPALPUR, No. II.

This estate, which is the property of Sat Narayan Singh, Ram Narayan Singh, and Bhup Narayan Singh, minor sons of the late Babu Suraj Ram Singh, is situated in tappa Chaurasi, pargana Kantit, and consists of six annas eight gandas shares in four villages in which Brindeshwari Prasad Singh is partner of a two annas and eight pies share, in a fifth village in which there is another sharer besides Brindeshwari Prasad Singh, and of the whole of a sixth village which is held at a loss, as the revenue exceeds the proceeds.

As mentioned in last year's report, the Court of Wards assumed superintendence on the 1st of October, 1875. At that time the debts due from the estate amounted to Rs. 8,195. With the aid of a loan of Rs. 4,000 from the Kantit estate and the sale proceeds of a share in Raikara and forest produce in the same village these debts were paid off; and from the surplus of the loan and of the current income Rs. 2,012 were lent to the estate of Brindeshwari Prasad Singh, and Rs. 1,000, besides interest, were repaid to the Kantit estate. The debts due at the close of the year were Rs. 3,000 only, and provision has been made in the budget of the current year for the repayment of Rs. 1,000, besides interest, to the Kantit estate.

A small arrear of revenue that accrued in 1874-75 was paid, and the Government demand for the year under report was satisfied in full.

The estate is exempted from the payment of the acreage rate.

The minors are being educated at a school which has been established in the village of Gopálpur.

Sat Narayan Singh, the eldest ward, was married during the year.

TIKORI.

This estate, situate in the Chunar tahsíl, in the Mirzapur district, belongs to Shiv Bhairon Prasad, minor son of the late Shiv Sewak Misr, and comprises two entire villages and three hamlets, besides lands, proprietary and cultivatory, held under mortgage.

The estate was placed under the superintendence of the Court in January, 1877, and the ward, a headstrong and troublesome boy, is to be sent to the institute at Benares.

The debts are Rs. 1,350 only, and will be liquidated before the minor, who is now fourteen years of age, attains his majority.

PISUR DANIELPUR.

This estate consists of four villages and some groves and buildings in pargana Sheopur, in the Benares district, and belonged to Govind Ojha, who died in 1865, leaving as his heirs two minor sons, Dharm Chand and Shyam Chand, the present proprietors.

Till 1871, when the Court of Wards assumed superintendence, the property was managed by the brother and widow of Govind Ojha. Since 1871, debts amounting to Rs. 1,179, with which the estate was encumbered, have been paid off, and the expenses incurred in the marriage of the elder ward have been met.

The estate, however, is heavily assessed, and, owing to much of the land in it being of inferior quality—in some parts hard and uneven, with beds of kankar beneath the surface, and in others lying on the margin of the river and intersected with ravines—the rental is collected with difficulty from the tenantry.

The wards have for some years attended the college school at Benares.

SUNWANI.

The management during the past year was as satisfactory as that of an insolvent estate can be.

Of the demands, ninety-nine per cent. were collected and the balance is recoverable.

The guaranteed debts now amount to Rs. 4,83,381, of which Rs. 4,62,671 represent principal and Rs. 20,710 unpaid interest. The cash balance in hand at the close of the year was Rs. 1,826 only.

The negotiation with Munshi Saádat Ali Khan of Mymensingh for the purchase of the estate is still incomplete.

ESTATE OF SAT NARAYAN PANDE.

A brief notice of this estate was given at page 24 of the report for 1873-74.

In 1874-75 the greater part of the surplus income was absorbed by the marriage expenses of the ward's sister ; and at the commencement of the year under report the balance in hand consisted of Rs. 391 in cash and a deposit of Rs. 500 in the Savings Bank.

During the year, Rs. 1,000, together with the Savings Bank deposit, aggregating Rs. 1,500, were invested in Government promissory notes at four per cent., and Rs. 250 were paid as earnest-money for the purchase of twenty-five shares in the Dildárnagar railway.

KARIM-UD-DINPUR.

This estate consists of a two-anna share in each of four pattis of the village of Karim-ud-dinpur in pargana Muhammadabad, and of a house in the city of Gházipur.

The proprietor is Ganesh Sunar, who was acquitted of the charge of the murder of his wife and child on the ground of insanity, and has been in the Benares asylum since 1867. He was formerly a master in the mission school at Gházipur, and always bore a good character. His estate was taken under the superintendence of the Court of Wards at his own request, and is managed by the sazáwal of Sunwání.

The profits are made over to two widows, members of his family, whom the lunatic left wholly unprovided for.

APPENDIX B.

WARDS' INSTITUTE, BENARES.

At the commencement of the financial year 1876-77 there were twenty minors in the Institute, and at the date of this report there are fifteen, of whom three—

Rájá Rampratap Singh of Manda,
Rájá Bhupendra Bahádur Singh of Kantit, and
Beni Madho of Mirzapur—

come from the North-Western Provinces; nine—

Sarfaraz Husain Khan of Patna,
Toral Narayan Singh of Gawan,
Awadh Bihari Misr of Adampura,
Sitesh Chandra Sanyal
Jadava Chandra Sanyal } of Cooch Behar,
Krishn Bakhsh Rai of Deogaon,
Govind Prasad Sukl of Sarkatya,
Ganga Narayan Singh of Katrsa,
Trigunanda Upadhya of Saran—

from Bengal; and three—

Thakur Jagmohan Singh of Bijayaraghugarh,
Aman Singh of Garha, and
Jagannath Prasad Patarya of Khamaria—

from the Central Provinces.

The wards who have left the Institute are Shankar Datt Dube of Jaunpur, Rájá Ranmast Singh of Katahra, and the three Kauhauli minors.

Of the three boys from the North-Western Provinces, the estates of two only, the Rájás of Manda and Kantit, are under the Court of Wards. A notice of the estate of Beni Madho of Mirzapur, which was released from the superintendence of the Court in 1874, will be found at page 23 of the report for 1873-74.

The Rájás of Manda and Kantit and Krishn Bakhsh Rai have had private tutors as in the previous year, and under their guidance have made fair progress.

The expenditure has been charged on the same principle as before, and has been lighter than in the three preceding years; the mean monthly average of charges, general and individual, exclusive of salaries of private tutors, having been:—

as against—

Year.	General.	Individual.	Total.
	Rs. a. p	Rs a. p	Rs. a. p.
1876-77	48 2 1	46 5 6	94 7 7
1873-74	48 2 11	68 8 8	116 11 7
1874-75	55 9 6	62 0 5	117 9 11
1875-76	48 9 8	56 15 11	105 9 7

APPENDIX C.

DÚDHI TAPPAS.

Lying east of the Rihand and Bichi rivers, the tract locally known as Bichipar, comprising tappas Barha and Dúdhi to the west, and tappa Pulwa to the east of the Kinhar river, is inhabited by Mujhwars, Kols, Khurwars, Gonds, and Cherus, aboriginal tribes, described by Dr. Mather as combining, with great simplicity and truthfulness, much enterprise and willingness to labour and great physical courage. Its area is nearly one thousand square miles.

The tappas formerly belonged to one Baryar Sah, a Rajput of the Rakshit tribe, who was put to death about two centuries ago by the Rájá of Sirguja and the Chief or Bhuyan of Nagar Utári, and they remained in the possession of the Bhuyans from the date of Baryar Sah's death till 1809, when Udwant Singh, the Rájá of Singrauli, got possession of them from Bhuyan Bhawani Singh, on the pretence of managing and improving them for him.

Within one year, however, the Rájá asserted that the tappas had been granted by his ancestors in service tenure to the progenitors of the Bhuyan, and that the latter having failed to do service and render homage had forfeited his tenure. Upon this pretext the Rájá kept possession of Barha and Dúdhi to the west of the Kinhar, but Pulwa, being to the east and adjoining Nagar Utári, was retained by the Bhuyan till his death in 1824, when Rájá Chhattar Sah, the son of Udwant Singh, obtained possession of it also.

The existence of the tappas was hardly known to the British Government till 1842, when Major Wroughton made a rough survey of the tract and mapped its territorial boundaries and chief physical features. Nothing more was done at that time, and the Rájá continued in possession till South Mirzapur came under settlement. Mr. Roberts then reported that, as the tappas never formed part of taluka Singrauli, which had been settled in perpetuity by Mr. Duncan in 1792, they were liable to resumption under Regulation II. of 1819. They were resumed eventually, and, in sanctioning the proceedings of the settlement officer in 1856, the Lieutenant-Governor authorised "as a matter of grace, but not of right," the concession to the Rájá of a malikána of ten per cent., and directed that the tract should be held under direct management, "the net collections, after defraying the charge of local protection and administration, being exclusively devoted for its improvement."

The administration of the tappas has been conducted on the principles thus enunciated, and the continuance of the arrangement prescribed in 1856 has been sanctioned by the Government of India for the term of settlement which has recently been made for ten years.

At the time direct management was undertaken, there was a cash balance of Rs. 7,486 to the credit of the estate. Since then Rs. 15,368 have been credited to Government out of the surplus profits, and during the year under report the transaction sanctioned in Government of India Resolution No. 1454, dated 22nd June, 1875, which had been partially carried out in 1874-75, was completed. Besides this, out of its income the estate has borne the cost of the settlement which has lately been sanctioned, and Rs. 26,587 have been laid out on irrigation and other public works, such as the sarai, dispensary, sazawali, and bazar.

Of the villages comprised in the tappas three are settled in zamindari tenure with the owners, thirty-five are held under direct management, and the rest are administered through the agency of *supurddars*, whose status is thus described in Government order No. 539A, dated 23rd March, 1875 :—

"The supurddar is not a farmer or contractor, but rather is in the position of an agent of Government or a patel. He is bound by his position and interest to collect

all he can from the tenants,—by his position, as an unsuccessful supurddar can be removed ; by his interest, as he is allowed twenty per cent. on his collections. This is all the pressure Government will put on the supurddar. If he fails to collect he will not be proceeded against as a revenue defaulter, and he will not be held responsible for other men's debts. When he fails to collect, the sazáwal or other officer of Government will take what steps he can to make the ryots pay, but he will refrain from pressing them in the case of calamity of season, and will not be permitted to take any punitive measures unless with the Collector's sanction."

As villages held under direct management become sufficiently advanced, they are settled in supurddari tenure.

The following statement shows the income of the tappas for the year in which Mr. Roberts made his award, and for each year since direct management was undertaken :—

Years.	Rupees.	Years.	Rupees.
1853-54	2,953	1865-66	3,677
1855-56	3,306	1866-67	4,643
1856-57	3,502	1867-68	5,358
1857-58	3,567	1868-69	3,692
1858-59	3,644	1869-70	5,781
1859-60	3,755	1870-71	4,746
1860-61	3,696	1871-72	6,450
1861-62	3,581	1872-73	7,264
1862-63	3,653	1873-74	7,747
1863-64	3,866	1874-75	10,515
1864-65	3,677	1875-76	12,803

The following extracts from a letter addressed by the Hon'ble W. Roberts, the Cleveland of Dúdhi, to the Board of Revenue in 1867 will be of interest :—

2. The late Officiating Collector of Mirzapur has intelligently appreciated the schemes designed for the improvement of that sterile tract of country, but interesting for class of its inhabitants, during the last year of my official residence at Mirzapur.

3. The great object was to promote the material and moral well-being of the peculiar tribes of people there by taking Bichipar under the direct management of the officers of Government.

4. The first thing necessary to be done on taking charge of the country was to provide for each village an unfailing supply of fresh water by construction of wells and tanks and by damming up beds of watercourses.

5. Another great object was the improvement and extension of the area of cultivation, by meliorating the quality of land already under tillage, by reclaiming from the waste new tracts when there is a prospect of success, and by the construction of terraces of cultivation, similar to what was effected in Mhairwara under the late Colonel Dixon.

6. One mode of giving fertility to the soil, used by their neighbours to the westward, where the surface is sandy and dry, is to burn wood, straw, and other materials on the field, and mix the residuum of ashes with the natural soil.

But in cases where the cultivators of Bichipar use this method, care should be taken that they cut down only the scrub and undergrowth for the purpose, leaving the larger trees to furnish shade and moisture to the country.

7. The establishment of a bazar, a dispensary, and schools was also in contemplation as part of a general scheme of improvement, and I am glad to see that progress has been made in this direction.

8. The present local authorities seem to be fortunate in their selection of a manager, especially when the unhealthiness at times and the remoteness of the locality are considered. So much depends upon the character and ability of the person placed in charge of the tract that liberal pay should not be grudged to a servant represented to be so efficient as the present factor or sazáwal.

9. I have one remark more to add. Towards the close of my incumbency I found reason to believe that advantage had been taken by money-lenders of the improvidence and ignorance of this comparatively primitive people to get them largely indebted, much in the same way as was shortly afterwards found to have been the case in the Sonthal parganas of Bengal. Not that there had been the same extent of mischief as in the instance just mentioned, but there were reasons to apprehend that the money-lenders had held out temptation to borrow money, and were prepared to exact payments much in excess of their just debts.

This is a matter not to be lost sight of by the local officers, who without interfering with the transaction between creditor and debtor, which are fair and above board, should yet be careful that undue advantage is not taken of the improvidence and folly of an ignorant people.

10. I have no other suggestions to make. I have been given to understand that the communications sufficiently suited to the nature and resources of the pargana are kept open and in good order, and that the roads are not mere footpaths necessitating the traveller to journey at risk of life and limb and to take a guide to keep him from being lost in the forest, as was the case when first I knew the country.

The danger indicated in the ninth paragraph of this letter is one against which the administrator of the tappas must always guard. On this subject Mr. C. Robertson, the late Collector of Mirzapur, in his report for 1874-75 wrote as follows :—

I regret to find that no advances have been given during the past year.* The cultivators are, as a rule, too poor to procure seed except by borrowing it from mahajans, who charge interest at exorbitant rates, which rob them of the profit an occasional good harvest yields. It is, I think, essential to the prosperity of the estate that trustworthy cultivators needing advances to procure seed should obtain them at very low interest if the season is favourable, and without interest if it is adverse.

In 1862 the London Missionary Society offered to take a farm of the tappas, but the project was eventually abandoned, the directors of the society in England "being at a loss to perceive how the duties of missionaries are to be rendered compatible with those of landlords."

On the representation made by the Government, North-Western Provinces, in their letter No. 951A, dated 27th August, 1862, the tappas were removed from the jurisdiction of the ordinary civil courts by Act XIX. of 1864, and by Act XIV. of 1874 they were made "scheduled districts."

The demand on account of revenue and cash rents during the year under report was Rs. 8,901, of which Rs. 5,748 were due from the supurddari holdings (Government order No. 437, dated 10th November, 1876); Rs. 988 from the villages of Gonda, Bajia, and Hira Chak (Government order No. 2203A, dated 29th October, 1875), in which Mr. Roberts recognized the proprietary title of the occupants, and which have been settled as zamindari mahâls ; and Rs. 2,165 from the villages held under direct management, which were thirty-five in number, two new villages having been farmed in the Dúdhi and Barha tappas.

The receipts from this source, including anticipated collections for the current year, were Rs. 9,446, and this sum added to sayar receipts, rent of houses, and recoveries of takávi, brought the gross income of the tappas up to Rs. 12,803.

The expenditure was Rs. 9,061, which includes the cost of the settlement establishment up to the beginning of June, the balance of the sum due to Government under Resolution No. 1454, dated 22nd June, 1875, and the Singrauli Rájá's malikána for the whole of 1874-75 and for part of 1875-76.

The current year has opened with a cash balance in hand of Rs. 15,702.

The sayar income is almost wholly derived from grazing fees and forest produce.

Regarding the condition of the tappas during the year Mr. Robertson writes :—

During the year only 41·3 inches of rain fell at Dúdhi, as compared with 61·1 inches in the former year. There was no rain in the cold season.

Owing to the scanty rains, the outturn of both harvests was much below the average. The kharif yield was generally only half of an ordinary year's produce; and cotton, til, and kodon were even below the half. In the rabi season only a four-anna crop was produced at best, while in some places the produce did not exceed the seed sown. In consequence, however, of the plentiful produce of the year preceding it there was no distress, notwithstanding these losses.

* During which he had been on furlough.

No tenants appear to have emigrated during the year. About one hundred new tenants have settled, but their exact number cannot be ascertained until the preparation of the patwáris' papers for 1284 fasli.

Cattle disease was very prevalent, and of 3,659 animals attacked, 2,746 died and 913 only escaped.

KUMAUN BHABAR.

The Kumaun Bhabar is a strip of land ten miles in width, extending from the river Sarda on the east to the Kosi on the west, a distance of sixty miles, and bounded on the north by the hills, and on the south by parganas Bilheri, Nanakmata, Kilpuri, Rudarpur, Gadarpur, and Bazpur. Prior to British rule it formed part of the adjacent hill parganas rather than of the "Chaurasi" or "Naulakhya" *mal* (low country), as the tract now included in the Tarái parganas was then termed.

There are four subdivisions of the Bhabar tract. The portion which borders on the Sarda immediately below its exit from the mountains, and extends on the west to the Jagbura river, is known as Tala Des. Bhabar Chaubhainsi extends from the Jagbura to the Sukhi river in the west. Bhabar Chhukhata, which is divided into two tracts, Golapar and Golawar, is bounded on the east by the Sukhi, and on the west by the Bakra river. Kota Bhabar extends from the Bakra on the east to the Kosi on the west.

"The Bhabar tract," Sir Henry Ramsay writes—

Includes forests, grass prairies, and cultivation between the base of the mountains and the upper edge of the Tarái. Although there are a few spots where springs break out close to the hills, the general character of the whole tract is, that it is waterless. Small streams which reach it from the hills are soon lost in the boulder beds, and the gravel deposit is too deep to make it possible to reach water by sinking wells except at the lower or southern end near the Tarái.

With the exception of a little cultivation in the Kota Dún and in Chhukhata (close to the base of the hills on the banks of the Gola), the tract was never cultivated in the time of the Kumaun Rájás or under the Gurkha Government: it was even little used under former Governments by cattle owners, in consequence of its having been the resort of bands of dakaits, strong enough to sack and burn any place that attempted resistance, and ready to steal any cattle for the safety of which their leaders had not been paid. In Mr. Traill's time and up to 1838 the danger from these desperate characters was so great that large detachments of the Kumaun Battalion (then a civil corps) were stationed in the Chhukhata and Kota Bhabars during the cold season for the protection of the traffic and of the market places where there was sufficient wealth to attract the dakaits, and this protection did not always ensure safety. These dakaits with some desperate outlaws at their head made themselves so feared that no one dared to give information against them. Any one doing so forfeited his life if he did not leave the Bhabar. In consequence, the few influential men of those times paid black-mail, if they did no worse, and thus aided the dakaits, defied the police, or kept out of their way.

The credit of breaking up these bands is chiefly due to Mr. Fleetwood Williams, then Joint Magistrate of Bareilly, who, when the military police were withdrawn, organized an establishment which, under that officer's personal superintendence, even in the unhealthy month of June, never allowed the dakaits any rest. The late Mr. Moberly of Moradabad also did good service in breaking up those formidable bands. The leaders were caught and killed, and many of the dakaits were banished or imprisoned. All this took place when the Bhabar was attached to Rohilkhand, and when it was re-transferred to Kumaun it was almost free from these dangerous characters.

From Mr. Traill's reports it appears that the Bhabar of the province in Kumaun and Garhwál yielded Rs. 2,638 for pasturage and Rs. 6,302 for forest produce. These sources of income were farmed in those days, and Rs. 8,940 was the whole that was realized in 1823 from which it is clear that little timber was exported and few cattle were brought from the hills to graze. In Mr. Batten's time the Bhabar revenue on export of timber and patsurage in Kumaun only rose to Rs. 18,729, and the land revenue was Rs. 8,953 in 1846. The value of forest produce has undergone such a change that now one hundred sál trees would fetch as much as a whole year's revenue of Mr. Traill's time, and the export tax on a cart-load of bamboos is six times more than was levied on the finest sál timber removed from the forests in the time of Messrs. Traill and Batten.

The settlement of the tract was made by Mr. Batten in 1846, and remained in force till 1850, when the whole of the Bhabar was placed under direct management, and Captain Ramsay authorized to administer it as a zamindari estate, paying the revenue of the expired settlement to Government and a percentage of ten per cent. as malik na to the old proprietors, and expending the surplus income on canals, roads, and general improvements.

The Bhabar has up to this date been managed by General Ramsay, and the figures in statement XIII., which are exclusive of the value of timber exported by the Forest Department, indicate the success of his administration.

The villages are managed through padhans or headmen, who are immediately responsible for procuring cultivators and collecting the rents, and in return for their services are entitled to "sirgirohi," or a percentage on the collections. Village government is interfered with as little as possible, but no one is allowed to alter irrigation arrangements without sanction.

The cultivators, who secure for themselves prospective *hissadari* rights in all land they permanently reclaim, are mostly Boksas and Tharus, and Kumaunis, who retire to the hills on the approach of the rainy season and return at the commencement of the cold weather. Gurkhas also occasionally settle, but they are few in number.

The principal products of the Bhabar are wheat, millet, turmeric, mustard, rice, and gram. Sugarcane, for which the soil in some parts is admirably suited, is as yet little grown. Turmeric, which requires no water, is cultivated everywhere.

Irrigation is chiefly provided for by canals, among which may be enumerated the West Gola, East Gola, Kichhri, Kaladhungi, Kota, Pawalgarh, Chorgalia, Kamola, Damola, Brahmdeo, Kalaunia, and Dhunigarh, and by embankments, the most important of which are those at Malwa Tál, Bhim Tál, and Sat Tál.

Roads, dispensaries, schools, and vaccination have not been neglected. Both plains and hills have been made accessible from all parts of the Bhabar. There are dispensaries throughout the year at Haldwani in Chhukhata and at Kaladhungi in Kota, and for half the year at Bhim Tál in the hills, where the sick receive medicine on their way from the Bhabar to their homes during the hot weather and rains.

Schools are maintained throughout the year at Haldwani and Kota, and in the cold weather at any other place where a daily attendance of twenty boys can be procured, the masters of the latter schools being employed in the hills during the hot and rainy seasons.

Vaccination is compulsory in the Bhabar, and small-pox, which formerly assumed the proportions of a plague, is now almost unknown. The vaccinators employed in the Bhabar during the cold season work in the hills for the rest of the year.

Wild elephants, tigers, leopards, bears, and hyœnas are decreasing in numbers. Chital, hogdeer, hares, black partridge, and quail abound.

The chief emporia of trade are Haldwani and Brahmdeo. In 1849 there was but one substantial building in Haldwani. The place is now the headquarters of the Bhabar tahsíli establishment and a flourishing town, well built and well planned, with an extensive trade in turmeric, pepper, ginger, hempen bags, sugar, salt, cloths, and pottery. Brahmdeo is situated on the right bank of the Sarda, and contains more than two hundred shops. It is a busy place of trade from the beginning of December to the end of May, the value of the Thibet borax alone exceeding one lakh and a half of rupees per annum.

Of the mining works, which were at one time considered "necessary for the development of the Bhabar mineral wealth and the prosperity of Rohilkhand," little is now heard.

The administration of the tract during the past year calls for little remark. Notwithstanding unfavourable rains and heavy floods, progress was made both in extending cultivation and in centralising it. The revenue, Rs. 8,953, was paid in full ; and of the loan sanctioned by the Government of India in 1871 for the construction of the Brahmdeo canal, Rs. 50,000 were repaid before the 1st of April, 1876. The balance now

due to Government is Rs. 1,64,189. Of the advance made from the Bhabar to the Chilkya iláka, Rs. 15,375 were recovered during the year, and the balance remaining due is but Rs. 15,000.

CHILKYA ILÁKA.

In 1853 proposals were submitted by Mr. Cracroft Wilson for the disposal of seventy-seven farmed villages in the north of the Moradabad district, the greater part of the proceeds of which was derived from pasturage and other sayar dues, and the Government in its order No. 2402, dated 21st June of the same year, conferred some of these villages on private individuals, among whom was Rájá Sheoraj Singh of Káshipur, and directed that the rest should be held under direct management. This order had not been executed when the mutiny broke out, and as soon as peace was restored Colonel Ramsay recommended that the tract known as the Chilkya forest should be transferred from Moradabad to Kumaun, on the ground that the forest and jungle would be useful to the iron works "in process of development at the foot of the hills." The Board supported his recommendation in their No. 197, dated 29th March, 1859, and the Lieutenant-Governor sanctioned it in Government order No. 938, dated 10th June, 1859, remarking that the occasion should be taken advantage of to ascertain whether any further tracts adjoining the Bhábar might not also be transferred to Kumaun.

The tract now known as the Chilkya Iláka is bounded on the north by the hills, on the south by pargana Káshipur, on the east by the Kosi, and on the west by Bijnor, and comprises the villages placed under direct management in 1853, the villages conferred in the same year on Rájá Sheoraj Singh (for which he was compensated by the grant of an estate in the plains), and some villages which were transferred from the north of the old pargana of Káshipur, in accordance with the suggestion made in the Government order of 1859 above quoted.

Colonel Ramsay was placed in charge of the Iláka and authorized to expend all that could be realized in excess of the revenue on canals, roads, and other improvements; and he has succeeded as well here as in the Kumaun Bhábar. The rental and sayar assets, which, before his assumption of charge, were little more than sufficient to cover a land-revenue demand of Rs. 4,055, amounted during the past year to Rs. 30,000. The tract is now intersected with canals and minor distributaries: roads have made it accessible from all directions, cultivation has made enormous strides, and the inferior crops which the land formerly yielded are rapidly giving way to wheat, sugarcane, and even indigo.

Ramnagar, on the right bank of the Kosi, is the headquarters of the Iláka. The town, which was not founded till 1849, now contains a large timber depôt, a dispensary, and a commissariat storehouse for the supply of the Ránikhet cantonments; and, from its proximity to the hills, has become the seat of a considerable trade in borax, turmeric, and red pepper.

The management during the past year was successful; village watercourses were improved and the other irrigation works kept in repair. The Government demand was paid in full, and Rs. 15,375 having been repaid to the Bhábar, the debt of the Iláka has been reduced to Rs. 15,000.

APPENDIX D.

BENEVOLENT TRUSTS.

The Board's report of previous years have placed the Government in possession of all material information in regard to the benevolent trusts under the charge of the State in the North-Western Provinces.

The accompanying statement shows the object of each trust, and the intentions of the founders are being scrupulously observed :—

1. Division.	2. District.	3. Name of trust.	4. Name of benefactor and date of endowment.	5. Purpose of trust.	6. Detail of property comprised in trust.
MEERUT.	Meerut ...	Dispensary endowment of Har Sahai Mal and Gangaram.	Lala Har Sahai Mal and Pandit Gangaram, A.D. 1873.	Maintenance of the Meerut dispensary.	Promissory notes for Rs. 2,500.
KUMAUN.	Kumaun ...	Sadabart ...	Ran Bahadur, Rájá of Nepal, A.D. 1797, in his own name and that of his wife Kantavati.	The assignments were made for the purpose of distributing food gratis to indigent pilgrims visiting the shrines of Badrinath and Kedarnath. Mr., now Sir John, Strachey, when in charge of the Garhwál district, brought to the notice of Government how these funds were abused; and after full enquiry they were, with the sanction of Government, placed under local agents in 1852, and applied to the maintenance of pilgrim roads and dispensaries. The Rawals of Badrinath and Kedarnath are members of the local agency.	Lands in parganas Kutoli and Mahrori.
	Garhwál ...		Rájá of Nepal, A.D. 1813, except in the case of the Khola estate which originated with the Srinagar Rájás.		The Khola estate in pargana Bárahsyún and lands in pargana Dasoli, and in pattis Parkhandi Bamsu and Malkhandi of pargana Nagpur.
ROHILKHAND.	Bareilly ...	Aonla ...	Hakim Saadat Ali Khan, A.D. 1855.	Maintenance of the Aonla dispensary.	Mauzas Bamraul-Rasúlpur (10 biswas) and Uday Bhanpur (10 biswas) and Government promissory notes for Rs. 3,000.
	Bijnor ...	Sherkot ..	Chaudharis Umrao Singh and Basant Singh, A.D. 1865.	Maintenance of school and dispensary at Sherkot.	Of the Rs. 20,000 paid into the treasury by the Chaudharis, Rs. 3,999 have been expended on the construction of the school and dispensary buildings and Rs. 16,000 invested in Government promissory notes (Government order No. 1008 A. dated 15th April, 1873).
ALLAHABAD.	Cawnpore ..	Amarnath ...	Pandit Amarnath, late Deputy Collector, A.D. 1865.	Maintenance of English school and construction of works of public utility.	Three whole villages in pargana Shivrájpur :— (1) Ravanlalpur. (2) Radhan. (3) Katri Radhan.
BENARES.	Gorakhpur ...	Domangarh ...	E. A. Reade, Esquire, A.D. 1844.	Sanitarium for the European residents of Gorakhpur.	A masonry bungalow with furniture, and a Government promissory note for Rs. 1,000 of the four per cent. loan of 1842-43.
		Dharmsála ..	The funds for erecting the building were raised by private subscription while E. A. Reade, Esquire, was Collector of Gorakhpur, A.D. 1844.	Accommodation of zamindars at Gorakhpur.	A masonry sarai or dharmsala, and a Government promissory note for Rs. 1,500 of the four per cent. loan of 1842-43.
		Kala Singana Chetty's chaultri.	Kala Ravanapati Chetty, generally called Kala Singana Chetty, a native of Madras, who erected chaultris at Madras, Conjeveram, Chitur, and Benares in A.D. 1816, and endowed them in A.D. 1817.	Accommodation of travellers, merchants, and others on the high roads of the Company's territories.	The chaultri, Government promissory notes for Rs. 10,500 which represent accumulated savings; and the original deposit of Rs. 10,000 *sikka* rupees in the Madras treasury, which at 6 per cent. interest annually yields Rs. 627 of present currency.
	Benares ..	Venkat Acharya's bequest.	Venkat Acharya, A.D. 1849.	Accommodation of travellers and education.	Rs. 13,000 in Government promissory notes and a garden at Rohania. There is also a house at Kedarghat, which, though not part of the property of the trust, has to be kept in repair by the committee, and accounts rendered by them to the legatee or his representatives.
		Rájá Kali Shankar Ghosal's asylum.	Rájá Kali Shankar Ghosal, A.D. 1826.	Maintenance of the destitute, and especially of the blind, of all creeds.	The asylum and Government promissory notes for Rs. 63,100.
		Munshi Sital Singh's bequest.	Munshi Sital Singh, A.D. 1847.	Scholarships for boys at the Jai Narayan College, and relief of the lame and blind and of respectable persons reduced to poverty.	Government promissory notes for Rs. 29,700.
		Rájghát Dharmsála.	Rai Narayan das of Benares, 1806.	Accommodation of travellers.	Shops attached to the dharmsala, the rents derived from which constitute the income of the trust.

The endowment of Chaudharis Umrao Singh and Basant Singh for the maintenance of a dispensary and school at Sherkot in the Bijnor district has been added to the list in accordance with the orders contained in para. 3 of Government order No. 877A. dated 31st May, 1876.

The donation of the Chaudhris has been disposed of in the manner directed in Government Resolution No. 1008A, dated 15th April, 1873. Rs. 16,000 have been invested in Government promissory notes at four per cent., and the balance has been expended on the erection of the school and dispensary on plans approved by Government in the Public Works Department. The school is maintained at a monthly cost of Rs. 50, half of which is paid from the trust fund, and half as a grant-in-aid by Government. The dispensary, which at the date of the Collector's last report was about to be opened, will receive Rs. 300 per annum from the trust.

The Board's proposal to devote a section of their annual report on the management of estates under the Court of Wards to these trusts having been approved in Government order No. 32, dated 29th January, 1877, the accounts might with advantage be kept in future by the revenue instead of by the financial year. The unsuitability of the present year of account in the case of the Sadabart, Aonla, and Amarnath trusts is obvious. If the change suggested approve itself to the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, the Board will at once have the accounts closed up to the 30th September, 1876, and the period to which the next annual accounts would relate would then coincide with that to be dealt with in the next report of the Court of Wards.

APPENDIX E.

Book Circular No. $\frac{I}{X.-16}$, *dated 22nd January, 1877.*

THE Junior Member of the Board directs that an account current, as per specimen annexed, shall be kept of all loans granted by the State, or from the surplus funds of estates under the superintendence of the Court of Wards, to encumbered estates held under direct management or under the superintendence of the Court.

2. Interest will be calculated and the account current balanced each time a payment is made towards liquidating the loan. The interest will be calculated on the balance last shown; and in the number of days for which it will be calculated will be included both the date on which the balance was shown and the day preceding that on which the payment is then being credited. An extract of the account current made up to the 31st March and 30th September must be submitted half-yearly for the information of the Board.

3. These orders do not affect the instructions contained in Circular No. $\frac{K.\ 2}{X.-38}$, dated the 1st February, 1876 (Board's Extant Circulars, pages 7-8—x).

Account current of a loan of Rs. 70,000, with interest at 5 per cent., granted to Rao Jit Singh, of Nahal, Shahjahanpur district: vide *Government of India, Financial Department, No. 700, dated 30th January, 1875.*

Date.			Principal.	Interest.	Total.	Date.			Principal.	Interest.	Total.
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.
1875. March	30th	To amount advanced this day.	70,000 0 0	...	70,000 0 0	1875. March	31st	By balance ...	70,000 0 0	115 1 1	70,115 1 1
"	31st	" interest to date, being 12 days, on Rs. 70,000.	..	115 1 1	115 1 1						
		Total ...	70,000 0 0	115 1 1	70,115 1 1			Total ...	70,000 0 0	115 1 1	70,115 1 1
April	1st	To balance brought down.	70,000 0 0	115 1 1	70,115 1 1	Sept.	30th	By balance ...	70,000 0 0	1,872 11 11	71,872 11 11
Sept.	30th	" interest to date, being 183 days, on Rs. 70,115-1-1.	...	1,757 10 10	1,757 10 10						
		Total ...	70,000 0 0	1,872 11 11	71,872 11 11			Total ...	70,000 0 0	1,872 11 11	71,872 11 11
Octr.	1st	To balance brought down.	70,000 0 0	1,872 11 11	71,872 11 11	Decr.	22nd	By amount received.	266 2 6	2,680 1 3	2,946 3 9
Decr.	21st	" interest to date, being 82 days, on Rs. 71,872-11-11.	...	807 5 4	807 5 4	1876. March	31st	" do. do.,	2,204 7 10	955 4 1	3,159 11 11
1876. March	30th	" interest to date, being 100 days, on Rs. 70,000—266-2-6—Rs. 69,733-13-6.	...	955 4 1	955 4 1	"	"	" balance ...	67,529 5 8	9 4 0	67,538 9 8
"	31st	" interest for the day, being 1 day, on Rs. 69,733-13-6—Rs. 2,204-7-10—Rs. 67,529-5-8.	...	9 4 0	9 4 0			Total ...	70,000 0 0	3,644 9 4	73,644 9 4
		Total ...	70,000 0 0	3,644 9 4	73,644 9 4						
April	1st	To balance due to Government.	67,529 5 8	9 4 0	67,538 9 4						

STATEMENT NO. I.—ESTATES IN CHARGE OF OR UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF

Serial number of estate.	District.	Name of estate.	Superintendence when assumed.	Proprietor.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
			Under clause A., Section 194, Act XIX. of 1873.—Females	
12	Bijnor	Sherkot	4th March, 1872 ...	Rani Badam Kunwar ... ...
18	Ditto ... ... / Moradabad ...	Musammat Shabnam ...	24th August, 1863 ...	Musammat Shabnam ... ...
31	Etáwah	Chakkarnagar	2nd July, 1873	Thakurayan Baisni ... ... / Ditto Sengar ... ...
32	Ditto	Barhai	26th July, 1873 ...	Rani Baisni ... ...
46	Jhánsi	Takhtauli Mahalwara ...	1st September, 1876	Thakurayan Bari Dulaiya ... / Thakurayan Nani Dulaiya ...
62	Cawnpore	Nunhari	11th July, 1874 ...	Musammat Tej Kunwar ...
63	Ditto	Pankigangaganj No. II. ...	7th April, 1876 ...	Musammat Ganesh Kunwar ...
70	Allahabad	Sarai Pitha	13th February, 1875 ...	Musammat Ganesh Kunwar ...
71	Ditto	Sarai Bharat	25th March, 1875 ...	Thakurayan Gend Kunwar ...
73	Ditto	Khargapur	2nd December, 1875	Musammat Ram Rati ... ... / Musammat Rup Kunwar ...
82	Mirzapur	Agori Sarhar	20th April, 1871 ...	Rani Baid Saran Kunwar ...
89	Gházipur	Sonwani	18th March, 1869 ...	Musammat Mahsuna Bibi ...
				Total ...
				Under Clause B.—
1	Saháranpur ... / Muzaffarnagar ... / Meerut ...	Sambalahra	10th November, 1869	Amir Hasn ... ... / Wazir Hasn ... ...
2	Muzaffarnagar	Jauli	2nd August, 1870 ...	Muhammad Kasim ... ...
3	Ditto ... / Meerut	Miranpur	15th May, 1869 ...	Afzal Husain, Saiyad ... ...
4	Ditto	Nagla Katar	12th September, 1868 ...	Nihál Singh ... ...
5	Ditto	Shaikhpura	14th March, 1871 ...	Muhammad Yar, Shaikh ...
6	Ditto	Lawar	23rd December, 1872	Chandi Prasad ... ... / Jawahira Prasad ... ... / Har Prasad ... ...
7	Ditto ... ... / Bulandshuhr ...	Karam Ali Khan	10th June, 1872 ...	Khurshed Ali Khan ... ...
8	Meerut	Muradnagar	26th June, 1876	Hamid Ali Khan ... ... / Hadi Ali Khan ... ... / Sadik Ali Khan ... ...
9	Bulandshahr	Jahangirabad	2nd August, 1870 ...	Muhammad Ishak Khan... ...
10	Ditto	Khurja	2nd February, 1869	Husain Ali Khan ... ... / Musammat Rukiya ... ...
11	Ditto	Skinner	11th January, 1870	Richard R Skinner ... ... / George C. E. Skinner ... ... / Alice G. Skinner ... ... / Margaret C. Skinner ... ...
14	Moradabad	Bakht Singh and Indarjit Singh,	3rd December, 1864	Bakht Singh ... ... / Indarjit Singh ... ...
16	Ditto ...	Kishn Singh and ... / Gokul Singh ...	18th December, 1861	Kishn Singh ... ... / Gokul Singh ... ...
17	Ditto	Shankar Lál ...	10th April, 1869 ...	Shankar Lal ... ...
20	Ditto	Bishambhar Nath ...	20th June, 1876 ...	Bishambhar Nath ... ...
25	Muttra	Hardeo Prasad ...	2nd June, 1870 ...	Hardeo Prasad ... ...
26	Agra ... / Mainpuri ...	Parna ...	3rd October, 1874 ..	Diwan Ram Raghuraj Singh ...
29	Farukhabad	Khimsipur ...	4th February, 1876 ...	Baldeo Prasad Singh ... ...
33	Etáwah	Bharthna No. I. ...	14th May, 1875	Jhandi Lal ... ... / Harbans Lal ... ...
36	Ditto	Malhajani ...	19th November, 1867 ...	Raja Prabal Pratab Singh ...
39	Ditto	Sirsai Nawar ...	18th January, 1876	Lachhmi Narayan ... ... / Moti Ram ... ... / Bansidhar ... ... / Padm Singh ... ...
41	Etah	Rani Damar ...	30th August, 1872 ...	Kamran Shakoh, Gardner ...
42	Ditto	Azizpur ...	17th April, 1876 ...	Ram Sahai ... ...
43	Ditto	Raya ...	12th December, 1874 ...	Aziz Khatun ... ...
44	Jhánsi	Katahra ...	20th May, 1863 ...	Raja Ranmast Singh ... ...
45	Ditto	Chirgaon ...	1st July, 1873 ...	Rao Dalip Singh ... ...

THE COURT OF WARDS, DURING THE REVENUE YEAR 1875-76.

Age of minor at the close of the year.		*Number of villages.*			Net income of proprietor during the year as detailed in statement No. 4.	*Receipts not included in income of the year shown in statement No. 4.*			Total receipts from all sources.
Years.	Months.	Whole villages.	Shares.	Patches.		From State loans or loans from Court of Wards estates.	On account of debts other than loans made by the State or from Court of Wards estates.	Takavi advances recovered.	
6.		7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.
deemed by the Local Government incompetent to manage their estates.									
					Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
...	...	135	...	...	50,110 3 4	...	938 3 9	6 0 0	1,39,187 12 6
...	...	...	...	1	10 10 5	...	...	...	15 7 9
		...	...	1					
...	...	22	4	...	6,200 15 7	...	...	...	36,411 7 3
...	...	54	3	...	19,169 4 0	...	2,782 3 0	3,644 7 0	69,171 0 5
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	9	3	..	5,028 3 10	...	102 9 1	...	25,015 3 6
...	...	...	1	...	495 13 8	...	...	...	2,538 10 3
...	...	...	33	...	848 13 6	...	357 6 3	...	17,280 2 2
...	...	64	...	...	3,566 6 8	...	...	...	46,158 14 11
...	...	...	51	...	859 7 7	...	326 9 9	...	22,446 3 4
...	...	424	...	...	42,153 13 10	...	606 0 3	311 5 11	98,265 12 6
...	...	13	...	...	2,990 8 6	...	...	...	35,817 5 11
...	...	723	95	2	1,31,434 4 11	...	5,113 0 1	3,961 12 11	4,91,808 0 6
Minors.									
22	...	2	3	2	67,528 0 11	...	...	...	90,893 6 7
18	...	3	14	...					
		3	3	...					
18	...	...	4	...	710 10 1	...	...	...	1,958 0 0
19	3	...	5	...	1,417 11 7	...	...	...	6,058 10 1
		...	3	...					
18	6	...	1	...	344 11 2	400 0 0	...	...	1,078 14 3
13	...	...	2	...	111 15 6	...	...	...	235 0 0
14	...								
12	...	1	6	1	735 9 11	...	1,980 0 0	...	4,940 7 9
9	...								
4	9	2	1	...	14,229 0 5	...	84 2 0	...	24,634 5 10
		1	1	...					
6	...								
4	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
... 7									
18	...	...	12	...	5,131 14 8	...	...	...	10,191 4 7
18	...								
20	...	...	8	...	1,562 7 4	...	...	...	1,725 0 0
18	...								
16	6								
15	...	...	...	...	4,080 8 9	...	...	...	4,582 8 0
13	...								
18	6								
14	6	...	2	...	119 7 6	...	...	...	233 2 0
21	6								
18	...	...	1	...	344 9 4	...	...	...	762 7 4
12	5	...	1	...	218 11 9	...	...	...	333 12 0
16	...	10	6	...	382 14 0	...	...	...	382 14 0
13	...	...	3	...	6 1 3	...	...	...	104 3 6
5	...	1	...	...	4,263 3 6	...	10 0 0	19 0 0	11,999 14 3
		...	1	...					
8	...	4	...	15	4,750 9 1	...	...	...	10,180 6 8
15	...	2	3	...	578 9 3	...	13,500 0 0	...	19,936 14 2
14	...								
10	...	8	...	...	4,047 1 2	...	246 5 0	...	11,079 4 11
18	...								
17	...								
12	...	...	11	...	286 9 5	...	26,000 0 0	...	33,213 3 2
11	...								
16	...	...	1	...	471 12 2	...	...	...	1,829 6 0
10	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	4	...	1	...	14 12 1	...	...	...	37 3 4
19	...	9	2	...	6,873 9 2	...	577 14 1	701 5 7	13,572 6 3
10	...	5	3	...	2,998 15 11	...	236 7 9	...	10,469 1 0

STATEMENT No. 1.—*Estates in charge of or under the management of*

Serial number of estate.	District.	Name of estate.	Superintendence when assumed.	Proprietor.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
				Under Clause B.—
47	Lalitpur	Marwári ...	12th September, 1871 ...	Two daughters of Rao Balwant Singh,
48	Ditto	Jagannath ...	7th December, 1872 ...	Jagannath ... ...
49	Ditto	Banpur ...	3rd December, 1867 ...	Nirbhay Singh ... ...
50	Ditto	Rajwara ...	20th June, 1872 ..	Rao Devi Singh ... ...
51	Ditto	Ram Charan ...	6th August, 1867 ...	Ram Charan ... ...
52	Ditto	Karora ...	6th June, 1876 ...	Mahip Singh ... ...
53	Cawnpore	Akbarpur Sen ...	29th April, 1875 ...	Rájá Takht Singh ... ...
54	Ditto	Barwa Khurd ...	13th May, 1872 ...	Ram Prasad ... ...
55	Ditto	Jagjiwanpur ...	2nd September, 1870	Kalyan Chand ... ... / Musammat Kausalya ... ...
56	Ditto	Rawatpur ...	24th June, 1873 ...	Rawat Shiv Ratn Singh ...
59	Ditto	Usmanpur ...	13th July, 1872 ...	Musammat Wajih-ul-nissa ...
61	Ditto	Shahryarpur ...	9th March, 1876, ...	Balkishn ... ...
67	Fatehpur	Patti Shah ...	18th April, 1876 ...	Mir Wajid Husain ... ...
68	Allahabad ... / Mirzapur ...	Manda ...	8th December, 1864 ...	Rájá Ram Pratab Singh ...
69	Allahabad	Rai Pratap Chand ...	3rd November, 1871 ...	Rai Pratap Chand ... ...
75	Hamirpur	Har Lal ...	1st December, 1873 ...	Har Lal ... ...
76	Jaunpur ... / Azamgarh ...	Bhagesa ...	12th June, 1873 ...	Bisheshar Bakhsh Singh ...
78	Basti	Mithwal Bakhshi No. I. ...	18th August, 1875 ...	Ram Narayan ... ...
79	Ditto	Mithwal Bakhshi No. II. ...	3rd March, 1876	Drig Narayan ... ... / Jang Bahadur ... ...
80	Azamgarh	Balgobind ...	12th August, 1875 ...	Balgobind ... ...
83	Mirzapur	Kantit ...	14th March, 1863 ...	Rájá Bhupendra Bahadur Singh ...
84	Ditto	Nand Kunwar Pande ...	11th June, 1874 ...	Nand Kunwar Pande ... ...
86	Ditto	Gopálpur, No. II., ...	30th September, 1875	Sat Narayan Singh ... ... / Ram Narayan Singh ... ... / Bhúp Narayan Singh ... ...
87	Benares	Pisur Danielpur	29th May, 1871	Shyam Chand ... ... / Dharm Chand ... ...
88	Gházipur	Sat Narayan Pande ...	20th June, 1868 ...	Sat Narayan Pande ... ...
				Total ...
				Under Clause D.—
13	Bijnor ... / Moradabad ...	Abdul Wahib	22nd January, 1869 ...	Abdul Wahib ... ...
15	Ditto	Munawwar Alí Khan ..	5th November, 1862 ...	Munawwar Ali Khan ... ...
22	Budaun	Alapur	20th April, 1876 ...	Hulasi Brahman ... ...
27	Farukhabad	Kudsiya Begam	9th May, 1866 ...	Kudsiya Begam ... ...
28	Ditto	Umrao Zaman Khan ...	29th August, 1874 ...	Umrao Zaman Khan ... ...
58	Cawnpore	Muminpur Ratgaon ...	30th November, 1864 ...	Alam Ali Khan ... ...
74	Hamirpur	Musammat Makhania ...	30th August, 1872 ...	Musammat Makhania ... ...
90	Gházipur	Karim-ud-dinpur	5th July, 1876 ...	Ganesh Sonar ... ...
				Total ...
			Under Clause E.—Persons otherwise rendered incapable by	
57	Cawnpore	Ghagwa Bhabhi	13th July, 1865 ...	Shiv Singh ... ...
			Under Clause G.—Persons declared by the Local Government	
19	Kumaun ... / Moradabad ...	Kunwar Bhim Singh ...	21st September, 1876 ...	Kunwar Bhim Singh ... ...
23	Sháhjahánpur	Narayanpur	11th February, 1870	Kunwar Sultan Singh ... ... / Kunwar Bhajan Singh ... ... / Kunwar Jangi Singh ... ...
24	Ditto ... / Bareilly ...	Náhal	27th February, 1875	Rao Jit Singh ... ... / Rani Tankan ... ... / Rani Bais ... ...
34	Etáwah	Bharthna No. II. ...	14th May, 1875	Bans Gopal ... ... / Rúp Singh ... ...

the Court of Wards, during the revenue year 1875-76—(continued).

Age of minor at the close of the year.		*Number of villages.*			Net income of proprietor during the year as detailed in statement No. 4.	*Receipts not included in income of the year shown in statement No 4.*			Total receipt from all sources.
Years.	Months.	Whole villages.	Shares.	Patches.		From State loans or loans from Court of Wards estates.	On account of debts other than loans made by the State or from Court of Wards estates.	Takavi advances recovered.	
6.		7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.
Minors.—(concluded.)						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
...	...	1	...	...	166 5 1	...	...	...	558 8 0
15	...	1	3	...	1,000 14 2	...	...	2,749 6 8	5,739 3 9
22	...	...	1	...	272 15 8	...	...	...	884 9 11
15	...	...	7	...	1,834 10 4	...	242 6 3	...	4,710 13 11
11	...	...	1	...	456 2 11	500 0 0	223 4 0	...	1,308 9 10
7	...	...	1	...	65 13 0	...	...	...	89 10 6
10	...	8	...	...	32 14 1	...	...	...	4,750 8 9
9	...	2	1	1	655 13 8	...	...	...	2,767 10 11
15 / 8	6 / 6	1	...	...	300 11 5	...	48 0 0	...	1,333 5 3
...	...	23	2	...	13,336 1 1	...	34 3 9	2,690 1 0	51,200 12 0
18	...	1	...	...	1,760 3 5	...	8,609 11 6	...	11,730 11 8
15	...	1	3	...	698 6 9	...	15 0 0	...	5,217 2 2
14	...	...	22	...	970 11 5	...	...	...	2,201 6 5
16	...	261 / 12	...	...	93,906 6 9	...	53 1 3	227 14 0	2,10,881 11 10
6	...	296	39	...	14,446 11 10	...	13,507 15 2	...	1,19,924 13 8
14	...	...	7	7	115 15 7	...	525 4 11	1,544 7 1	19,540 5 8
12	...	... / ...	26 / 4	... / ...	1,284 13 8	...	...	...	1,750 9 0
13	...	...	34	...	1,312 6 7	...	...	...	2,669 2 6
14 / 11	10 / 11	...	34	...	468 15 6	...	...	...	893 4 1
20	6	...	29	...	1,237 0 0	...	...	...	2,761 0 0
13	...	295	...	...	1,22,361 0 0	...	1,200 0 0	862 5 9	2,30,849 11 0
10	...	...	1	...	53 12 0	...	...	...	152 10 8
13 / 9 / 4	8 / 8 / 8	1	5	...	11,580 7 9	...	6 0 0	...	12,655 2 2
19	...	4	...	...	513 8 2	...	29 2 1	...	2,848 5 10
18	...								2 270 7 0
13	...	5	1	7	2,162 1 9	...	...	...	
...	...	963	322	33	8,90,126 6 5	900 0 0	67,180 13 9	8,794 8 1	9,60,191 10 4
Lunatics.									
...	...	... / ...	2 / 3	... / ...	188 2 0	...	...	...	268 1 1
...	...	4	12	...	5,163 7 7	...	...	...	10,795 8 5
...	...	...	5	...	85 3 1	...	...	...	168 3 0
...	...	2	...	5	5,840 14 4	...	...	...	6,626 9 1
...	...	...	...	1	18 0 0	...	...	...	18 0 0
...	...	2	1	...	900 0 2	...	15 0 0	...	5,202 3 5
...	...	...	1	...	95 5 0	...	...	...	163 0 0
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	8	25	6	12,291 0 2	...	15 0 0	...	23,241 9 0
physical defects or infirmities from managing their estates.									
...	...	1	...	...	60 2 1	...	...	...	742 12 11
on their own applications to be disqualified from managing their estates.									
...	...	3 / 4	... / ...	... / ...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	15	...	...	3,126 4 0	...	...	141 0 0	15,696 15 6
... / ... / ...	... / ... / ...	10 / 19	... / ...	... / ...	3,622 6 10	...	...	135 0 0	24,172 12 9

} *Vide* No. 33 under B. Minors.

STATEMENT No. I.—*Estates in charge of or under the management of*

Serial number of estate.	District.	Name of estate.	Superintendence when assumed.	Proprietor.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
			Under Clause G.—Persons declared by the Local Government on their	
35	Etáwah	Uncha	24th June, 1874	Baldeo Singh ... ...
				Jaswant Singh ... ...
37	Ditto	Sunasi	17th May, 1876 ...	Kunj Bihari Lal ... ...
				Chedi Lal ... ...
38	Ditto	Kuyan	26th September, 1876	Munna Lal ... .
				Baijnath ... ...
				Badri Prasad ... ...
40	Etah	Rampur	13th September, 1873 ...	Raja Ram Chandra ... ...
	Mainpuri ...			
60	Cawnpore	Pankigangaganj No. I. ...	20th July, 1875 ...	Rájá Dhiraj Singh ... ...
64	Fatehpur	Ata Husain	29th June, 1874 ...	Ata Hussain ... ...
65	Ditto	Khan Bibi	29th June, 1874 ...	Khan Bibi ... ...
66	Ditto ...	Asothar	30th June, 1874 ...	Rájá Lakshman Prasad Singh ...
	Bánda			
72	Allahabad	Rai Asapal Singh Bahadur ...	20th November, 1871 ...	Rai Asapal Singh Bahadur ...
77	Gorakhpur ...	Majhauli	16th August, 1870 ...	Rájá Uday Narayan Mal ...
	Azamgarh ...			
	Saran (L. P.) ...			
81	Gorakhpur ...	Dubari	15th February, 1876 ...	Mrs. A. M. Venables ... ...
	Azamgarh ...			
85	Mirzapur	Gopalpur No. I.	24th September, 1875 ...	Brindeshwari Prasad Singh ...
				Total ...
			Encumbered Estates managed by but no	
21	Moradabad ...	Kazi Muhammad Abbas ...	1st October, 1875 ...	Kazi Muhammad Abbas ... ...
	Tarai			
30	Mainpuri ...	Kunj Bihari Lal	7th November, 1870	Sri Narayan ... ...
	Muttra			Chand Bihari ... ...
				Total ...
				GRAND TOTAL ...

the Court of Wards, during the revenue year 1875-76—(concluded).

Age of minor at the close of the year.		*Number of villages.*			Net income of proprietor during the year as detailed in statement No. 4.	*Receipts not included in income of the year shown in statement No. 4.*			Total receipts from all sources.
Years.	Months	Whole villages.	Shares.	Patches.		From State loans or loans from Court of Wards estates.	On account of debts other than loans made by the State or from Court of Wards estates.	Takavi advances recovered.	
6.		7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.
own applications to be disqualified from managing their estates.—(concluded.)									
					Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
...	...	7	6	...	485 10 1	...	...	61 0 0	9,019 14 3
...	...	6	...	...	832 6 10	...	...	...	4,104 15 0
...	...								
...	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...								
...	...								
...	...	3	...	...	507 12 9	...	...	...	7,411 7 9
...	...	1	...	...					
...	...	...	1	...	307 0 5	...	...	...	2,642 0 7
...	...	5	...	...	1,811 11 4	...	...	...	7,068 0 9
...	...	4	...	...	1,039 14 4	...	...	...	4,502 12 0
...	...	2	...	...	8,466 7 11	...	...	365 4 6	33,579 3 7
		3	...	...					
...	...	156	...	...	4,680 12 7	...	...	100 0 0	28,075 4 4
		89	...	...					
...	...	2	...	...	37,620 6 0	...	...	...	1,37,087 8 2
		40	...	...					
...	...	...	1	...	9,539 0 10	...	...	...	12,694 6 0
		...	33	...					
...	...	...	4	...	11,025 1 1	8,011 13 5	...	...	20,172 4 5
...	...	370	50	...	83,064 15 0	8,011 13 5	...	802 4 6	3,06,427 9 1
subject to the jurisdiction of the Courts of Wards.									
...	...	4	19	...	3,070 13 5	...	...	...	12,532 1 5
		1	...	...					
...	...	...	6	...	1,988 2 10	...	...	...	8,767 0 4
		...	1	...					
...	...	5	26	...	5,059 0 3	...	...	...	21,299 1 9
...	...	2,070	518	41	6,22,035 12 10	8,911 13 5	72,258 13 10	13,556 9 6	18,03,710 11 7

Statement No. II.—Assets and liabilities of the estates on the 30th]

Division.	District.	Serial number of estate.	Name of estate.	As Amount held in Government securities.	Debts secured by hypothecation or mortgage of property.	Debts not secured by hypothecation or mortgage of property.	Takávi advances.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Meerut.	Muzaffarnagar ...	1	Sambalahra ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	2	Jauli ...	250 0 0	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	3	Miranpur ...	...	...	...	...
	Meerut ...	4	Nagla Katar ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	5	Shaikhpura ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	6	Lawar ...	...	...	402 4 2	...
	Ditto ...	7	Karam Ali Khan ...	18,000 0 0	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	8	Muradnagar ...	...	...	...	...
	Bulandshahr ...	9	Jahangirabad ...	7,500 0 0	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	10	Khúrja ...	6,500 0 0	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	11	Skinner ...	33,600 0 0	...	...	...
				65,850 0 0	...	402 4 2	...
Rohilkhand.	Bijnor ...	12	Sherkot ...	...	4,604 7 6	...	...
	Moradabad ...	13	Abdul Wahib ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	14	Bakht Singh and Indarjit Singh	235 0 0	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	15	Munawwar Ali Khan ...	22,100 0 0	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	16	Kishn Singh and Gokul Singh ...	332 1 9	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	17	Shankur Lal ...	60 12 0	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	18	Musammat Shabnam ...	54 0 10	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	19	Bhim Singh ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	20	Bishambhar Nath ...	...	...	250 0 0	...
	Ditto ...	21	Kazi Muhammad Abbas ...	...	...	...	...
	Budaun ...	22	Alapur ...	...	...	...	...
	Sháhjahánpur ...	23	Narayanpur ...	...	...	...	159 1 0
	Ditto ...	24	Nahal ...	...	...	...	365 0 0
				22,781 14 7	4,604 7 6	250 0 0	524 1 0
Agra.	Muttra ...	25	Hardeo Prasad ...	...	...	...	...
	Agra ...	26	Parna ...	...	95 0 0	126 15 0	...
	Farukhabad ...	27	Kudsiya Begam ...	1,000 0 0	200 0 0	...	...
	Ditto ...	28	Umrao Zaman Khan ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	29	Khimaipur ...	...	192 0 0	...	...
	Mainpuri ...	30	Kunj Bihari Lal ...	...	...	...	...
	Etáwah ...	31	Chakkarnagar ...	...	...	...	231 0 0
	Ditto ...	32	Barhai ...	...	60,931 0 6	393 3 0	2,506 14 9
	Ditto ...	33	Bharthna No. I. ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	34	Ditto No. II. ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	35	Uncha ...	...	...	...	38 0 0
	Ditto ...	36	Mulhajani ...	...	...	380 11 0	...
	Ditto ...	37	Sunasi ...	...	...	...	100 0 0
	Ditto ...	38	Kuyan ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	39	Sirsai Nawar ...	...	...	...	...
	Etah ...	40	Rámpur ...	...	...	...	400 0 0
	Ditto ...	41	Rani Damar ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	42	Azizpur ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	43	Raya ...	...	...	...	...
				1,000 0 0	61,418 0 6	852 13 0	3,275 14 9
Jhánsi.	Jhánsi ...	44	Katahra ...	14,800 0 0	7,544 14 10	...	1,008 0 2
	Ditto ...	45	Chirgaon ...	...	...	1,560 2 9	...
	Ditto ...	46	Takhtauli Mahalwara ...	...	...	...	...
	Lalitpur ...	47	Marwari ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	48	Jagannath ...	1,000 0 0	...	4,029 3 10	7,199 8 1
	Ditto ...	49	Ranpur ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	50	Rajwara ...	...	547 14 6	...	...
	Ditto ...	51	Ram Charan ...	9,500 0 0	2,186 9 9	...	...
	Ditto ...	52	Karora ...	...	...	...	...
				25,300 0 0	10,279 7 1	5,659 6 7	8,207 8 3

September, 1876, exclusive of the value of landed property, stock and houses.

ASSETS.			LIABILITIES.				BALANCE.	
Recoverable arrears of rent and sayar.	Cash balance in hand at close of the year.	Total.	Amount due on account of Government loans.	Due on account of Court of Wards loans.	Other debts.	Total.	Surplus.	Deficit.
9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
512 4 4	1,059 14 1	1,572 2 5	...	...	55,731 15 5	55,731 15 5	...	54,159 13 0
...	295 7 0	545 7 0	...	...	...	...	545 7 0	...
833 13 0	295 6 3	1,129 3 9	...	...	24,747 3 9	24,747 3 9	...	23,618 0 0
15 2 9	67 8 7	82 11 4	...	402 4 2	...	402 4 2	...	319 8 10
...	16 10 10	16 10 10	...	...	...	...	16 10 10	...
99 8 9	393 8 1	895 0 0	...	...	...	...	895 0 0	...
560 0 8	13,320 15 8	31,881 0 4	...	...	...	...	31,881 0 4	...
...	...	...	...	...	3,900 0 0	3,900 0 0	...	3,900 0 0
1,063 13 8	2,529 5 9	11,093 3 5	...	...	...	...	11,093 3 5	...
...	743 15 1	7,243 15 1	...	...	...	...	7,243 15 1	...
...	2,221 5 5	35,821 5 5	...	...	...	...	35,821 5 5	...
3,084 11 8	20,943 11 9	90,280 11 7	...	402 4 2	84,379 3 2	84,781 7 4	87,496 10 1	81,967 5 10
19,052 14 7	73,450 18 6	97,108 3 7	...	...	...	...	97,108 3 7	...
...	37 2 1	37 2 1	...	...	810 13 0	810 13 0	...	773 10 11
...	43 4 1	278 4 1	...	...	...	...	278 4 1	...
...	3,313 6 0	25,413 6 0	...	...	...	...	25,413 6 0	...
...	38 7 8	365 9 0	...	...	...	...	365 9 0	...
...	107 14 2	168 10 2	...	...	250 0 0	250 0 0	...	81 5 10
...	18 0 11	72 1 9	...	...	...	...	72 1 9	...
332 1 6	...	332 1 6	...	...	14,000 0 0	14,000 0 0	...	13,667 14 6
4,340 10 9	182 14 0	4,773 8 9	...	...	36,350 0 0	36,350 0 0	...	31,576 7 3
...	1,462 14 7	1,462 14 7	...	...	28,615 0 4	28,615 0 4	...	27,152 1 9
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
258 4 6	28 4 7	445 10 1	...	...	25,500 0 0	25,500 0 0	...	25,054 5 11
1,228 4 5	930 9 1	2,523 13 6	65,534 10 8	...	...	65,534 10 8	...	63,010 13 2
25,212 3 9	79,608 10 3	1,32,981 5 1	65,534 10 8	...	1,05,525 13 4	1,71,060 8 0	1,23,237 8 5	1,01,316 11 4
78 15 7	291 12 5	370 12 0	...	...	...	...	370 12 0	...
210 0 0	178 8 8	610 7 8	23,500 0 1	...	...	23,500 0 1	...	22,889 8 5
841 7 9	1,285 5 2	3,126 12 11	...	...	...	...	3,126 12 11	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4,447 10 3	3,352 3 7	7,991 13 10	...	...	...	...	7,991 13 10	...
167 2 8	19 10 3	186 12 11	17,883 4 1	...	...	17,883 4 1	...	17,696 7 2
2,103 3 7	219 13 5	2,554 0 0	...	56,931 0 6	28,050 0 0	84,981 0 6	...	82,427 0 6
2,001 3 7	370 15 10	66,205 5 8	...	...	...	...	66,205 5 8	...
...	554 14 7	554 14 7	...	...	13,500 0 0	13,500 0 0	...	12,945 1 5
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
588 0 0	28 4 1	654 4 1	...	...	27,140 0 0	27,140 0 0	...	26,485 11 11
142 0 11	31 6 3	504 2 2	...	...	1,492 4 0	1,492 4 0	...	988 1 10
765 2 5	132 6 10	997 9 3	...	...	20,388 2 0	20,388 2 0	...	19,390 8 2
596 4 0	...	596 4 0	...	...	19,314 12 2	19,314 12 2	...	18,718 8 2
750 9 7	26,184 10 7	26,935 4 2	...	...	51,500 0 0	51,500 0 0	...	24,564 11 10
2,674 2 9	250 5 2	3,324 7 11	24,421 15 6	...	1,451 0 0	25,872 15 6	...	22,548 7 7
1,002 10 9	14 12 6	1,017 7 3	...	...	55,895 5 4	55,895 5 4	...	54,877 14 1
...	...	...	...	...	1,730 0 0	1,730 0 0	...	1,730 0 0
...	14 12 1	14 12 1	...	...	...	...	14 12 1	...
16,168 8 10	32,929 13 5	1,15,645 2 6	65,805 3 3	56,931 0 6	22,20,461 7 0	3,43,197 11 8	77,709 8 6	3,05,262 0 8
98 7 0	389 4 9	23,790 10 9	...	...	...	...	23,790 10 9	...
2,320 10 7	109 12 10	8,990 10 2	...	...	1,741 5 6	1,741 5 6	2,249 4 8	...
...	...	...	...	...	7,893 0 0	7,893 0 0	...	7,893 0 0
...	69 3 7	69 3 7	...	...	321 8 0	321 8 0	...	252 4 5
993 6 2	2,571 8 8	15,663 5 9	...	...	233 1 3	233 1 3	15,630 4 6	...
145 3 9	572 0 8	717 4 5	10 0 0	...	830 15 10	840 15 10	...	123 11 5
98 8 1	319 1 0	965 7 7	...	500 0 0	3,303 10 8	3,803 10 8	...	2,838 3 1
6 5 4	223 13 4	11,916 12 5	...	...	...	...	11,916 12 5	...
...	12 13 9	12 13 9	...	...	...	...	12 13 9	...
3,662 8 11	4,217 5 7	57,326 4 5	10 0 0	500 0 0	14,323 9 3	14,833 9 3	53,599 14 1	11,107 2 11

Statement No. II.—Assets and Liabilities of the estates on the 30th

As

Division.	District.	Serial number of estate.	Name of estate,	Amount held in Government securities.	Debts secured by hypothecation or mortgage of property.	Debts not secured by hypothecation or mortgage of property.	Takávi advances.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Allahabad	Cawnpore ...	53	Akbarpur Sen ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	54	Barwa Khurd ...	3,000 0 0	...	...	40 0 0
	Ditto ...	55	Jagjiwanpur ...	1,500 0 0	...	208 0 11	240 0 0
	Ditto ...	56	Rawatpur ...	14,000 0 0	...	5 12 3	1,161 5 0
	Ditto ...	57	Ghagwa Bhabhi ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	58	Muminpur Ratgaon ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	59	Usmanpur ...	13,000 0 0	2,944 8 7	852 15 11	...
	Ditto ...	60	Pankigangaganj No. I. ...	..	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	61	Shahryarpur ...	..	...	91 14 5	1,811 8 0
	Ditto ...	62	Nunhari ...	2,500 0 0	280 10 0	1,447 7 11	...
	Ditto ...	63	Pankigangaganj No. II. ...	..	...	92 3 0	...
	Fatehpur ...	64	Ata Husain ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	65	Khan Bibi ...	...	...	...	500 0 0
	Ditto ...	66	Asothar ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	67	Patti Shah ...	...	..	...	98 8 0
	Allahabad ...	68	Manda ...	...	49 9 9	555 5 0	...
	Ditto ...	69	Pratap Chand ...	59,000 0 0	1,24,375 1 5	1,12,416 1 5	...
	Ditto ...	70	Sarai Pitha ...	...	825 7 3	10 10 8	...
	Ditto ...	71	Serai Bharat ..	...	...	...	100 0 0
	Ditto ...	72	Rai Asapal Singh Bahadur, ...	...	...	..	...
	Ditto ...	73	Khargapur ...	...	311 10 9	466 8 9	...
	Hamirpur ...	74	Musammat Makhania ...	...	84 0 0	429 0 0	6,228 5 2
	Ditto ...	75	Har Lal ...	...	53,009 3 6	73,743 0 4	...
	Jaunpur ...	76	Bhagesa ...	1,500 0 0	...	...	...
				94,500 0 0	1,81,880 3 3	1,90,319 0 7	9,673 10 2
Benares.	Gorakhpur ...	77	Majhauli ...	...	...	...	...
	Basti ...	78	Mithwal Bakhshi No. I. ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	79	Ditto No II. ...	...	...	...	...
	Azamgarh ...	80	Balgobind ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	81	Dubari ...	...	1,483 0 0	...	...
	Mirzapur ...	82	Agori Barhar ...	83,500 0 0	88,704 1 6	198 0 0	1,818 14 6
	Ditto ...	83	Kantit ...	2,82,000 0 0	84,250 0 0	12,000 0 0	882 10 9
	Ditto ...	84	Nand Kunwar Pande ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	85	Gopalpur No. I. ...	...	...	...	45 0 0
	Ditto ...	86	Ditto No. II. ...	...	2,011 13 5	...	30 0 0
	Benares ...	87	Pisur Danielpur ...	13 6 10	307 0 3	159 10 0	...
	Ghazipur ...	88	Sat Narayan Pande ...	1,750 0 0	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	89	Sunwani ...	...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	90	Karim-ud-dinpur ...	...	...	...	...
			Total ...	3,67,263 6 10	1,26,755 15 2	12,357 10 0	2,776 9 3
			GRAND TOTAL ...	5,76,695 5 5	3,84,938 1 6	2,09,841 2 4	24,557 11 5

September 1876, *exclusive of the value of landed property, stock and houses*– (concld.)

ASETS.			LIABILITIES.				BALANCE.	
Recoverable arrears of rent and sayar.	Cash balance in hand at close of the year.	Total.	Amount due on account of Government loans.	Due on account of Court of Wards loans.	Other debts.	Total.	Surplus.	Deficit.
9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1,191 10 9	110 13 0	1,302 7 9	...	...	16,623 15 9	16,623 15 9	...	15,321 8 0
420 1 11	993 13 5	4,453 15 4	...	...	...	...	4,453 15 4	...
16 2 0	117 2 4	2,081 5 3	...	...	...	...	2,081 5 3	...
2,286 8 3	5,250 3 7	22,703 13 1	...	...	...	...	22,703 13 1	...
22 15 3	72 4 1	95 3 4	...	...	...	...	95 3 4	...
696 7 3	748 10 2	1,445 1 5	...	5 12 3	...	5 12 3	1,439 5 2	...
86 15 9	3,595 8 7	20,480 0 10	...	...	...	...	20,480 0 10	...
436 5 11	61 0 10	497 6 9	8,883 8 8	...	92 3 0	8,975 11 8	...	8,478 4 11
536 4 1	1,964 4 4	2,592 6 10	...	...	...	...	2,592 6 10	...
1,244 1 2	6,383 11 9	13,167 6 10	...	...	...	...	13,167 6 10	...
486 5 9	340 10 8	869 3 5	...	...	7,745 2 9	7,745 2 9	...	6,875 15 4
250 15 9	86 1 5	337 1 2	...	10,263 7 6	...	10,263 7 6	...	9,926 6 4
98 7 3	94 3 11	192 11 2	...	3,866 11 6	...	3,866 11 6	...	3,674 0 4
4,981 0 5	159 1 0	5,640 1 5	...	...	20,177 4 0	20,177 4 0	...	14,537 2 7
164 14 4	767 3 5	932 1 9	...	...	8,442 1 4	8,442 1 4	...	7,509 15 7
988 9 8	2,438 2 4	4,194 2 4	...	...	1,63,871 12 0	1,63,871 12 0	...	1,59,747 9 8
2,784 14 9	25,393 1 3	3,23,969 2 10	...	...	...	...	3,23,969 2 10	...
806 5 6	392 14 2	2 035 5 7	...	...	40,087 5 6	40,087 5 6	...	38,051 15 11
56 13 4	2,693 9 2	2,750 6 6	...	...	1,40,461 3 8	1,40,461 3 8	...	1,37,710 13 2
...	229 9 5	229 9 5	34,896 11 9	...	...	34,896 11 9	...	34,667 2 4
12 5 6	90 8 5	881 1 5	...	...	88,467 15 7	88,467 15 7	...	87,586 14 2
...	12 12 6	525 12 6	...	...	...	...	525 12 6	...
7,777 8 6	3,957 15 10	1,44,716 1 4	...	...	...	...	1,44,716 1 4	...
491 6 10	786 6 2	2,779 13 0	...	...	...	...	2,779 13 0	...
25,787 3 6	56,741 11 9	5,58,901 13 3	43,780 4 5	14,135 15 3	4,65,968 15 7	5,43,885 3 3	5,39,004 6 4	5,23,987 12 4
22,667 13 4	353 3 7	23.021 0 11	6,38,915 5 4	...	...	6,38,915 5 4	...	6,15,894 4 5
...	1,002 1 10	1,002 1 10	...	...	15,681 9 9	15,681 9 9	...	14,679 7 12
...	394 12 11	394 12 11	...	...	9,252 0 0	9,252 0 0	...	8,857 0 1
550 0 0	3,772 0 0	4,322 0 0	...	...	55,677 0 0	55,677 0 0	...	51,355 0 0
2,622 9 5	1,110 3 10	5,215 13 3	...	...	...	...	5,215 13 3	...
19,494 6 6	77,689 12 8	2,71,405 3 2	...	...	...	...	2.71,405 3 2	...
34,919 7 3	83,995 5 1	4.48,047 7 1	...	...	...	...	4,48,047 7 1	...
106 8 0	26 10 9	133 2 9	...	...	...	...	133 2 9	...
113 2 5	198 14 6	356 0 11	...	7,926 10 11	...	7,926 10 11	...	7,570 10 0
81 7 3	102 1 10	2,225 6 6	...	3,000 0 0	...	3,000 0 0	...	774 9 6
400 14 8	45 2 4	926 2 1	...	...	...	...	926 2 1	...
...	22 10 2	1,772 10 2	...	...	...	...	1,772 10 2	...
378 9 10	1,825 11 10	2,204 5 8	...	...	4,83,381 1 0	4,83,381 1 0	...	4,81,176 11 4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81,383 14 8	1,70,538 11 4	7,61,026 3 3	6,38,915 5 4	10,926 10 11	5,63,991 10 9	12,13,833 11 0	7,27,500 6 6	11,80,307 14 3
1,55,249 3 4	3,64,980 0 1	17,16,161 8 1	8,14,045 8 1	82,895 14 10	14,74,650 11 7	23,71,592 2 6	16,08,546 5 11	22,63,979 0 4

STATEMENT No. III.—*Showing the rental demand, collections and balance*

Division.	District.	Serial number of estate.	Name of estate.	Demand.		
				Arrears.	Current.	Total.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
MEERUT.	Muzaffarnagar ...	1	Sambalahra ...	872 7 5	23,751 15 8	24,624 7 1
	Ditto ...	2	Jauli ...	...	1,950 0 0	1,950 0 0
	Ditto ...	3	Miranpur ...	923 3 11	4,965 15 9	5,889 3 8
	Meerut ...	4	Nagla Katar ...	...	694 1 0	694 1 0
	Ditto ...	5	Shaikhpura ...	...	235 0 0	235 0 0
	Ditto ...	6	Lawar ...	40 14 9	2,823 8 3	2,864 7 0
	Ditto ...	7	Karam Ali Khan ...	410 13 5	21,943 0 3	22,353 13 8
	Ditto ...	8	Muradnagar ...	...	...	...
	Bulandshahr ...	9	Jahangirabad ...	1,075 2 3	9,422 8 6	10,497 10 9
	Ditto ...	10	Khúrja ...	...	1,460 0 0	1,460 0 0
	Ditto ...	11	Skinner ...	...	...	...
			Total ...	3,322 8 9	67,246 1 5	70,568 10 2
ROHILKHAND.	Bijnor ...	12	Sherkot ...	17,292 13 7	1,30,157 5 1	1,47,450 2 8
	Moradabad ...	13	Abdul Wahib ...	...	* 268 1 1	268 1 1
	Ditto ...	14	Bakht Singh and Indarjit Singh ...	...	227 1 0	227 1 0
	Ditto ...	15	Munawwar Ali Khan ...	...	9,519 15 6	9,519 15 6
	Ditto ...	16	Kishn Singh and Gokul Singh ...	...	608 13 6	608 13 6
	Ditto ...	17	Shankar Lal ...	...	316 0 0	316 0 0
	Ditto ...	18	Musammat Shabnam ...	...	13 13 11	13 13 11
	Ditto ...	19	Bhim Singh ...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	20	Bishambharnath ...	4,304 13 9	200 0 0	4,504 13 9
	Ditto ...	21	Kazi Muhammad Abbas ...	...	12,532 1 5	12,532 1 5
	Budaun ...	22	Alapur ...	...	168 3 0	168 3 0
	Sháhjahánpur ...	23	Narayanpur ...	124 1 9	13,680 15 3	13,805 1 0
	Ditto ...	24	Nahal ...	482 0 1	19,804 13 7	20,286 13 8
			Total ...	22,203 13 2	1,87,492 3 4	2,09,696 0 6
AGRA.	Muttra ...	25	Hardeo Prasad ...	17 8 3	115 1 3	132 9 6
	Agra ...	26	Parna ...	185 7 6	12,152 3 3	12,337 10 9
	Farukhabad ...	27	Kudsiya Begam ...	1,602 1 4	4,054 6 0	5,656 7 4
	Ditto ...	28	Umrao Zuman Khan ...	...	18 0 0	18 0 0
	Ditto ...	29	Khimsipur ...	2,675 9 1	11,930 2 4	14,605 11 5
	Mainpuri ...	30	Kunj Bihari Lal ...	102 13 8	8,449 12 3	8,552 9 11
	Etáwah ...	31	Chakkarnagar ...	1,683 5 3	32,789 2 11	34,472 8 2
	Ditto ...	32	Barhai ...	4,372 12 0	57,694 4 6	62,067 0 6
	Ditto ...	33	Bharthna No. I ...	108 0 0	5,028 10 9	5,136 10 9
	Ditto ...	34	Ditto No. II ...			
	Ditto ...	35	Uncha ...	955 0 7	9,359 8 0	10,314 8 7
	Ditto ...	36	Malhajani ...	466 4 0	10,642 7 4	11,108 11 4
	Ditto ...	37	Sunasi ...	345 11 11	4,524 5 6	4,870 1 5
	Ditto ...	38	Kuyan ...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	39	Sirsai Nawar ...	2,331 10 0	5,200 0 0	7,531 10 0
	Etah ...	40	Rámpur ...	799 8 6	9,299 0 9	14,098 9 3
	Ditto ...	41	Rani Damar ...	481 0 2	2,127 8 6	2,608 8 8
	Ditto ...	42	Azizpur ...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	43	Raya ...	...	37 3 4	37 3 4
			Total ...	16,126 12 3	1,73,421 12 8	1,89,548 8 11
JHÁNSI.	Jhánsi ...	44	Katahra ...	309 7 4	9,900 1 8	10,209 9 0
	Ditto ...	45	Chirgaon ...	5,843 13 1	7,805 5 0	13,649 2 1
	Ditto ...	46	Takhtauli Mahalwara ...	...	...	...
	Lalitpur ...	47	Marwari ...	10 13 4	557 10 0	568 7 4
	Ditto ...	48	Jagannath ...	907 15 10	1,511 3 7	2,419 3 5
	Ditto ...	49	Banpur ...	146 9 2	883 4 6	1,029 13 8
	Ditto ...	50	Rajwara ...	114 15 1	4,007 10 6	4,122 9 7
	Ditto ...	51	Ram Charan ...	...	40 0 0	40 0 0
	Ditto ...	52	Karora ...	...	83 9 0	83 9 0
			Total ...	7,333 9 10	24,788 12 3	32,122 6 1

of the several estates for the revenue year 1875-76.

Collections.			Balance.				Percentage of collections to demand.			Percentage of irrecoverable balance to total demand.
Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Recoverable.	Doubtful.	Irrecoverable.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	
8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.
Rs a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
736 14 7	23,425 4 5	24,162 2 9	462 4 4	...	..	462 4 4	65	99	98	...
...	1,950 0 0	1,950 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	...
691 6 2	4,341 4 0	5,032 10 2	771 3 9	...	85 5 9	856 9 6	75	87	85	14·6
...	678 14 3	678 14 3	15 2 9	...	...	15 2 9	...	98	98	...
...	235 0 0	235 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	...
34 13 6	2,695 1 3	2,729 14 9	97 2 9	...	37 5 6	134 8 3	80	97	95	1·29
103 9 2	21,743 14 1	21,847 7 3	506 5 5	...	...	506 5 5	25	89	98	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
881 9 6	8,552 8 7	9,433 13 1	1,063 13 8	...	...	1,063 13 8	82	91	90	...
...	1,460 0 0	1,460 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,448 4 11	65,081 9 4	67,529 14 3	3,916 0 8	...	122 11 3	3,038 11 11	73	97	95	·17
6,815 0 3	120,203 11 4	1,27,018 11 7	18,481 10 7	...	1,949 12 6	20,431 7 1	39	99	86	1·32
...	268 1 1	268 1 1	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	...
...	227 1 0	227 1 0	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	...
...	9,519 15 6	9,519 15 6	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	...
...	603 13 6	603 13 6	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	...
...	316 0 0	316 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	...
...	13 13 11	13 13 11	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	200 0 0	200 0 0	4,304 13 9	...	...	4,304 13 9	...	100	4	...
...	12,532 1 5	12,532 1 5	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	...
...	168 3 0	168 3 0	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	...
77 0 6	13,539 12 6	13,616 13 0	166 15 9	...	1 4 3	168 4 0	62	99	99	...
401 14 5	18,919 11 1	19,321 9 6	939 8 8	...	25 11 6	965 4 2	88	95	95	·12
7,393 15 2	1,76,512 4 4	1,83,906 3 6	23,913 0 9	...	1,976 12 3	25,889 13 0	33	99	87	·94
6 6 0	92 2 1	98 8 1	34 1 5	...	...	34 1 5	37	60	75	...
82 5 3	11,677 2 6	11,759 7 9	200 0 0	275 0 9	103 2 3	379 3 0	44	96	95	·83
257 10 9	3,664 6 1	3,942 0 10	641 7 9	...	1,072 14 9	1,714 6 6	17	90	70	15·99
...	18 0 0	18 0 0	..	...	...	...	...	100	100	...
84 14 6	9,464 11 9	9,549 10 3	4,423 1 6	...	632 15 8	5,056 1 2	3	79	65	4·36
98 1 1	8,344 5 6	8,392 6 7	159 4 0	...	0 15 4	160 3 4	47	99	98	...
987 14 9	31,265 5 6	32,233 4 3	1,987 12 1	...	251 7 10	2,239 3 11	57	99	93	·73
86: 1 10	56,892 14 4	57,664 0 2	1,584 0 4	2,551 6 7	267 9 5	4,403 0 4	20	99	93	·43
198 0 0	5,028 10 9	5,126 10 9	...	...	...	...	100	100	100	...
87 5 9	8,722 8 6	8,809 14 3	562 4 0	...	942 6 4	1,504 10 4	9	93	85	9·13
198 1 7	10,254 11 8	10,452 13 3	142 0 11	332 12 0	181 1 2	655 14 1	42	96	94	1·65
...	4,104 15 0	4,104 15 0	765 2 5	...	...	765 2 5	...	91	84	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
814 4 11	4,749 12 9	5,564 1 8	683 13 9	...	1,283 10 7	1,967 8 4	35	91	74	13·05
390 2 8	6,999 5 6	7,389 7 9	2,651 2 9	...	57 14 9	2,709 1 6	49	75	73	·57
69 13 6	1,320 9 0	1,390 6 6	942 14 3	257 7 11	17 12 0	1,218 2 2	14	62	51	·75
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	37 3 4	37 3 4	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	...
3,996 2 2	1,62,546 12 3	1,66,542 14 5	14,717 1 2	3,416 11 3	4,811 14 1	23,005 10 6	25	93	88	2 54
165 12 8	9,552 13 5	9,718 10 1	98 7 0	40 5 0	352 2 11	490 14 11	54	96	95	3·45
1,743 7 6	6,667 8 5	8,410 15 11	2,330 10 7	1,004 13 3	1,912 10 4	5,238 2 2	30	85	61	14·02
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0 3 0	557 10 0	557 13 0	...	10 10 4	...	10 10 4	2	100	98	...
76 13 11	1,348 15 4	1,425 13 3	993 6 2	...	...	993 6 2	8	89	56	...
42 12 3	841 13 8	884 9 11	145 3 9	...	...	145 3 9	29	95	87	...
22 11 0	4,001 6 6	4,024 1 6	...	92 4 1	6 4 0	98 8 1	20	99	98	·15
...	40 0 0	40 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	...
...	83 9 0	83 9 0	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	...
2,051 12 4	28,093 12 4	25,145 8 8	3,557 11 6	1,148 0 8	2,271 1 3	6,976 13 5	28	23	78	7·03

STATEMENT No. III.—*Showing the rental demand, collections and balance*

Division.	District.	Serial number of estate.	Name of estate.	Demand.		
				Arrears.	Current.	Total.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
ALLAHABAD.	Cawnpore	53	Akbarpur Sen	1,634 7 0	5,698 1 2	7,332 8 2
	Ditto	54	Barwa Khurd	274 1 5	2,329 4 0	2,603 5 5
	Ditto	55	Jagjiwanpur	7 12 0	1,000 2 6	1,007 14 6
	Ditto	56	Rawatpur	1,859 4 10	42,408 15 5	44,268 4 3
	Ditto	57	Ghagwa Bhabhi	2 3 0	623 8 2	625 11 2
	Ditto	58	Muminpur Ratgaon	447 10 2	4,541 0 7	4,988 10 9
	Ditto	59	Usmanpur	11 4 9	1,252 12 3	1,264 1 0
	Ditto	60	Pankigangaganj No. I	755 1 0	2,476 2 2	3,231 3 2
	Ditto	61	Shahryarpur	2,086 12 9	5,333 8 7	7,420 5 4
	Ditto	62	Nunhari	477 9 6	22,462 14 3	22,940 7 9
	Ditto	63	Pankigangaganj No. II	677 7 5	2,476 2 2	3,153 9 7
	Fatehpur	64	Ata Husain	58 2 9	7,144 11 3	7,203 14 0
	Ditto	65	Khan Bibi	24 8 0	4,609 0 6	4,633 8 6
	Ditto	66	Asothar	9,370 5 0	25,342 2 6	34,712 7 6
	Ditto	67	Patti Shah	324 12 0	2,306 9 5	2,631 5 5
	Allahabad	68	Manda	3,071 4 11	1,74,069 10 6	1,77,140 15 5
	Ditto	69	Pratap Chand	254 15 10	1,05,819 12 9	1,06,074 12 7
	Ditto	70	Sarai Pitha	475 1 2	17,596 3 8	18,071 4 10
	Ditto	71	Sarai Bharat	285 3 6	45,170 7 2	45,455 10 8
	Ditto	72	Rai Asapal Singh Bahadur ...	...	27,893 11 10	27,893 11 10
	Ditto	73	Khargapur	1,506 13 9	19,965 2 10	21,472 0 7
	Hamirpur	74	Musammat Makhania	14 8 0	168 0 0	182 8 0
	Ditto	75	Har Lal	6,956 10 9	19,455 5 3	26,414 0 0
	Jaunpur	76	Bhagesa	1,139 4 10	1,084 12 11	2,224 1 9
			Total ...	31,717 4 4	5,41,228 1 10	5,72,945 6 2
BENARES.	Gorakhpur	77	Majhauli			
	Basti	78	Mithwal Bakhshi No. I	27,671 14 8	1,15,747 13 10	1,43,419 12 6
	Ditto	79	Ditto No. II... ...	...	2,640 4 9	2,640 4 9
	Azamgarh	80	Balgobind	...	880 4 5	880 4 5
	Ditto	81	Dubari	477 0 0	2,880 0 0	3,357 0 0
	Mirzapur	82	Agori Barhar	3,478 13 4	11,635 13 9	15,114 11 1
	Ditto	83	Kantit	11,384 9 4	88,035 13 3	99,420 6 7
	Ditto	84	Nund Kunwar Pande	87,206 15 9	1,90,120 13 7	2,27,327 13 4
	Ditto	85	Gopalpur No. 1	134 1 9	134 0 3	268 2 0
	Ditto	86	Ditto No. II	166 2 8	1,172 13 6	1,339 0 2
	Benares	87	Pisur Danielpur	122 5 7	905 9 9	1,027 15 4
	Ghazipur	88	Sat Narayan Pande	384 2 4	2,529 6 1	2,913 8 5
	Ditto	89	Sunwani	45 7 8	1,923 0 0	1,968 7 8
	Ditto	90	Karim-ud-dinpur	155 15 10	34,406 2 2	34,562 2 0
				...	...	...
			Total ...	81,227 8 11	4,53,011 15 4	5,34,239 8 3
			GRAND TOTAL ...	1,61,931 9 3	14,47,188 14 10	16,09,120 8 1

of the several estates for the revenue year 1875-76—(concluded.)

Collections.			Balance.				Percentage of collections to demand.			Percentage of irrecoverable balance to total demand.
Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Recoverable.	Doubtful.	Irrecoverable.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	
8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				
2 8 0	4,536 14 8	4,539 6 8	1,176 2 6	708 15 9	907 15 3	2,793 1 6	...	79	63	12 28
83 15 8	2,104 3 10	2,188 3 6	415 1 11	...	...	415 1 11	31	90	84	...
7 12 0	975 0 6	982 12 6	15 14 0	...	9 4 0	25 2 0	100	97	97	·91
1,013 6 3	40,203 5 6	41,216 11 9	1,798 5 11	621 7 6	631 11 1	3,051 8 6	55	95	93	1·24
0 13 4	597 6 3	598 3 7	22 15 3	...	4 8 4	27 7 7	37	96	95	·72
143 2 6	4,165 1 0	4,308 3 6	680 7 3	...	...	680 7 3	32	92	86	...
11 4 9	1,160 15 6	1,172 4 3	77 12 9	...	14 0 0	91 12 9	100	93	93	1·1
13 12 9	2,095 12 1	2,109 8 10	380 6 1	741 4 3	...	1,121 10 4	2	85	66	...
116 11 3	4,944 5 5	5,061 0 8	536 4 1	...	1,823 0 7	2,359 4 8	5	93	68	24·57
224 7 4	21,284 9 0	21,509 0 4	1,193 8 8	...	237 14 9	1,431 7 5	47	95	94	1·02
13 13 3	2,095 12 2	2,109 9 5	380 6 0	663 10 2	...	1,044 0 2	2	84	67	...
66 13 9	6,960 2 6	6,997 0 3	182 3 9	19 10 0	4 0 0	205 13 9	64	98	97	·05
6 3 0	4,489 13 0	4,498 0 0	89 7 3	43 6 8	2 11 0	135 8 6	34	97	97	·06
615 0 6	23,953 1 10	24,568 2 4	4,769 6 2	2,699 4 3	2,675 10 9	10,144 5 2	6	94	71	7·71
324 12 0	1,876 10 5	2,201 6 5	158 6 4	116 5 7	155 3 1	429 15 0	100	81	84	5·88
2,888 3 5	1,73,453 7 0	1,76,341 10 8	792 0 9	...	7 4 0	799 4 9	94	99	99	...
158 6 7	1,03,039 9 0	1,03,197 15 7	2,784 14 9	...	91 14 3	2,876 13 0	62	97	97	·08
305 4 6	16,507 2 6	16,812 7 0	806 5 6	37 12 10	414 11 6	1,258 13 10	64	94	93	2·29
71 15 6	44,679 5 4	44,751 4 10	56 13 4	491 13 2	155 11 4	704 5 10	25	99	98	·34
...	27,893 11 10	27,893 11 10	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	...
1,344 3 9	19,940 1 10	21,284 5 7	12 5 6	56 15 3	118 6 3	187 11 0	89	99	99	·55
...	163 0 0	163 0 0	...	...	19 8 0	19 8 0	...	97	89	10·44
393 9 6	16,510 10 3	16,904 3 9	7,509 13 1	1,999 15 2	...	9,509 12 3	6	85	84	...
1,085 6 0	647 4 11	1,732 10 11	491 6 10	...	...	491 6 10	95	60	78	...
8,868 9 10	5,24,277 6 4	5,33,141 0 2	24,330 7 8	8,200 8 2	7,273 6 2	39,804 6 0	28	97	93	1·28
19,908 8 8	96,962 4 11	1,16,870 13 5	22,488 11 4	2,010 4 6	2,049 15 3	26,548 15 1	72	82	82	1·4
...	2,636 2 3	2,636 2 3	...	...	4 2 6	4 2 6	...	100	100	...
...	878 8 4	878 8 4	...	...	1 12 1	1 12 1	...	100	100	...
191 0 0	2,492 0 0	2,683 0 0	529 0 0	91 0 0	54 0 0	674 0 0	40	83	77	1·6
1,862 13 4	10,263 8 8	12,126 6 0	2,480 0 4	197 2 9	311 2 0	2,988 5 1	53	88	68	2·05
4,989 11 7	78,981 13 9	83,971 9 4	14,206 6 3	...	1,242 7 0	15,448 13 3	44	89	85	1·25
19,464 14 10	1,73,183 3 4	1,92,648 2 2	32,978 7 11	248 12 6	1,452 6 9	34,679 11 2	52	91	85	·51
54 8 9	70 7 3	125 0 0	105 15 6	...	37 2 6	143 2 0	44	52	46	13·8
96 11 4	1,018 5 1	1,115 0 5	57 1 10	163 1 11	3 12 0	223 15 9	59	87	83	·27
65 7 2	798 3 1	863 10 3	45 11 10	111 1 2	7 7 6	164 5 1	53	88	84	·73
308 6 11	2,214 9 0	2,522 15 11	390 8 6	...	...	390 8 6	80	88	87	...
45 7 8	1,923 0 0	1,968 7 8	...	...	...	...	100	100	100	...
147 12 5	33,912 10 11	34,060 7 4	341 3 7	...	160 7 1	501 10 8	95	93	93	·46
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
47,135 6 6	4,05,334 12 7	4,52,470 3 1	73,623 3 1	2,821 7 5	5,324 10 8	81,769 5 2	58	90	85	·99
71,789 2 11	13,56,846 9 2	14,28,635 12 1	1,48,117 8 10	15,588 11 6	21,780 7 8	1,80,484 12 0	44	94	89	1·35

STATEMENT No. IV.—*Showing the net profits or*

Division.	Name of estate.	Serial number of estate.	Receipts exclusive of debts, loans and advances recovered.						Government revenue.
			Rental of revenue paying land.	Rental of revenue-free land.	Total rental.	Interest on cash investments or mortgage.	Miscellaneous income.	Grand total.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
MEERUT.	Sambalahra ...	1	22,757 2 9	1,405 0 0	24,162 2 9	...	66,731 3 10	90,893 6 7	12,238 2 6
	Jauli ...	2	1,950 0 0	...	1,950 0 0	...	8 0 0	1,958 0 0	863 6 10
	Miranpur ...	3	5,032 10 2	...	5,032 10 2	...	1,025 15 11	6,058 10 1	3,606 2 9
	Nagla Katar ...	4	678 14 3	...	678 14 3	...	...	678 14 3	270 0 0
	Shaikhpura ...	5	235 0 0	...	235 0 0	...	...	235 0 0	86 2 0
	Lawar ...	6	2,729 14 9	...	2,729 14 9	...	230 9 0	2,960 7 9	1,282 15 5
	Karam Ali Khan ...	7	21,847 7 3	...	21,847 7 3	600 0 0	1,902 12 7	24,350 3 10	8,289 6 3
	Muradnagar ...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jahangirabad ...	9	9,433 13 1	...	9,433 13 1	292 8 0	464 15 6	10,191 4 7	3,363 2 0
	Khurja ...	10	1,460 0 0	...	1,460 0 0	275 0 0	...	1,735 0 0	...
	Skinner ...	11	...	...	...	1,382 8 0	3,200 0 0	4,582 8 0	...
	Total ...		66,124 14 8	1,405 0 0	67,529 14 3	2,750 0 0	73,563 8 10	1,43,843 7 1	29,999 7 9
ROHILKHAND.	Sherkot ...	12	1,19,371 11 7	7,647 0 0	1,27,018 11 7	...	11,224 13 2	1,38,243 8 9	62,076 14 0
	Abdul Wahib ...	13	268 1 1	...	268 1 1	...	...	268 1 1	55 14 10
	Bakht Singh and Indarjit Singh.	14	227 1 0	...	227 1 0	...	6 1 0	233 2 0	101 10 0
	Manawwar Ali Khan ...	15	9,519 15 6	...	9,519 15 6	808 0 0	467 8 11	10,795 8 5	4,827 2 0
	Kishn Singh and Gokul Singh.	16	603 13 6	...	603 13 6	4 1 4	154 8 6	762 7 4	375 0 0
	Shankar Lal ...	17	316 0 0	...	316 0 0	0 12 0	17 0 0	333 12 0	101 12 0
	Musammat Shabnam ...	18	13 13 11	...	13 13 11	1 9 10	...	15 7 9	3 5 4
	Bhim Singh ...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bishambhar Nath ...	20	200 0 0	...	200 0 0	...	182 14 0	382 14 0	...
	Kazi Muhammad Abbas,	21	12,532 1 5	...	12,532 1 5	...	...	12,532 1 5	6,524 13 6
	Alapur ...	22	168 3 0	...	168 3 0	...	...	168 3 0	71 11 4
	Narayanpur ...	23	13,616 13 0	...	13,616 13 0	...	2,139 2 6	15,755 15 6	7,540 0 0
	Nahal ...	24	19,321 9 6	...	19,321 9 6	...	4,716 3 3	24,037 12 9	11,767 0 0
	Total ...		1,76,159 3 6	7,647 0 0	1,83,806 3 6	814 7 2	18,908 3 4	2,03,528 14 0	95,445 3 0
AGRA.	Hardeo Prasad ...	25	98 8 1	...	98 8 1	...	5 11 5	104 3 6	84 5 4
	Parna ...	26	11,759 7 9	...	11,759 7 9	...	211 6 6	11,970 14 3	5,075 9 0
	Kudsiya Begam ...	27	...	3,942 0 10	3,942 0 10	173 5 4	2,511 2 11	6,626 9 1	...
	Umrao Zaman Khan ...	28	...	18 0 0	18 0 0	...	...	18 0 0	...
	Khimsipur ...	29	8,639 0 6	910 9 9	9,549 10 3	...	630 12 5	10,180 6 8	3,861 14 8
	Kunj Bihari Lal ...	30	8,392 6 7	...	8,392 6 7	...	374 9 9	8,767 0 4	4,755 1 2
	Chakkaruagar ...	31	32,233 4 3	...	32,233 4 3	...	4,178 3 0	36,411 7 3	17,735 0 0
	Barhai ...	32	57,664 0 2	...	57,664 0 2	3,963 2 0	1,117 4 3	62,744 6 5	34,266 8 0
	Bharthna, No. I. ...	33	5,136 10 9	...	5,136 10 9	...	1,300 3 5	6,436 14 2	2,913 0 0
	Ditto No. II. ...	34							
	Uncha ...	35	8,809 14 3	...	8,809 14 3	...	149 0 0	8,958 14 3	4,845 0 0
	Malhajani ...	36	10,452 13 3	...	10,452 13 3	...	380 2 8	10,832 15 11	5,620 0 0
	Sunasi ...	37	4,104 15 0	...	4,104 15 0	...	...	4,104 15 0	2,086 0 0
	Kuyan ...	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sirsai Nawar ...	39	5,564 1 8	...	5,564 1 8	...	1,649 1 6	7,213 3 2	2,982 9 9
	Rampur ...	40	5,458 7 0	1,931 0 9	7,389 7 9	...	22 0 0	7,411 7 9	3,079 3 6
	Rani Damar ...	41	1,390 6 6	...	1,390 6 6	...	438 15 6	1,829 6 0	838 10 1
	Azizpur ...	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Raya ...	43	37 3 4	...	37 3 4	...	...	37 3 4	19 8 6
	Total ...		1,59,741 3 1	6,801 11 4	1,66,542 14 5	4,136 7 4	12,968 9 4	1,83,647 15 1	88,161 13 0
JHANSI.	Katahra	44	3,417 5 1	6,301 5 0	9,718 10 1	640 8 6	1,934 0 0	12,293 2 7	2,135 11 0
	Chirgaon	45	8,410 15 11	...	8,410 15 11	...	1,821 9 4	10,232 9 3	5,773 9 0
	Takhtauli Mahalwara ...	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Marwari	47	557 13 0	...	557 13 0	...	0 6 0	558 3 0	285 0 0
	Jaggannath ..	48	1,425 13 3	...	1,425 13 3	54 14 0	1,509 1 10	2,989 13 1	875 2 8
	Banpur	49	884 9 11	...	884 9 11	...	...	884 9 11	420 13 4
	Rajwara	50	2,692 11 6	1,331 6 0	4,024 1 6	...	444 6 2	4,468 7 8	1,703 0 0
	Ram Charan ...	51	40 0 0	...	40 0 0	477 5 0	68 0 10	585 5 10	24 0 0
	Karora	52	83 9 0	...	83 9 0	...	6 1 6	89 10 6	19 14 6
	Total ..		17,512 13 8	7,632 11 0	25,145 8 8	1,172 11 6	5,783 9 8	32,101 13 10	11,237 2 6

income derived from each estate during the Revenue year 1875-76.

Expenditure chargeable to income or profits.								
Cesses.	Patwári rate.	Owners' rate.	Occupiers' rate.	Cost of management.	Miscellaneous charges including law expenses, ordinary repairs, and interest on debts and loans.	Total.	Net profits or income of the year.	Percentage of revenue to rental receipts in column 4.	Percentage of cost of management to receipts in column 9.
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
1,315 11 10	636 5 11	292 5 2	...	561 1 0	8,321 11 3	23,365 5 8	67,538 0 11	54	·61
86 5 5	49 15 4	...	7 9 8	140 5 4	99 11 4	1,247 5 11	710 10 1	44	7 15
266 3 5	119 2 1	40 11 11	...	533 9 8	75 0 8	4,640 14 6	1,417 11 7	71	8·31
27 0 0	12 1 0	..	...	21 9 0	3 9 1	334 3 1	344 11 2	40	3 24
8 10 6	3 8 9	...	...	0 0 9	24 10 6	123 0 6	111 15 6	36	...
128 1 0	42 8 7	13 2 3	...	113 2 0	645 0 7	2,224 13 10	735 9 11	47	3·81
834 6 0	320 4 0	...	...	763 2 4	113 14 10	10,321 3 5	14,229 0 5	38	2·70
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
337 4 6	202 4 0	...	...	615 0 0	541 11 5	5,059 5 11	5,131 14 8	85	6·03
...	...	...	...	42 2 0	130 6 8	172 8 8	1,562 7 4	...	2·42
...	...	...	...	100 0 0	401 15 3	501 15 3	4,080 8 9	...	2·18
3,003 10 8	1,386 1 8	346 3 4	7 9 8	2,890 0 1	10,357 11 7	47,990 12 9	95,852 10 4	45	2·00
6,565 4 2	5,109 5 3	...	...	6,317 9 6	8,044 4 6	88,133 5 5	50,110 3 4	51	4·57
13 13 0	...	...	...	6 3 3	4 1 0	79 15 1	188 2 0	20	2·32
10 0 0	...	...	...	2 0 6	...	113 10 6	119 7 6	45	·85
491 12 9	...	...	...	126 8 3	186 9 10	5,632 0 10	5,168 7 7	50	1·17
38 0 0	...	...	...	4 13 0	0 1 0	417 14 0	344 9 4	62	·65
10 0 0	...	...	...	3 4 3	...	115 0 3	218 11 9	33	·89
0 5 9	...	...	...	1 2 3	...	4 13 4	10 10 5	21	6·65
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	382 14 0	...	...
852 7 9	...	...	...	83 14 9	...	9,461 4 0	3,070 13 5	68	·67
7 2 8	3 14 6	...	...	...	0 3 5	82 15 11	85 3 1	43	...
644 0 0	499 5 1	...	...	952 1 5	2,994 5 0	12,629 11 6	3,126 4 0	55	6·03
1,159 4 0	695 4 0	...	...	1,285 9 11	5,508 4 0	20,415 5 11	3,622 6 10	60	5·38
9,793 1 1	6,307 12 10	...	...	8,783 3 1	16,757 12 9	1,37,086 0 9	66,442 13 3	54	4·31
8 6 7	3 11 1	...	...	0 4 9	1 6 0	98 2 3	6 1 3	85	·02
507 8 0	120 0 0	...	..	531 14 6	1,473 4 3	7,707 10 9	4,263 3 6	43	4·44
134 0 0	67 0 0	...	...	324 4 6	260 6 3	785 10 9	5,840 14 4	...	4·88
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 0 0	...	...
443 4 4	212 12 1	...	...	531 13 3	380 1 3	5,499 13 7	4,750 9 1	44	5·22
475 8 1	195 6 9	...	...	255 6 9	1,097 6 9	6,778 13 6	1,988 2 10	56	2·90
1,629 0 0	578 0 0	1 0 6	2,056 5 10	1,514 15 1	6,496 2 3	30,210 7 8	6,200 15 7	36	4·16
3,426 12 0	1,174 10 9	...	...	3,806 2 6	901 1 2	43,575 2 5	19,169 4 0	59	6·06
291 0 0	93 2 0	...	1,009 0 9	226 2 9	1,325 15 5	5,858 4 11	578 9 3	56	3·51
484 8 0	165 8 0	...	...	455 1 6	2,523 2 8	8,473 4 2	485 10 1	55	5·07
562 0 0	197 3 3	...	61 1 6	314 2 0	31 8 0	6,785 14 9	4,047 1 2	53	2·89
194 6 0	64 9 6	...	...	66 12 5	860 12 3	3,272 8 2	832 6 10	50	1·68
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
299 3 0	97 13 4	...	1,455 1 4	275 0 3	1,816 14 1	6,926 9 9	286 9 5	53	3·81
524 0 0	141 4 6	...	...	368 14 3	2,790 4 9	6,903 11 0	507 12 9	56	4·97
100 0 0	60 0 0	...	...	128 9 0	239 6 9	1,357 9 10	471 12 2	60	6·05
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1 15 3	0 15 6	...	...	...	...	22 7 3	14 12 1	54	...
9,281 7 3	3,172 1 3	1 0 6	4,581 9 5	8,799 7 6	20,188 11 10	1,34,186 2 9	49,461 12 4	55	4·79
673 6 0	445 8 0	...	...	1,242 8 0	922 8 5	5,419 9 5	6,873 9 2	62	10·11
533 3 7	358 11 5	...	...	225 1 0	343 0 4	7,233 9 4	2,998 15 11	66	2·19
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29 0 0	20 0 0	...	...	56 0 3	1 13 8	391 13 11	166 5 1	51	10·04
94 7 5	50 11 7	...	...	113 13 6	854 11 9	1,988 14 11	1,000 14 9	61	3·81
43 0 3	34 7 4	...	...	59 4 1	54 1 8	611 10 8	272 15 3	48	6 68
279 2 0	154 8 0	...	...	352 5 4	144 14 0	2,633 13 4	1,834 10 4	63	7·88
2 4 0	...	...	...	36 6 11	66 8 0	129 2 11	456 2 11	60	6·15
1 15 6	1 15 6	...	...	...	...	23 13 6	65 13 0	24	...
1,656 6 9	1,065 13 10	...	...	2,085 7 1	2,387 9 10	18,432 8 0	13,669 5 10	64	6·49

STATEMENT No. IV.—*Showing the net profits or*

Division.	Name of estate.	Serial number of estate.	Receipts exclusive of debts, loans and advances recovered.						Government revenue.
			Rental of revenue paying land.	Rental of revenue-free land.	Total rental.	Interest on cash investments or mortgage.	Miscellaneous income.	Grand total.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. a.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a p.
ALLAHABAD.	Akbarpur Sen ...	53	4,539 6 8	...	4,539 6 8	...	251 2 1	4,790 8 9	3,461 15 8
	Barwa Khurd ...	54	2,188 3 6	...	2,188 3 6	60 0 0	519 7 5	2,767 10 11	1,136 0 0
	Jagjiwanpur ...	55	982 12 6	...	982 12 6	30 0 0	2 2 8 9	1,285 5 3	569 0 0
	Rawatpur	56	41,216 11 9	...	41,216 11 9	346 0 0	6,913 11 6	48,476 7 3	21,836 0 9
	Ghagwa Bhabbi ...	57	598 3 7	...	598 3 7	...	144 9 4	742 12 11	474 0 0
	Muminpur Ratgaon ...	58	4,308 3 6	...	4,308 3 6	...	878 15 11	5,187 3 5	2,932 9 10
	Usmánpur	59	1,172 4 3	...	1,172 4 3	800 0 0	1,148 11 11	3,121 0 2	680 0 0
	Pankigangaganj No. I.	60	2,109 8 10	...	2,109 8 10	...	532 7 9	2,642 0 7	1,400 0 0
	Shahryarpur ...	61	5,061 0 8	...	5,061 0 8	...	161 1 6	5,222 2 2	3,544 7 0
	Nunhari	62	21,509 0 4	...	21,509 0 4	50 0 0	3,353 10 1	24,912 10 5	13,354 7 3
	Pankigangaganj No. II.	63	2,109 9 5	...	2,109 9 5	...	429 0 10	2,538 10 3	1,400 0 0
	Ata Husain ...	64	6,997 0 3	...	6,997 0 3	...	71 0 6	7,068 0 9	3,619 4 9
	Khan Bibi	65	4,498 0 0	...	4 498 0 0	...	4 12 0	4,502 12 0	2,289 8 0
	Asothar	66	24,568 2 4	...	24,568 2 4	...	8,645 12 9	33,213 15 1	20,600 6 2
	Patti Shah... ...	67	2,201 6 5	...	2,201 6 5	...	...	2,201 6 5	958 4 11
	Manda	68	1,66,741 10 8	2,600 0 0	1,76,341 10 8	...	34,259 1 11	2,10,600 12 7	92,274 4 8
	Pratap Chand ...	69	1,03,197 15 7	...	1,03,197 15 7	1,520 0 0	1,698 14 11	1,06,416 14 6	65,387 1 3
	Sarai Pitha ...	70	16,812 7 0	...	16,812 7 0	...	110 4 11	16,922 11 11	9,119 4 4
	Sarai Bharat ...	71	44,751 4 10	...	44,751 4 10	...	1,407 10 1	46,158 14 11	35,364 6 1
	Rai Asapal Singh Bahadur.	72	27,893 11 10	...	27,893 11 10	...	81 8 6	27,975 4 4	17,801 11 0
	Khargapur ...	73	21,284 5 7	...	21,284 5 7	...	835 4 0	22,119 9 7	16,133 1 3
	Musammat Makhania ...	74	163 0 0	...	163 0 0	...	...	163 0 0	58 0. 0
	Har Lal	75	16,904 3 9	...	16,904 3 9	...	566 5 6	17,470 9 3	10,683 12 6
	Bhagesa	76	1,732 10 11	...	1,732 10 11	...	17 14 1	1,750 9 0	...
	Total ...		5,23,541 0 2	2,600 0 0	5,33,141 0 2	2,806 0 0	62,304 0 3	5,98,251 0 5	3,25,069 9 0
BENARES.	Majhauli	77	1,16,870 13 5	...	1,16,870 13 5	...	20,216 10 9	1,37,087 8 2	33,992 12 8
	Mithwal Bakhshi No. I.	78	2,636 2 3	...	2,636 2 3	...	33 0 3	2,669 2 6	1,116 15 7
	Ditto No. II.	79	878 8 4	...	878 8 4	...	14 11 9	893 4 1	367 7 7
	Balgobind	80	2,683 0 0	...	2,683 0 0	...	78 0 0	2,761 0 0	967 0 0
	Dubari	81	12,126 6 0	...	12,126 6 0	...	568 0 0	12,694 6 0	1,768 0 0
	Agori Barhar ...	82	83,971 9 4	...	83,971 9 4	3,728 1 3	9,648 11 9	97,348 6 4	35,297 11 7
	Kantit	83	1,92,648 2 2	...	1,92,648 2 2	10,253 10 5	25,885 8 8	2,28,787 5 3	67,300 0 11
	Nand Kunwar Pande ...	84	125 0 0	...	125 0 0	...	27 10 3	152 10 3	43 14 0
	Gopalpur No I. ...	85	1,115 0 5	...	1,115 0 5	...	11,045 6 7	12,160 7 0	428 10 4
	Ditto No. II. ...	86	863 10 3	...	863 10 3	...	11,783 7 11	12,647 2 2	876 10 5
	Pisur Danielpur ...	87	2,522 15 11	...	2,522 15 11	...	296 3 10	2,819 3 9	1,805 2 0
	Sat Narayan Pande ...	88	1,968 7 8	...	1,968 7 8	20 5 8	281 9 8	2,270 7 0	...
	Sunwani	89	34,060 7 4	...	34,060 7 4	...	1,256 14 7	35,317 5 11	135 8 0
	Karim-ud-dinpur ...	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...		4,52,470 3 1	...	4,52,470 3 1	14,002 1 4	81,136 0 0	5,47,608 4 5	1,48,599 18 1
	GRAND TOTAL ...		13,95,549 5 9	33,086 6 4	14,28,635 12 1	25,681 11 4	2,54,563 15 5	17,08,981 6 10	6,98,518 0 4

STATEMENT No. V.—*Personal and other expenditure*

Division.	Name of estate.	Serial number of estate.	Net profits or income during the year as shown in column 16 in statement No. 4.	Personal expenses.				Educational charges.
				Ordinary.	Extraordinary.	Total.	Percentage to net profits or income.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
MEERUT.	Sambalhera	1	67,528 0 11	3,940 0 0	426 0 0	4,366 0 0	6	11 6 0
	Jauli	2	710 10 1	320 0 0	175 15 11	495 15 11	69	13 7 4
	Miranpur	3	1,417 11 7	1,320 0 0	176 0 0	1,496 0 0	100	14 10 8
	Nagla Katar	4	344 11 2	120 0 0	...	120 0 0	34	...
	Shaikhpura	5	111 15 6	72 0 0	...	72 0 0	65	...
	Lawar	6	735 9 11	325 0 0	...	325 0 0	44	...
	Karam Ali Khán ...	7	14,229 0 5	3,960 0 0	...	3,960 0 0	28	...
	Muradnagar	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jahangirabad... ...	9	5,131 14 8	1,050 13 6	...	1,050 13 6	21	8 0 0
	Khúrja	10	1,562 7 4	300 0 0	...	300 0 0	19	...
	Skinner	11	4,080 8 9	489 14 6	114 14 0	604 12 6	15	2,623 2 0
	Total ...		95,852 10 4	11,897 12 0	892 13 11	12,790 9 11	14	2,670 19 0

income derived from each estate during the Revenue year 1875-76.

Ceses.	Patwári rate.	Owners' rate.	Occupiers' rate.	Cost of management.	Miscellaneous charges including law expenses, ordinary repairs, and interest on debts and loans.	Total.	Net profits or income of the year.	Percentage of revenue to rental receipts in column 4.	Percentage of cost of management to receipts in column 9.
Expenditure chargeable to income or profits.									
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
341 0 0	174 4 0	...	170 15 4	531 4 2	88 3 11	4,757 10 8	32 14 1	76	11·08
113 12 10	56 14 5	...	283 1 9	852 12 5	167 3 10	2,111 13 3	655 13 8	52	12·75
56 14 5	27 8 0	...	207 14 3	66 3 1	57 2 1	984 9 10	300 11 5	56	5·13
2,183 7 1	1,091 13 0	...	5,055 12 1	2,736 1 3	2,235 4 0	35,138 6 2	13,338 1 1	52	5 64
47 6 4	16 0 0	...	103 4 0	20 12 0	21 4 6	682 10 10	60 2 1	79	2·62
293 4 2	138 6 0	...	828 1 5	58 6 0	41 7 10	4,287 3 3	900 0 2	68	1·13
68 0 0	34 0 0	...	159 2 6	216 15 3	202 11 0	1,360 12 9	1,760 3 5	58	6·95
140 0 0	70 0 0	...	413 6 6	43 8 6	268 1 2	2,335 0 2	307 0 5	66	1·66
352 11 1	178 2 9	...	...	119 0 5	334 6 2	4,523 11 5	698 6 9	70	2·17
1,286 13 3	618 5 2	...	2 698 0 9	1,327 12 7	608 15 7	19,884 6 7	5,028 3 10	62	5·33
140 0 0	70 0 0	...	413 6 7	3 0 0	17 6 0	2,042 12 7	495 13 8	66	·08
357 0 0	146 0 0	...	...	388 9 5	743 7 3	5,256 5 5	1 811 11 4	51	5·50
223 12 0	92 0 0	...	...	192 14 1	664 11 7	3,462 13 8	1,039 14 4	50	4·28
1,630 4 0	502 8 0	...	...	1,199 4 2	815 0 10	24,747 7 2	6,466 7 11	83	3·61
95 12 6	58 0 3	...	...	45 5 9	78 0 7	1,230 11 0	970 11 5	43	2·08
10,100 10 9	3,189 15 2	...	...	3,549 4 2	2,580 3 1	1,16,694 5 10	93,906 6 9	55	1·68
6,525 6 11	3,126 9 0	...	...	6,816 5 9	12,814 11 9	93,970 2 8	12,446 11 10	63	6·21
910 6 10	338 2 4	...	...	1,076 8 0	4,629 8 11	16,0.8 14 5	848 13 6	54	6·32
3,549 12 10	1,619 1 6	...	...	1,251 5 8	807 14 2	42,592 8 3	3,566 6 8	79	2·71
1,773 4 7	890 13 5	...	...	497 8 0	2,331 2 9	23,294 7 9	4,680 12 7	63	1·42
1,986 9 9	993 8 10	...	...	924 10 10	1,222 3 4	21,260 2 0	859 7 7	75	4·34
5 10 9	2 5 6	...	...	0 3 0	1 7 9	67 11 0	95 5 0	35	...
995 13 2	483 0 5	...	...	1,959 2 4	3,232 13 3	17,354 9 8	115 15 7	63	11·21
...	...	...	...	6 0 0	459 11 4	465 11 4	1,284 13 8	...	·34
33,177 13 3	16,904 5 9	...	10,323 1 2	23,181 15 10	31,923 2 8	4,44,579 15 8	1,53,671 0 9	62	3·87
3,020 15 9	1,885 11 4	...	...	5,467 0 0	50,080 10 5	99,467 2 2	37,620 6 0	33	4·00
111 1 0	55 14 7	...	...	70 0 0	2 12 9	1,356 11 11	1,312 6 7	42	2·62
37 4 2	18 10 2	...	...	...	0 14 8	424 4 7	468 15 6	41	...
164 0 0	83 0 0	...	...	170 0 0	140 0 0	1,524 0 0	1,237 0 0	36	6·15
399 13 4	246 0 0	...	...	589 7 10	152 0 0	3,155 5 2	9,539 0 10	14	4·64
2,951 7 0	2,577 9 1	...	...	7,700 7 0	7,367 5 10	55,;94 8 6	42,153 13 10	42	7·83
8,072 1 4	5,572 10 2	...	...	15,247 11 11	10,233 12 7	1,06,426 4 11	1,22,361 0 4	34	5·66
6 4 0	3 8 0	...	...	12 0 0	38 4 3	98 14 3	53 12 0	35	7·84
9 4 6	18 4 2	...	...	135 12 10	543 6 1	1,135 5 11	11,025 1 1	38	1·11
7 11 7	15 2 4	...	...	94 11 10	572 6 3	1,066 10 5	11,580 7 9	43	·75
246 1 6	32 0 0	...	...	120 0 0	102 8 1	2,805 11 7	513 8 2	71	4·25
...	...	...	...	33 4 8	155 0 7	188 5 3	2,082 1 9	...	1·45
1,180 12 0	1,307 0 0	...	...	2,163 6 0	27,540 8 5	32,326 13 5	2,990 8 6	...	6·12
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15,506 12 2	11,815 5 10	...	...	31,823 14 1	96,924 4 11	3,04,670 2 1	2,42,938 2 4	32	5 80
72,418 3 2	42,551 9 2	347 3 10	14,912 4 3	77,563 15 5	1,80,539 5 7	10,86,945 10 0	6,22,035 12 10	50	4 53

not chargeable to profits in Statement No. 4.

Works of improvement.	Takávi advances.	Repayment of principal of loans made by Court of Wards or Government.	Repayment of principal of other debts.	Purchase of Government securities.	Purchase of landed property and houses.	Loans granted on mortgage or otherwise.	Total personal expenditure and miscellaneous disbursements.	Total expenditure of estate during the year.
Miscellaneous Disbursements.								
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
...	...	...	62,860 13 5	...	...	...	67,238 3 5	90,603 9 1
...	...	...	...	250 0 0	...	...	759 7 3	2,006 13 2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,510 10 8	6,151 9 2
177 5 6	...	...	...	...	1,400 0 0	...	1,697 5 6	2,031 8 7
...	...	...	70 0 0	...	...	...	142 0 0	265 0 6
...	...	...	1,938 0 0	...	...	400 0 0	2,663 0 0	4,887 13 10
1,500 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,460 0 0	15,781 3 5
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
440 0 0	...	...	...	2,500 0 0	...	...	3,998 13 6	9,055 3 5
...	...	...	...	2,000 0 0	...	...	2,300 0 0	2,472 8 8
...	...	...	...	5,000 0 0	...	...	8,227 14 6	8,729 13 9
2,117 5 6	...	...	64,868 13 5	9,750 0 0	1,400 0 0	400 0 0	93,997 6 10	1,41,988 3 7

STATEMENT No. V.—*Personal and other expenditure*

Division.	Name of estate.	Serial number of estate.	Net profits or income during the year as shown in column 16 in statement No. 4.	Personal expenses.				Educational charges.
				Ordinary.	Extraordinary.	Total.	Percentage to net profits or income.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs a p.	Rs. a. p	Rs a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Rohilkhand.	Sherkot ...	12	50,110 3 4	2,484 0 0	22,000 0 0	24,484 0 0	49	...
	Abdul Wahib ...	13	188 2 0	151 0 0	...	151 0 0	82	...
	Bakht Singh, and Indarjit Singh.	14	119 7 6	43 8 0	40 0 0	83 8 0	73	...
	Munawwar Ali Khan ...	15	5,163 7 7	480 0 0	662 6 2	1,142 6 2	22	...
	Kishn Singh & Gokul Singh	16	344 9 4	55 0 0	93 0 3	148 0 3	43	...
	Shankar Lal	17	218 11 9	64 0 0	50 0 0	114 0 0	52	...
	Musammat Shabnam ...	18	10 10 5	...	...	...	...	...
	Bhim Singh	19	...	...	...	..	..	...
	Bishambhar Nath ...	20	382 14 0	200 0 0	...	200 0 0	53	...
	Kazi Muhammad Abbas ...	21	3,070 13 5	...	...	...	...	...
	Alapur	22	85 3 1	85 3 1		85 3 1	100	...
	Narayanpur	23	3,126 4 0	760 0 0	215 0 0	975 0 0	46	...
	Nahal	24	3,622 6 10	8 0 0 0	227 12 11	1,027 12 11	28	...
	Total ...		66,442 13 3	5,127 11 1	23,288 3 4	28,415 14 5	43	...
Agra.	Hardeo Prasad ...	25	6 1 3	130 0 0	...	130 0 0	100	...
	Parna	26	4,263 3 6	918 0 0	1,184 5 6	2,102 5 6	49	...
	Kudsiya Begam ...	27	5,840 14 4	679 9 6	...	679 9 6	11	...
	Umrao Zaman Khan ...	28	18 0 0	18 0 0	...	18 0 0	100	...
	Khimsipur	29	4,750 9 1	1,150 0 0	2,575 10 6	3,725 10 6	78	50 0 0
	Kunj Bihari Lal ...	30	1,988 2 10	405 0 0	...	405 0 0	20	...
	Chakkarnagar ...	31	6,200 15 7	1,635 0 0	400 0 0	2,035 0 0	36	...
	Barhai	32	19,169 4 0	13,292 0 0	240 0 0	13,532 0 0	72	...
	Bharthna No. I. ...	33	578 9 8	330 0 0	...	330 0 0	37	...
	Ditto „ II. ...	34						
	Uncha	35	485 10 1	360 0 0	...	360 0 0	75	...
	Malhajani	36	4,047 1 2	1,380 0 0	218 0 0	1,598 0 6	39	12 0 0
	Sunasi	37	832 6 10	400 0 0	...	400 0 0	48	...
	Kuyan	38	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sirsal Nawar	39	286 9 5	50 0 0	...	50 0 0	17	180 2 3
	Rampur	40	507 12 9	244 4 0	...	244 4 0	48	...
	Rani Damar	41	471 12 2	110 0 0	...	110 0 0	23	...
	Azizpur	42	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Raya	43	14 12 1	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...		49,461 12 4	21,501 13 6	4,618 0 0	25,919 13 6	52	242 2 3
Jhansi.	Katahra	44	6,873 9 2	2,697 0 0	5,635 4 6	8,332 4 6	100	1,700 0 0
	Chirgaon	45	2,998 15 11	1,830 0 0	159 0 0	1,989 0 0	66	54 0 0
	Takhtauli Mahalwara ...	46	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Marwari	47	166 5 1	64 0 0	...	64 0 0	39	...
	Jagannath	48	1,000 14 2	357 13 4	160 0 0	517 13 4	51	...
	Banpur	49	272 15 3	130 0 0	...	130 0 0	48	...
	Rajwara	50	1,834 10 4	340 0 0	...	340 0 0	18	7 9 6
	Ram Charan	51	456 2 11	53 15 0	...	53 15 0	12	...
	Karora	52	65 13 0	48 10 6	4 4 9	52 15 3	80	...
	Total ...		13 669 5 10	5,521 6 10	5,958 9 3	11,480 0 1	84	1,761 9 6
Allahabad.	Akbarpur Sen ...	53	32 14 1	450 0 0	...	450 0 0	100	...
	Barwa Khurd ...	54	655 13 8	...	7 14 0	7 14 0	1	...
	Jagjiwanpur ...	55	300 11 5	120 0 0	356 0 0	476 0 0	100	...
	Rawatpur ...	56	13,338 1 1	5,323 13 5	646 14 0	5,970 11 5	45	...
	Ghagwa Bhabhi ...	57	60 2 1	36 0 0	...	36 0 0	60	...
	Muminpur Ratgaon ...	58	900 0 2	555 0 0	...	555 0 0	62	...
	Usmanpur ...	59	1,760 3 5	466 0 0	6,934 3 11	7,400 3 11	100	...
	Pankigangaganj No. I. ...	60	307 0 5	...	...	...	...	...
	Shahryarpur	61	698 6 9	...	...	...	...	...
	Nunhari ...	62	5,028 3 10	2,400 0 0	1,014 6 1	3,414 6 1	68	29 12 7
	Pankigangaganj No. II. ...	63	495 13 8	50 0 0	13 0 0	63 0 0	13	...
	Ata Husain ...	64	1,811 11 4	400 0 0	...	400 0 0	22	...
	Khan Bibi ...	65	1,039 14 4	312 0 0	...	312 0 0	30	...
	Asothar ...	66	8,466 7 11	4,331 9 0	...	4,331 9 0	51	...
	Fatti Shah ...	67	970 11 5	...	203 8 0	203 8 0	21	...
	Manda ...	68	93,906 6 9	7,902 8 3	2,287 9 0	10,190 1 3	19	...
	Pratap Chand ...	69	12,446 11 10	4,714 12 10	1,667 12 11	6,382 9 9	51	...
	Sarai Pitha ...	70	848 13 6	1,080 0 0	15 0 0	1,095 0 0	100	...
	Sarai Bharat ...	71	3,566 6 8	810 0 0	...	810 0 0	23	...
	Rai Asapal Singh Bahadur,	72	4,680 12 7	1,800 0 0	557 0 0	2,357 0 0	50	...
	Khargapur ...	73	859 7 7	560 0 0	...	560 0 0	65	...
	Musammat Makhania ...	74	95 5 0	86 0 0	...	86 0 0	91	...
	Har Lal ...	75	115 15 7	891 3 8	...	89 3 8	100	54 0 0
	Bhagesa ...	76	1,284 13 8	110 0 0	..	110 0 0	9	49 8 8
	Total ...		1,58,671 0 9	32,398 15 2	13,703 3 11	46,102 3 1	29	133 5 3
Benares.	Majhauli ...	77	37,620 6 0	6,000 0 0	900 0 0	6,900 0 0	19	...
	Mithwal Bakhshi No. I. ...	78	1,312 6 7	251 8 6	...	251 8 6	19	...
	Ditto „ No. II....	79	468 15 6	74 2 7	...	74 2 7	17	...
	Balgobind ...	80	1,237 0 0	...	54 0 0	54 0 0	4	...
	Dubari ...	81	9,539 0 10	8,066 0 0	...	8,066 0 0	85	...
	Agori Barhar ...	82	42,153 13 10	11,665 12 3	319 12 3	11,985 8 6	28	...
	Kantit ...	83	1,22,361 0 4	28,018 3 9	2,921 0 11	30,939 4 8	25	2,967 0 0
	Nand Kunwar Pande ...	84	53 12 0	24 0 0	4 1 0	28 1 0	52	...
	Gopalpur No. I. ...	85	11,025 1 1	110 0 0	145 0 0	255 0 0	2	...
	Ditto „ II. ...	86	11,580 7 9	125 0 0	30 0 0	155 0 0	1	16 8 0
	Pisur Danielpur ...	87	513 8 2	504 12 0	360 0 0	864 12 0	100	25 15 0
	Sat Narayan Pande ...	88	2,082 1 9	1,020 0 0	...	1,020 0 0	51	120 0 0
	Sunwani ...	89	2,990 8 6	3,500 0 0	...	3,500 0 0	100	...
	Karim-ud-dinpur ...	90	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...		2,42,938 2 4	59,419 7 1	4,733 14 2	64,153 5 3	22	3,129 7 0
	GRAND TOTAL ...		6,22,035 12 10	1,35,667 1 8	53,194 12 7	1,88,861 14 3	33	7,937 2 0

not chargeable to profits in Statement No. 4.

MISCELLANEOUS DISBURSEMENTS.								
Works of improvement.	Takávi advances.	Repayment of principal of loans made by Court of Wards or Government.	Repayment of principal of other debts.	Purchase of Government securities.	Purchase of landed property and houses.	Loans granted on mortgage or otherwise.	Total personal expenditure and miscellaneous disbursements.	Total expenditure of estate during the year.
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p
2,518 9 3	...	...	...	...	410 0 0	...	27,412 9 8	1,15,545 14 6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	151 0 0	230 15 1
...	...	...	...	106 1 0	...	...	194 9 0	306 3 6
...	...	...	...	1,900 0 0	...	...	3,042 6 2	8,674 7 0
...	...	...	19 4 9	164 1 4	...	...	331 6 4	749 4 4
...	...	...	...	60 12 0	...	...	174 12 0	289 12 3
...	...	...	1 9 10	...	...	...	1 9 10	6 7 2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200 0 0	200 0 0
...	...	...	2,649 15 8	...	...	...	2,649 15 8	12,111 3 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	85 3 1	168 3 8
...	150 0 0	...	4,500 0 0	...	...	...	5,625 0 0	18,254 11 6
250 0 0	300 0 0	4,474 5 0	1,704 0 0	...	...	...	7,756 1 11	28,171 7 10
2,768 9 3	450 0 0	4,474 5 0	3,874 14 3	2,230 14 4	410 0 0	...	47,624 9 3	1,84,710 10 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	130 0 0	228 2 2
...	19 0 0	2,526 1 2	...	...	...	...	4,647 6 8	12,355 1 5
...	...	...	...	...	8,575 0 0	...	9,254 9 6	10,040 4 3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 0 0	18 0 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,775 10 6	9,205 8 1
30 0 0	...	1,846 11 0	...	...	...	...	2,281 11 0	9,060 8 6
779 0 0	231 0 0	...	3,432 3 0	...	13 0 0	...	6,690 3 0	36,900 10 8
10,000 0 0	2,020 0 5	...	...	...	155 3 0	...	25,707 3 5	69,282 5 10
...	...	...	13,193 13 4	...	...	...	13,523 13 4	19,382 2 3
...	38 0 0	...	125 0 0	...	...	...	593 0 0	8,996 4 2
537 14 0	...	...	2,580 0 0	...	4 0 0	...	4,731 14 0	11,517 12 9
...	100 0 0	...	200 0 0	...	...	...	700 0 0	3,972 8 2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	500 0 0	...	...	...	730 2 3	7,656 12 0
...	400 0 0	580 0 0	...	...	...	...	1,224 4 0	8,127 15 0
...	...	...	...	...	668 0 0	...	778 0 0	2,135 9 10
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22 7 3
11,346 14 0	2,808 0 5	4,932 12 2	20,031 0 4	...	9,415 3 0	...	74,715 13 8	2,08,902 0 5
3,504 10 4	624 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	14,160 14 10	19,580 8 3
...	...	...	1,439 6 7	...	...	...	3,482 6 7	10,715 15 11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	200 0 0	...	...	...	264 0 0	655 13 11
...	3,100 4 3	...	298 7 3	...	...	...	3,916 8 10	5,905 7 9
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	130 0 0	741 10 3
22 0 0	...	1,428 0 10	...	...	...	...	1,797 10 4	4,431 7 3
...	...	...	...	1,000 0 0	...	...	1,053 15 0	1,183 1 11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52 15 3	76 12 9
3,526 10 4	3,724 4 3	1,428 0 10	1,937 13 10	1,000 0 0	...	...	24,858 6 10	43,290 14 10
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	459 0 0	5,207 10 3
105 0 0	...	...	...	3,000 0 0	...	...	3,112 14 0	5,224 11 3
...	240 0 0	...	...	1,500 0 0	...	...	2,216 0 0	3,200 9 10
3,433 11 0	2,114 0 0	...	...	14,000 0 0	...	...	25,518 6 5	60,656 12 7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36 0 0	718 10 10
...	...	...	9 3 9	...	...	...	564 3 9	4,851 7 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,400 3 11	8,761 0 3
...	...	235 15 7	10 0 0	...	...	...	245 15 7	2,580 15 9
...	...	...	154 6 9	...	...	...	154 6 9	4,678 2 2
1,544 6 0	7 3 0	...	...	2,500 0 0	...	...	7,496 0 3	27,380 7 3
...	...	...	...	...	...	92 3 0	155 3 0	2,197 15 7
...	...	1,512 2 6	...	...	...	...	1,912 2 6	7,168 7 11
...	...	679 4 5	...	...	...	...	991 4 5	4,454 2 1
...	500 0 0	...	4,000 0 0	...	...	...	8,831 9 0	33,579 0 2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	203 3 0	1,434 3 0
600 0 0	92 3 0	...	82,322 4 4	...	...	...	93,204 13 7	2,09,899 3 5
5,232 14 2	...	...	5,931 10 1	21,000 0 0	...	...	38,547 2 0	1,32,517 4 8
131 0 0	...	...	...	...	301 1 3	...	1,537 1 3	17,600 15 3
200 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,010 0 0	43,102 8 3
...	100 0 0	...	2,268 2 7	...	...	...	4,725 2 7	28,019 10 4
200 0 0	...	...	335 3 11	...	...	...	1,095 3 11	29,355 10 11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	86 0 0	153 11 0
...	1,679 12 9	...	...	...	...	...	2,825 0 5	20,179 10 1
...	...	...	...	1,500 0 0	...	...	1,659 3 3	2,125 4 0
11,446 15 2	4,933 12 9	2,427 6 6	95,031 4 5	43,500 0 0	301 1 3	92 3 0	2,03,968 3 5	6,48,548 3 1
405 4 9	...	32,200 0 0	...	...	...	...	39,505 4 9	1,38,972 6 11
...	...	...	97 5 4	...	...	...	348 13 10	1,705 9 9
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	74 2 7	498 7 2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54 0 0	1,578 0 0
218 0 0	...	...	144 13 0	...	...	...	8,428 13 0	11,584 2 3
3,684 4 3	613 0 0	...	...	...	...	1,190 15 0	17,473 11 9	72,668 4 3
6,889 8 2	1,102 2 0	...	...	25,000 0 0	676 4 0	13,200 0 0	80,774 2 10	1,87,200 7 9
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28 1 0	126 15 3
15 0 0	45 0 0	200 0 0	18,323 0 0	...	...	...	18,838 0 0	19,973 5 11
78 0 6	30 0 0		9,195 0 0	...	...	2,011 13 5	11,486 5 11	12,553 0 4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	890 11 0	3,196 6 7
...	...	...	...	1,750 0 0	...	...	2,950 0 0	3,138 5 3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,500 0 0	35,826 13 5
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11,290 1 8	1,790 2 0	32,400 0 0	27,760 2 4	26,750 0 0	676 4 0	16,402 12 5	1,84,352 2 8	4,89,022 4 9
42,496 7 11	13,706 3 5	45,682 8 6	2,18,504 0 7	83,230 14 4	12,202 8 3	16,894 15 5	6,29,516 10 8	17,16,462 4 8

STATEMENT No. VI.—*List of improvements undertaken and wholly or partially completed, during the revenue year* 1875-76.

District.	Serial number of estate.	Name of estate.	Description of works undertaken.	Amount originally sanctioned for the work.	Expended up to the commencement of the year.	Expended during the year.	Balance required to complete the work.
				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Meerut ...	4	Nagla Katar ...	Masonry wells ...	960 0 0	400 0 0	177 5 6	...
Do. ...	7	Karam Ali Khan ...	Ditto ...	2,500 0 0	1,000 0 0	1,500 0 0	...
Buland shahr ...	9	Jahángirabad ...	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	377 5 0	440 0 0	...
Bijnor ...	12	Sherkot ...	Repairs to houses ...	...	...	2,518 9 3	...
Shájahánpur ...	24	Náhal ...	Masonry well ...	350 0 0	...	250 0 0	100 0 0
Mainpuri ...	30	Kunj Bihari Lal ...	Construction of a well ...	30 0 0	...	30 0 0	...
Etáwah ...	31	Chakkarnagar ...	Repairs to Ganj ...	...	...	504 0 0	...
			Do. to houses ...	...	...	260 10 0	...
			Do to Garhi in Chakkarnagar ...	...	...	14 6 0	...
			Construction of house for Rani Baisni ...	10,168 0 0	4,887 6 10	3,080 14 6	2,200 0 0
			Do. of bazar in Ayana ...	2,776 0 0	1,647 5 5	1,129 14 6	...
Ditto ...	32	Barhai ...	Construction and repairs of masonry wells,	10,955 0 0	1,929 14 3	4,454 6 0	4,570 0 0
			Repairs to Ayana Garhi and offices ...	2,000 0 0	...	631 5 0	650 0 0
			Construction and repairs of embankments,	1,448 0 0	578 8 9	703 8 0	2,200 0 0
Ditto ...	36	Malhajani ...	Repairs to Garhi ...	530 0 0	...	537 14 0	...
			Do to Nand Sagar tank at Katahra,	1,656 0 0	...	1,915 13 3	...
			Construction and repairs of wells	1,830 0 0	...	1,3·4 13 11	...
Jhánsi ...	44	Katahra ...	Repairs to houses ...	200 0 0	...	167 15 2	...
			Construction of culverts —	20 0 0	...	20 0 0	...
			Improvements to roads &c, ...	130 0 0	...	86 0 0	...
Lalitpur ...	50	Rajwara ...	Repairs to a well ..	60 0 0	31 0 0	22 0 0	...
Cawnpore ...	54	Barwa Khurd ...	Do. to a house in Barwa Khurd ...	100 0 0	...	105 0 0	...
			Construction of a drain ...	2,000 0 0	...	68 13 0	...
Ditto ...	56	Kawatpur ...	Planting of groves ...	250 0 0	...	169 14 0	..
			Sinking of six wells ...	3,200 0 0	...	3,200 0 0	2,000 0 0
Ditto ...	62	Nunhari ...	Construction of wells ...	2,600 0 0	600 0 0	1,300 0 0	..
			Planting of trees ...	1,200 0 0	...	244 6 0	955 10 0
Allahabad ...	68	Manda ...	Repairs to houses —	600 0 0	...	600 0 0	...
			Construction of wells ...	2,850 0 0	...	841 3 6	...
Ditto ...	69	Pratap Chand ...	Filling excavation ...	3,300 0 0	...	3,300 0 0	...
			Repairs and construction of house ...	11,500 0 0	...	1,091 10 8	...
Ditto ...	70	Sarai Pitha ...	Do. to houses ...	75 0 0	...	31 0 0	...
			Do. to embankments ...	100 0 0	...	100 0 0	...
Ditto ...	71	Sarai Bharat ...	Do. to houses ...	200 0 0	...	200 0 0	...
Ditto ...	73	Khargapur ...	Do to houses ...	200 0 0	...	200 0 0	...
Gorakhpur ...	77	Majhauli ...	Construction of wells ...	430 0 0	...	405 4 9	24 11 3
Azamgarh ...	81	Dubari ...	Repairs of the Gogra embankment ...	...	...	218 0 0	...
			Construction and repairs of embankments,	1,860 0 0	...	1,607 3 1	170 0 0
			Do. do. of wells ...	2,600 0 0	2,087 13 9	427 2 0	19 0 0
Mirzapur ...	82	Agori Barhar ...	Do. do of tanks ...	750 0 0	...	623 12 9	...
			Do. do. of houses ...	1,317 0 0	...	926 2 5	...
			Repairs of a road —	100 0 0	...	100 0 0	...
			Construction of tanks and outlets ...	5,959 0 0	...	3,007 6 6	...
			Do. of embankments ...	4 500 0 0	...	1,723 4 6	...
			Do. and repairs of wells ...	1,860 0 0	...	940 8 9	...
Ditto ...	53	Kantit ...	Do. do. of houses —	1,500 0 0	...	703 10 4	...
			Repairs of roads ...	60 0 0	...	10 10 0	...
			Planting of trees ...	3 0 0 0	...	29 15 0	...
			Establishment and instruments for surveying jungle and making boundary pillars.	3,555 0 0	...	474 1 1	...
Ditto ...	85	Gópalpur No I. ...	Repairs to embankments —	120 0 0	...	15 0 0	...
Ditto ...	86	Gopalpur No. II. ...	Repairs to houses and embankments ...	100 0 0	...	78 0 6	...
			Total ...	89,849 0 0	13,539 5 9	42,496 7 11	12,689 5 3

STATEMENT No. VII.—*Debts paid off from date of superintendence to close of the revenue year* 1875-76.

Division.	District.	Serial number of estate.	Name of estate.	Superintendence when assumed.	Debts due when superintendence was first assumed.	Incurred after superintendence was assumed.	Since paid off exclusive of interest.	Balance due at the close of the year.	Remarks
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
					Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
MEERUT.	Muzaffarnagar	1	Sambalahra ...	10th November, 1869 ...	116,507 4 4	8,913 15 9	70,025 4 5	55,395 15 8	
		2	Jauli ...	2nd August, 1870 ...	45,817 10 11	...	45,817 10 11	...	
		3	Miranpur ...	15th May, 1869 ...	26,126 12 6	...	1,379 8 9	24,747 3 9	
	Meerut ...	4	Nagla Katar ...	12th September, 1868 ...	...	400 0 0	...	400 0 0	
		5	Shaikhpura ...	14th March, 1871 ...	200 0 0	...	200 0 0	...	
		6	Lawar ...	23rd December, 1872 ...	4,676 4 5	...	4,676 4 5	...	
		7	Karam Ali Khan ...	10th June, 1872 ...	15,786 11 6	...	15,786 11 6	...	
		8	Muradnagar ...	26th June, 1876 ...	6,605 0 0	...	...	6,605 0 0	
	Bulandshahr ...	9	Jahángírabad ...	2nd August, 1870 ...	4,191 14 0	...	4,191 14 0	...	
				Total ...	2,19,911 9 8	9,313 15 9	1,42,977 6 0	87,148 3 5	
ROHILKHAND.	Bijnor ...	12	Sherkot ...	4th March, 1872 ...	16,102 8 0	...	16,102 8 0	...	
		13	Abdul Wahib ...	22nd January, 1869 ...	1,685 8 3	...	874 11 3	810 13 0	
		14	Bakht Singh and Indarjit Singh.	3rd December, 1864 ...	616 8 0	...	616 8 0	...	
		15	Munawwar Ali Khan ...	5th November, 1862 ...	14,160 2 0	...	14,160 2 0	...	
	Moradabad ...	16	Kishn Singh and Gokul Singh.	18th December, 1861 ...	2,717 15 3	...	2,717 15 3	...	
		17	Shankar Lál ...	10th April, 1869 ...	900 0 0	250 0 0	900 0 0	250 0 0	
		19	Bhim Singh ...	21st September, 1876 ...	14,000 0 0	...	...	14,000 0 0	
		20	Bishambhar Nath ...	20th June, 1876 ...	36,200 0 0	...	...	36,200 0 0	
		21	Kazi Muhammad Abbas.	1st October, 1875 ...	55,856 0 0	...	27,240 15 8	28,615 0 4	
	Sháhjahánpur	23	Narayanpur ...	11th February, 1870 ...	44,000 0 0	...	18,500 0 0	25,500 0 0	
		24	Náhal	27th February, 1875 ...	71,704 0 0	...	6,178 5 0	65,525 11 0	
				Total ...	2,57,942 9 6	250 0 0	87,291 1 2	1,70,901 8 4	
AGRA.	Agra ...	26	Parna	3rd October, 1874 ...	27,664 2 6	26,000 0 0	30,193 1 5	23,471 0 1	
	Farukhabad ...	27	Kudsiya Begam ...	9th May, 1866 ...	9,123 13 9	...	9,123 13 9	...	
	Mainpuri ...	30	Kunj Bihari Lal ...	7th November, 1870 ...	25,000 0 0	...	7,301 0 2	17,698 15 10	
		31	Chakkarnagar ...	2nd July, 1873 ...	95,000 0 0	...	10,018 15 6	84,981 0 6	
		33	Bharthna Nos. I. & II....	14th May, 1875 ...	13,500 0 0	13 202 0 0	13,202 0 0	13,500 0 0	
		35	Uncha ...	24th June, 1874 ...	28,000 0 0	...	860 0 0	27,140 0 0	
	Etáwah ...	36	Malhajani ...	12th November, 1867 ...	23,552 0 0	410 0 0	21,469 12 0	1,492 4 0	
		37	Sunasi	17th May, 1876 ...	20,588 2 0	...	200 0 0	20,388 2 0	
		38	Kuyan	26th September, 1876 ...	19,314 12 2	...	...	19,314 12 2	
		39	Sirsai Nawar ...	13th January, 1876 ...	26,000 0 0	26,000 0 0	500 0 0	51,500 0 0	
		40	Rampur	13th September, 1873 ...	25,000 0 0	...	581 6 0	24,418 10 0	
	Etah ...	41	Rani Damar ...	30th August, 1872 ...	55,731 15 5	...	...	55,731 15 5	
		42	Azizpur	7th April, 1876 ...	1,730 0 0	...	...	1,730 0 0	
				Total ...	3,70,204 13 10	65,612 0 0	94,421 1 10	3,41,395 12 0	
JHÁNSI.	Jhánsi ...	45	Chirgaon	1st July, 1873 ...	3 642 0 4	131 8 6	2,032 3 4	1,741 5 6	
		46	Takhtauli Mahalwara ...	1st September, 1876 ...	7,893 0 0	...	...	7,893 0 0	
		47	Marwari	12th September, 1871 ...	1,057 12 4	137 0 0	873 4 4	321 8 0	
	Lalitpur ...	48	Jagannath	7th December, 1872 ...	749 8 6	...	516 7 3	233 1 3	
		49	Banpur	3rd December, 1867 ...	...	1,640 10 7	1,000 0 0	640 10 7	
		50	Rajwara	20th June, 1872 ...	8,957 6 8	210 0 10	5,363 12 10	3,803 10 8	
				Total ...	22,299 11 10	2,119 3 11	9,785 11 9	14,633 4 0	
ALLAHABAD.	Cawnpore ...	53	Akbarpur Sen ...	29th April, 1875 ...	16,456 3 9	167 12 0	...	16,623 15 9	
		54	Barwa Khurd ...	13th May, 1872 ...	36 0 0	...	36 0 0	...	
		55	Jagjiwanpur ...	2nd September, 1870 ...	321 13 0	...	321 13 0	...	
		56	Rawatpur	24th June, 1873 ...	6,741 0 0	...	6,741 0 0	...	
		58	Muminpur Ratgaon ...	30th November, 1864 ...	...	15 0 0	9 3 9	5 12 3	
		59	Usmanpur	13th July, 1872 ...	4,446 4 11	...	4,446 4 11	...	
		60	Pankigangaganj No. I...	20th July, 1875 ...	9,119 8 3	102 3 0	245 15 7	8,975 11 8	
		61	Shahryarpur ...	9th March, 1876 ...	139 6 9	15 0 0	154 6 9	...	
		63	Pankigangaganj No. II.	7th April, 1876 ...	7,745 2 9	...	...	7,745 2 9	
		64	Ata Ilusain ...	29th June, 1874 ...	12,000 0 0	...	1,838 2 6	10,161 13 6	
	Fatehpur ...	65	Khan Bibi	29th June, 1874 ...	5,000 0 0	88 4 6	1,172 9 0	3,865 11 6	
		66	Asothar	30th June, 1874 ...	26,562 12 0	...	6,685 8 0	20,177 4 0	
		67	Patti Shah	18th April, 1876 ...	8,442 1 4	...	...	8,442 1 4	
		68	Manda	8th December, 1864 ...	10,54,344 0 0	3,777 3 2	8,94,249 7 2	1,64,871 12 0	
		69	Pratap Chand ...	3rd November, 1871 ...	34,567 3 3	...	34,567 3 3	...	
		70	Sarai Pitha ...	13th February, 1875 ...	39,925 8 11	6,210 12 7	6,049 0 0	40,087 5 6	
	Allahabad ...	71	Sarai Bharat ...	25th March, 1875 ...	1,40,461 3 3	...	...	1,40,461 3 3	
		72	Rai Asapal Singh Bahadur.	20th November, 1871 ...	53,000 0 0	...	18,153 0 0	34,847 0 0	
		73	Khargapur ...	2nd December, 1875 ...	88,803 7 8	...	335 8 1	88,467 15 7	
				Total ...	15,08,411 11 10	10,326 3 3	9,75,005 2 0	5,43,732 13 1	
BENARES.	Gorakhpur ...	77	Majhauli	13th August, 1870 ...	8,73,709 7 5	...	2,34,899 2 3	6,38,810 5 2	
	Basti ...	78	Mithwal Bakhshi No. I	18th August, 1875 ...	15,681 9 9	97 15 4	97 15 4	15,681 9 9	
		79	Ditto No. II.	3rd March, 1876 ...	9,252 0 0	...	...	9,252 0 0	
	Azamgarh ...	80	Rajgobind	12th August, 1875 ...	55,677 0 0	...	...	55,677 0 0	
		81	Dubari	15th February, 1876 ...	144 13 0	...	144 13 0	...	
		83	Kantit	14th March, 1863 ...	2,20,061 13 0	...	2,20,061 13 0	...	
	Mirzapur ...	85	Gopalpur No. I. ...	24th September, 1875 ...	18,328 0 0	8,126 10 11	18,528 0 0	7,926 10 11	
		86	Gopalpur No. II. ...	30th September, 1875 ...	3,000 0 0	...	...	3,000 0 0	
	Benares ...	87	Pisur Danielpur ...	29th May, 1871 ...	1,179 0 0	...	1,179 0 0	...	
		88	Sat Narayan Pande ...	20th June, 1868 ...	4,365 9 0	...	4,365 9 0	...	
	Ghazipur ...	89	Sunwani	18th May, 1869 ...	4,89,081 1 0	...	5,700 0 0	4,83,381 1 0	
				Total ...	16,90,475 5 2	8,224 10 3	4,84 971 4 7	12,13,728 10 10	
				GRAND TOTAL ...	40,69,245 13 10	95,846 1 2	17,93,551 11 4	23,71,540 3 8	

STATEMENT No. VIII.—*Present circumstances of the loans made to encumbered estates by the Government and the Court of Wards.*

Authority for granting loan.		Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest payable per annum.	*How re-payable.*		*To what estate advanced*		Date of payment from treasury.	Amount actually advanced.	Amount due at the close of the past year including interest.	*Amount repaid up to the close of the past year.*			*Arrears due at the close of the year.*			Annual amount required to clear off loan within period fixed.	Probable amount available annually according to present prospects.
Number (Govt. N.-W. P.)	Date.			Term.	Instalments fixed if any.	Name of estate.	Serial number of estate.				Principal.	Interest.	Total.	Principal.	Interest.	Total.		
1.	2.	3.	4	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19
									STATE LOANS.									
		Rs.		Years.	Rs.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs.
288A.	13th February, 1875	70,000	5 p.c.	17	None.	Náhal ...	24	20th March, 1875.	70,000 0 0	71,872 11 11	4,474 5 0	5,328 6 8	9,802 11 8	...	8 15 8	8 15 8	...	...
2756A.	3rd December, 1874.	26,000	5 „	16	2,615	Parna ...	26	January-April, 1875.	26,000 0 0	25,997 2 3	2,526 1 2	1,236 4 4	3,762 5 6	...	28 15 0	28 15 0	2,615	2,615
288A.	14th July, 1869.	25,000	5 „	12	2,800	Kunj Bihari Lal.	30	8th February, 1871.	25,000 0 0	19,818 12 7	1,846 11 2	1,041 6 0	2,888 1 2	...	184 4 3	184 4 3	2,800	2,800
2114A.	26th September, 1873.	25,000	5 „	10 from 1875-76.	As approved in G. O. No. 1007 A., dated 20th June, 1876.	Rampur ...	40	27th January, 1874.	25,000 0 0	26,303 5 9	581 6 0	2,564 15 3	3,146 5 3	...	3 5 6	3 5 6	3,340	3,340
178A.	20th February, 1872.	1,010	None.	None.	None.	Banpur ...	49	On different dates.	1,010 0 0	1,000 0 0	...	...	...	10 0 0	...	*10 0 0	...	...
180A.	13th January, 1874.	9,500	5 „	20	762	Pankigangaganj No. 1.	60	17th March, 1874.	9,500 0 0	8,933 12 9	235 15 7	248 11 2	484 10 9	...	358 8 8	358 8 8	...	...
		45,000 Not to exceed.	5 „	None fixed.		Rai Asapal Singh Bahadur ...	72	18th April, 1873.	45,000 0 0	37,122 3 11	2,268 2 7	1,789 0 8	4,057 3 3	...	47 11 9	47 11 9	...	4,000
1189A.	5th May. 1874.	8,00,000	6 „	20	None fixed.	Majhauli ...	77	April, 1870, December, 1872.	7,55,528 14 8	6,74,830 10 0	35,409 7 6	40,037 12 10	75,447 4 4	...	105 0 2	105 0 2	...	...
								Total ...	9,57,038 14 8	8,65,378 11 2	47,342 1 0	52,240 8 11	99,589 9 11	10 0 0	736 13 0	746 13 0	...	...
									COURT OF WARDS LOANS.									
123A	25th January, 1877.	400	6 „	1	400	Nagla Katar ..	4	28th August, 1876.	400 0 0	402 4 2	...	...	...	...	2 4 2	2 4 2	537	537
1798A.	27th July, 1874.	60,000	6 „	15	6,650	Chakkarnagar,	31	1st August, 1874.	60,000 0 0	59,713 3 6	2,782 3 0	3,963 2 0	6 745 5 0	...	...	...	6,650	8,650
159A.	15th February, 1876.	1,000	5 „	2	Equal instalments.	Rajwara ...	50	March-July, 1875.	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	500 0 0	25 0 0	525 0 0	...	...	...	500	500
1553A.	29th July, 1875.	12,000	6 „	None	fixed.	Ata Husain ...	64	24th August, 1874.	12,000 0 0	11,674 0 0	1,512 2 6	687 13 6	2,200 0 0	...	...	...	...	...
1553A.	Ditto.	5,000	6 „	None	fixed.	Khan Bibi ...	65	23rd July, 1874.	5,000 13 6	4,505 13 6	677 6 6	272 9 6	950 0 0	...	38 4 6	38 4 6	...	...
1960A.	24th September, 1875.	10,000	5 „	None	fixed.	Gopalpur No. I.	85	...	8,011 13 5	8,011 13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1960A.	Ditto.					Gopalpur No. II.	86	...	1,988 2 7	1,988 2 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
									88,400 13 6	87,295 5 2	5,471 12 0	4,948 9 0	10,420 5 0	...	40 8 8	40 8 8	...	...

*Rs. 1,000 remitted by G. O. No. 2172 A., dated 12th December, 1876.

STATEMENT No. IX.—*Showing details of notices of ejectment under section 36, Act XVIII. of 1873.*

District.	Name of estate.	Serial number of estate.	Number of notices issued under section 36.	Area of land in standard acres to which the notices referred.	Notices contested under section 39.				Result of notices of ejectment not contested.			
					Successfully.		*Unsuccessfully.*		*Tenants relinquished their holdings.*		*Tenants permitted to remain in possession at enhanced rent.*	
					Number.	Area.	Number.	Area.	Number.	Area.	Number.	Area.
				A. r. p.		A. r. p.		A. r. p.		A. r. p.		A. r. p.
Meerut ...	Sambalahra ...	1	13	21 3 15	...	...	...	...	13	21 3 15	...	...
Ditto ...	Nagla Katar ...	4	6	21 0 5	...	...	...	...	6	21 0 5	...	...
Ditto ...	Lawar ...	6	15	88 3 30	...	...	...	...	15	88 3 30	...	...
Cawnpore ...	Pankigangaganj, No. 1.	60	3	5 2 25	3	5 2 25	...	...	3	5 2 25	...	...
Gorakhpur ...	Majhauli ...	77	9	49 0 10	2	20 2 19	3	11 3 39	1	6 0 11	3	10 1 21
Mirzapur ...	Kantit ...	83	2	4 3 12	1	4 1 30	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ghazipur ...	Sunwani ...	89	113	185 0 0	55	83 0 0	30	61 0 0	26	37 0 0	2	4 0 0
	Total ...	...	161	376 1 17	61	113 2 34	33	72 3 39	64	180 2 6	5	14 1 21

STATEMENT No. X.—*Showing details of applications for enhancement of rent.*

District.	Name of estate.	Serial number of estate	Cultivated area.	Number of applications for enhancement decreed during the year.	Number of tenants concerned.	Area in acres.	Rent previously paid.	Rate per acre.	Rent decreed.	Rate per acre.
			A. r. p.			A. r. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Cawnpore ...	Barwa Khurd ...	54	525 0 0	2	68	382 0 0	1,301 3 9	3 6 6	1,470 4 9	3 13 7
Ditto ...	Rawatpur ...	56	142 0 0	1	25	125 0 0	1,074 10 3	8 9 6	1,186 11 3	9 7 10
Ditto ...	Usmanpur ...	59	218 0 0	1	17	66 0 0	339 4 8	5 2 3	360 12 8	5 7 5
Allahabad ...	Pratap Chand ...	69	7,523 0 0	77	1,188	4,548 0 0	20,904 7 7	4 9 6	26,416 11 2	5 13 11
Ditto ...	Saral Pitha ...	70	525 2 13	8	210	525 2 22	2,796 13 0	5 5 1	3,426 14 3	6 8 3
Ditto ...	Rai Asapal Singh Bahadur.	72	715 2 0	13	225	715 0 0	3,076 13 7	4 4 10	3,800 6 9	5 5 0
Ditto ...	Khargapur ...	73	3,251 2 26	24	1,050	3,228 0 0	14,579 7 5	4 8 3	18,752 8 7	5 12 11
	Total ...	...	12,900 2 39	126	2,783	9,589 2 22	44,072 12 3	4 11 2	55,417 5 5	5 12 7

STATEMENT No. XI.—*Showing the estates from which arrears of the current Government demand were due at the close of the revenue year* 1875-76.

Division.	Name of estate.	Serial number of estate.	Government demand. a. Revenue.	b. Local cesses.	c. Patwári rate.	d. Takávi.	Paid. a. Revenue.	b. Local cesses	c. Patwári rate.	d. Takávi.	Arrears. a. Revenue.	b. Local cesses.	c. Patwári rate.	d. Takávi.
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p			
Agra ...	Khimsipur ...	29	3,798 9 4	438 0 8	219 0 3	...	* 3,798 9 4	* 438 0 8	212 12 1	...	...	...	6 4 2	...
Ditto ...	Rampur ...	40	2,973 0 0	524 0 0	141 4 1	...	2,804 7 3	524 0 0	141 4 1	...	168 8 9	...	...	...
Ditto ...	Rani Damar ...	41	1,000 0 0	100 0 0	60 0 0	...	838 10 1	100 0 0	60 0 0	...	161 5 11	...	...	...
Allahabad ...	Khargapur ...	73	19,885 11 0	1,986 9 9	993 8 10	...	16,133 1 3	1,986 9 9	993 8 10	...	3,752 9	...	...	...
	Total ...		27,657 4 4	3,048 10 5	1,413 13 2	...	23,574 11 11	3,048 10 5	1,407 9 0	...	4,082 8 5	...	6 4 2	...

* Besides these amounts Rs. 63-5-4 and Rs. 5-3-8 paid in excess on account of ensuing kists.

STATEMENT No. XII.—*Showing the estates from which outstanding arrears of revenue were due at the close of the revenue year* 1875-76.

Division.	Name of estate.	Serial number of estate.	Government demand. a. Revenue.	b. Local cesses.	c. Patwári rate.	d. Takávi.	Paid. a. Revenue.	b. Local cesses	c. Patwári rate.	d. Takávi.	Arrears. a. Revenue.	b. Local cesses.	c. Patwári rate	d. Takávi.
			Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.
Meerut ...	Miranpur ...	3	1,453 0 3	...	...	...	953 0 3	...	...	...	500 0 0	...	...	...
Rohilkhand ...	Sherkot ...	12	...	...	1,326 8 9	...	...	...	1,326 8 9	...	...	...	...	...
Dito ...	Nahal ...	24	181 0 0	...	...	...	181 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra ...	Chakkarnagar ...	31	...	54 0 0	...	...	...	54 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto ...	Rampur ...	40	274 12 3	...	0 0 5	...	274 12 3	...	0 0 5	...	...	...	...	...
Jhánsi ...	Chirgaon ...	45	448 3 0	0 5 0	112 11 1	...	448 3 0	0 5 0	112 11 1	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto ...	Marwari ...	47	...	...	...	99 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	99 4 0
Ditto ...	Rajwara ...	50	1,612 11 6	...	...	2,020 10 8	324 11 6	...	...	5 0 0	1,289 0 0	...	...	2,015 10 8
Ditto ...	Banpur ...	52	...	...	...	396 10 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	396 10 7
Allahabad ...	Shahryarpur ...	61	81 0 0	6 5 7	..	...	81 0 0	6 5 7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto ...	Sarai Bharat ...	71	9,668 5 8	980 11 8	332 9 2	...	9,668 5 8	980 11 8	332 9 2	...	...	...	...	...
Benares ...	Gopalpur No. 1 ...	85	6 8 9	...	...	...	6 8 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto ...	Pisur Daulelpur ...	87	...	62 2 8	...	...	...	62 2 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...		13,725 9 5	1,103 8 11	1,771 13 5	2,516 9 3	11,937 9 5	1,103 8 11	1,771 13 5	5 0 0	1,788 0 0	...	...	2,511 9 3

STATEMENT No. XIII.—*Comparative statement of receipts and disbursements of the Dúdhi tappas in the Mirzapur district, for the revenue year* 1875-76.

Receipts.	1874-75.	1875-76.	Disbursements.	1874-75.	1875-76.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Cash balance of previous years	7,245 13 4	11,959 9 11	Establishment	3,148 5 9	3,850 9 0
Cash rents	9,485 12 6	8,896 4 2	Patwáris fees	469 6 6	480 0 0
Ditto surplus collections	5 2 0	549 15 10	Improvements	107 8 6	413 9 9
Rent of houses	203 4 0	214 3 0	Advances	...	100 0 0
Manorial and other dues	820 13 3	1,317 15 0	Payment to Government (India Resolution No. 1454, dated 22nd June,		
Advances recovered	...	1,499 10 6	1875).	...	1,007 3 10
Miscellaneous receipts	...	325 0 0	Settlement charges	937 9 2	1,018 15 7
			Miscellaneous expenditure	1,138 5 3	2,190 8 5
			Total	5,801 3 2	9,060 14 7
			Cash balance	11,959 9 11	15,701 11 10
Total Rupees	17,760 13 1	24,762 10 5	Total Rupees	17,760 13 1	24,762 10 5

Comparative statement of assets and liabilities of the Dúdhi tappas in the Mirzapur district, for the revenue year 1875-76.

Liabilities.	1874-75.	1875-76.	Assets.	1874-75.	1875-76.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Cash rents surplus collections	5 2 0	549 15 10	Advances	3,234 7 3	1,694 13 9
Surplus	15,188 15 2	16,846 9 9	Cash balance	11,959 9 11	15,701 11 10
	15,194 1 2	17,396 9 7		15,194 1 2	17,396 9 7

STATEMENT No. XIV.—*Comparative Statement of Receipts and Disbursements of the Kumaun Bhábar and the Chilkya Ilaka*

Receipts.	1874-75.	1875-76.	Disbursements.	1874-75.	1875-76.
		KUMAUN BHABAR.			
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Cash balance of previous year ...	15,112 14 11	42,242 3 4	Government revenue	35,812 0 0	8 958 0 0
Cash rents	77,060 13 0	78,599 14 8	Establishment	17,718 4 2	13,427 4 7
Mill rents	21,438 11 8	18,323 4 4	Repayment of debts	...	50,000 0 0
Patwari cess	981 7 0	1,156 7 2	Vaccination, dispensaries and schools,	1,825 0 0	2 231 6 6
Debts recovered	20,188 0 0	15,375 0 0	Construction and repairs of buildings,	4,011 6 8	1,785 12 8
Miscellaneous receipts ...	1,821 9 4	1,996 3 5	Clearing jungle	319 15 6	176 4 8
			Canals and water courses ...	26 600 5 10	43,114 6 9
			Mills	1,752 5 2	1,617 15 7
			Communications	324 6 4	1,468 0 0
			Advances	200 0 0	1,893 0 0
			Contingencies	5,802 8 11	8,116 12 5
				94,361 4 7	1,32,787 10 9
			Cash balance...	42,242 3 4	24,905 6 2
Total ...	1,36,603 7 11	1,57,693 0 11	Total .	1,31,603 7 11	1,57,693 0 11
		CHILKYA ILAKA.			
Cash balance of previous year ...	8,520 0 9	2,260 1 1	Government revenue	4,055 0 0	4,055 0 0
Cash rents	21,016 13 3	23,619 11 7	Establishment	4 434 1 2	4,254 10 1
Mill rents	3,747 10 4	4,233 12 6	Repayment of debts	20,000 0 0	15,375 0 0
Patwári cess	394 9 11	436 2 5	Vaccination, dispensaries and schools,	519 0 0	144 0 0
Sayar	2,680 8 10	4,128 11 7	Construction and repairs of buildings,	852 6 6	46 6 3
Debts recovered	1,044 0 0	370 0 0	Clearing jungle	140 2 0	30 5 0
Miscellaneous receipts ...	1,343 6 5	1,749 15 11	Canals and water courses ...	2,616 3 6	3,553 13 5
			Mills	274 5 0	462 4 7
			Communications	1,045 10 6	1,252 12 9
			Advances	200 0 0	450 0 0
			Contingencies	2,350 3 9	2,949 2 7
				36,487 0 5	32,573 6 8
			Cash balance...	2,260 1 1	3,725 0 5
Total ...	38,747 1 6	36,298 7 1	Total ...	38,747 1 6	36,298 7 1

STATEMENT No. XV.—*Comparative Statement of Assets and Liabilities of the Kumaun Bhábar and the Chilkya Ilaka.*

Liabilities.	1874-75.	1875-76.	Assets.	1874-75.	1875-76.
			KUMAUN BHABAR.		
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Loan for the Brahmdeo Canal ...	2,14,189 6 0	1,64,189 6 0	Cash rents	2,863 9 8	5,185 7 2
			Mill rents	4,924 7 2	5,679 2 6
			Patwári cess	202 6 11	310 8 7
			Advances	2,093 0 0	2,093 0 0
			Loan to the Chilkya Ilaka ...	30,375 0 0	15,000 0 0
			Cash balance...	42,242 3 4	24,905 6 2
				82,700 11 1	53,173 8 5
			Deficit	1,31,488 10 11	1,11,015 13 7
Rs. ...	2,14,189 6 0	1,64,189 6 0	Rs. ...	2,14,189 6 0	1,64,189 6 0
			CHILKYA ILAKA.		
Loan from the Kumaun Bhábar ...	30,375 0 0	15,000 0 0	Cash rents	2,506 6 11	3,561 9 3
			Mill rents	906 14 4	771 3 10
			Patwári cess	93 12 9	223 9 6
			Advances	1,620 0 0	1,250 0 0
			Cash balance...	2,260 1 1	3,725 0 5
				7,387 3 1	9,531 7 0
			Deficit	22,987 12 11	5,468 9 0
Rs. ...	30,375 0 0	15,000 0 0	Rs. ...	30,375 0 0	15,000 0 0

STATEMENT No. XVI.—*Statement of Receipts and Disbursements of Benevolent Trusts during the financial year* 1875-76.

	Dispensary endowment Har Sahai Mal and Gangaram.	Sadabart.	Aonla.	Sherkot.	Amarnath.	Dharmsala, Gorakhpur.	Domangarh.	Kala Singana Chetty's Chaultri.	Venkat Acharya's bequest.	Rájá Kali Shankar Ghosal's Asylum.	Munshi Sital Singh's bequest.	Rajghat Dharmsala.	Total.
RECEIPTS.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Cash rents ...	...	9,413 11 6	2,158 3 6	...	4,633 4 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,205 3 10
Mill rents ...	...	508 8 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	508 8 3
House-rent ...	...	...	76 11 8	...	...	3 0 0	6 8 0	...	...	...	...	700 0 0	786 3 8
Miscellaneous income ...	...	...	...	...	26 8 3	...	44 0 0	...	...	79 8 10	...	6 0 0	156 1 1
Interest on Government securities ...	137 8 0	...	135 0 0	360 14 4	...	60 0 0	40 0 0	1,052 0 0	520 0 0	3,206 8 0	1,208 0 0	...	6,719 14 4
Debts recovered ...	...	...	62 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	409 8 10	...	471 8 10
Government contributions ...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	2,328 9 0	...	...	2,328 9 0
Other contributions ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,250 0 0	...	...	1,250 0 0
Profit for inmate labour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52 0 0	...	...	52 0 0
Advances ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	176 5 6	...	176 5 6
Total ...	137 8 0	9,922 3 9	2,431 15 2	360 14 4	4,659 13 1	63 0 0	90 8 0	1,052 0 0	520 0 0	6,916 9 10	1,793 14 4	706 0 0	28,654 6 6
DISBURSEMENTS.													
(a.)—For trust purposes.													
Dispensary establishment ...	137 8 0	5,183 0 0	180 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,500 8 0
Educational ditto ...	...	...	...	360 3 8	25 11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	385 14 8
Medicines and contingencies,	...	1,334 0 0	118 13 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	731 5 11	...	...	2,184 3 2
Repairs of roads, bridges and buildings ...	...	4,533 4 9	44 6 9	...	...	19 0 0	9 10 0	24 0 0	...	744 0 6	...	24 8 0	5,398 14 0
Allowances to relatives of donors and out-pensioners,	...	...	...	...	390 0 0	..	...	...	...	*120 0 0	933 0 0	...	1,443 0 0
Dharmsala establishment ...	...	...	...	...	...	47 4 0	60 0 0	108 0 0	...	1,453 13 9	60 0 0	52 0 0	1,781 1 9
Dieting and clothing ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	860 0 0	...	3,279 13 2	52 11 6	...	4,192 8 8
Scholarships, books and prizes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	410 8 0	...	200 0 0	...	610 8 0
(b).—Other expenses.													
Government revenue ...	...	...	969 1 6	...	1,748 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,717 1 6
Cesses ...	...	...	96 14 6	...	185 6 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	282 5 4
Patwáris' fees ...	...	360 0 0	60 9 0	...	97 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	517 13 0
Miscellaneous charges ...	..	...	48 12 0	...	16 0 0	...	7 15 0	...	...	94 0 0	...	0 8 0	167 3 0
Total ...	137 8 0	11,410 4 9	1,518 9 0	360 3 8	2,462 5 10	66 4 0	77 9 0	992 0 0	410 8 0	6,423 1 4	1,245 11 6	77 0 0	25,181 1 1

* Sanctioned in Government Order No 1545A., dated 4th July, 1874.

STATEMENT No. XVII.—*Recoveries of interest on Government securities belonging to Benevolent Trusts during the financial year* 1875-76.

District.	Name of Trust.	Nature of endowment.	Amount.	Rate of interest.	Demand.			Collection of interest.	Balance of interest.	Remarks.
					Arrears.	Current.	Total.			
			Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	
Meerut ...	Dispensary endowments by Har Sahai Mal and Gangaram.	Government Notes,	2,500 0 0	5½ per cent.	...	137 8 0	137 8 0	137 8 0	...	
Bareilly ...	Aonla	Ditto ...	3,000 0 0	4½ „	...	135 0 0	135 0 0	135 0 0	...	
Bijnor ...	Sherkot	Ditto ...	16,070 0 0	4 „	...	360 14 4	360 14 4	360 14 4	...	
Gorakhpur ...	Dharmsala	Ditto ...	1,500 0 0	4 „	...	60 0 0	60 0 0	60 0 0	...	
Ditto ...	Domangarh	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	4 „	...	40 0 0	40 0 0	40 0 0	...	
Benares ...	Kala Singana Chetty's Chaultri...	Ditto ...	9,500 0 0	4 „	...	380 0 0	380 0 0	380 0 0	...	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	4½ „	...	45 0 0	45 0 0	45 0 0	...	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Cash deposit ...	*10,000 0 0	6 „	...	627 0 0	627 0 0	627 0 0	...	* Sicca rupees.
Ditto ...	Venkat Acharya's bequest ...	Government Notes,	13,000 0 0	4 „	...	520 0 0	520 0 0	520 0 0	...	
Ditto ...	Rájá Kali Shankar Ghosal's Asylum,	Ditto ...	48,000 0 0	5 „	200 0 0	2,400 0 0	2,600 0 0	2,600 0 0	...	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	500 0 0	4½ „	...	22 8 0	22 8 0	22 8 0	...	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	14,600 0 0	4 „	...	584 0 0	584 0 0	584 0 0	...	
Ditto ...	Munshi Sital Singh's bequest ...	Ditto ...	4,000 0 0	4½ „	...	180 0 0	180 0 0	180 0 0	...	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	25,700 0 0	4 „	...	1,028 0 0	1,028 0 0	1,028 0 0	...	
		Total, Rs. ...	1,50,300 0 0	...	200 0 0	6,519 14 4	6,719 14 4	6,719 14 4	...	

STATEMENT No. XVIII.—*Statement of assets and liabilities of Benevolent Trusts exclusive of the value of landed property and houses.*

	Dispensary endowments by Har Sahai Mal and Gangaram.	Sadabart.	Aonla.	Sherkot.	Amarnath.	Dharmsala Gorakhpur.	Domangarh.	Kala Singana Chetty's Chaultri.	Venkat Acharya's bequest.	Rájá Kali Shankar Ghosal's Asylum.	Munshi Sital Singh's bequest.	Rajghát Dharmsala.	TOTAL.
Assets.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Government securities ...	2,500 0 0	...	3,000 0 0	16,000 0 0	...	1,500 0 0	1,000 0 0	20,500 0 0	13,000 0 0	63,100 0 0	29,700 0 0	...	1,50,300 0 0
Cash in hand	...	1,189 3 9	2,210 7 2	694 2 5	4,229 10 3	115 0 4	86 14 11	716 14 0	130 3 10	1,132 10 9	786 0 5	2,923 13 3	14,215 1 1
Recoverable arrears of rent	...	55 1 10	...	...	311 5 10	0 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	366 15 8
Total ...	2,500 0 0	1,244 5 7	5,210 7 2	16,694 2 5	4,541 0 1	1,615 8 4	1,086 14 11	21,216 14 0	13,130 3 10	64,232 10 9	30,486 0 5	2,923 13 3	1,64,882 0 9
Liabilities.													
Surplus collections ...	...	...	9 11 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 11 3
Advances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	176 5 6	...	176 5 6
Total ...	...	...	9 11 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	176 5 6	...	486 0 9
Surplus	2,500 0 0	1,244 5 7	5,200 11 11	16,694 2 5	4,541 0 1	1,615 8 4	1,086 14 11	21,216 14 0	13,130 3 10	64,232 10 9	30,309 10 11	2,923 13 3	1,64,696 0 0
Deficit	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

ORDERS OF GOVERNMENT.

No. 933A. of 1877.

FROM

THE OFFG. SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
N.-W. PROVINCES AND OUDH,

TO

THE OFFG. SECY. TO THE BOARD OF REVENUE,
N.-W. PROVINCES.

DATED NAINI TAL, THE 22ND MAY, 1877.

SIR,

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

I AM directed to acknowledge your letters No. $\frac{291}{X.-111}$, dated the 19th March last, and No. $\frac{332}{X.}$, dated the 29th March, 1877, submitting the report of the Court of Wards of the North-Western Provinces for the revenue year 1875-76, and in reply to communicate the following remarks and orders.

2. The early submission of the report contrasts favourably with the state of affairs previously obtaining, and reflects great credit on the expeditious manner in which Mr. Mackay, Deputy Superintendent of the Government Press, pushed the work on.

3. The operations of the Court of Wards in the North-Western Provinces show a tendency of steady increase, as will be seen from the figures noted below for the past three years :—

Year.	No. of districts in which estates were under the management of the Court.	Number of estates.	Number of villages (including shares).	Income from all sources.	Land-revenue payable to Government.	Percentage of cost of management on ordinary income.
				Rs.	Rs.	
1873-74 ...	20	67	2,381	16,66,380	7,40,262	4·85
1874-75 ...	22	75	2,408	14,87,007	6,16,921	4·26
1875-76 ...	26	90	2,629	17,08,981	7,37,236	4·53

The very small percentage of cost of management is again as last year a matter of congratulation, for which the Court deserve well at the hands of its constituents.

4. The Lieutenant-Governor fully concurs in the remark recorded in para. 16 of the report, that there are now, in several districts, as many estates under the Court's protection as the district officers have leisure to manage. The Board were lately reminded (G. O. No. 426A., dated 16th March, 1877), that in view of the onerous duties already devolving on Collectors, caution should be exercised in undertaking, without very good grounds, the charge of the encumbered estates of proprietors disqualified on their own application. It must be borne in mind that the primary object of the Court of Wards is the charge of estates of persons who, from *incapacity* of any

kind, are held to be unable to manage their property to advantage. The 90 estates under the management of the Court may be thus classified :—

Females	12
Minors	51
Lunatics	8
Incapable	1
Encumbered	2
Disqualified	16
Total	90

If the operations are to be narrowed at all, it must be chiefly in regard to the so-called "disqualified proprietors" (clause *g*, section 194, Act XIX. of 1873) who come to the Court for advice, protection, and help, when (as is often the case) they have done the utmost to ruin themselves by thriftless expenditure and foolish extravagance. If it is found impossible or inexpedient to avoid assuming charge of such estates, it deserves consideration whether some arrangement should not be made (similar to that lately in force in Oudh) for relieving the Collector of part of the burden thrown on him, and for employing another agency, the expense of which would be debitable to the estates in question.

5. It is satisfactory to note that the arrears due on account of land-revenue are very inconsiderable. They are as under :—

	Rs.
Balance of land-revenue for current year	4,082
Do. do. for past year	1,788
Do. of takávi advances	2,518
Total Rs. ...	8,388

No time should be lost in recovering these amounts, as the Government demand is a primary charge on all landed estates subject thereto.

6. The following table exhibits, for the last three years, the percentages of total collections to total demand :—

	1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.
Arrears	.35½	47	44
Current	93¼	93	94
Total... ...	85½	88	89

These figures point to zealous management on the part of the Court and its officers. His Honor also notices with satisfaction the continued paucity of litigation between the Court and its tenants. In this matter, as in many others, the Court—and the responsible district officers—have an excellent chance of showing what an enlightened and liberal management of the land can effect.

7. The sum of Rs. 13,706 was granted as takávi to tenants during the year under review, against Rs. 17,275 in 1874-75, and Rs. 9,750 in 1873-74. The decrease, as compared with 1874-75, is not accounted for; but it may be assumed that it was due to the best possible reason—the absence of necessity for such advances.

8. The expenditure incurred on improvements in the various estates during the past three years was as follows :—

Year.	*Estates.*	*Amount.* Rs.
1873-74	10	68,311
1874-75	19	41,634
1875-76	25	46,181

This is in the Lieutenant-Governor's opinion an important part of the Court's work. When there is money available, reproductive improvements are the best possible investment. The amount expended in these has always been small, compared to the enormous sums at disposal. It is better policy to expend accumulated savings in the permanent improvement of the estates—such as by constructing wells, tanks, and similar works—than to invest these savings in such a way as to afford facilities for reckless squandering when the Court's supervision has ceased. It is true that there are many difficulties in the way of a judicious expenditure of this kind ; but I am to commend the subject to the attentive consideration of the Court. In connection with this subject, I am to remark that the village of Jarcha, in the Bulandshahr district, belonging to Karam Ali Khan's estate, is said to be water-logged, and to be yearly deteriorating. Instead of investing Rs. 15,000 in Government securities, and lending Rs. 9,000 to the Afghans of Sirdhana, I am to suggest that the surplus funds of the estate might with more advantage have been devoted to the drainage of this village : that is, if such a work could be shown to be fairly remunerative eventually.

9. Appended to the report for this year are short accounts of—

(1) The Wards' Institute, Benares,

(2) The Dudhi Tappas in the Mirzapur district,

(3) The Kumaun, Bhabar and Chilkia Ilakas, and

(4) Benevolent Trusts under the Board's supervision.

The accounts of the Dudhi and Kumaun estates have lately been separately reviewed, so that no further orders are at present called for in regard to these. The fourth appendix supersedes the separate report hitherto submitted in regard to benevolent trusts. As these are administered by the Board, they come fairly within the scope of this report ; and His Honor is accordingly pleased to approve the Board's proposal to keep the accounts in future by the revenue year, and to embody whatever is to be said in the general Wards' report.

10. In conclusion, I am to convey the thanks of Government to the officers named in the 17th para. of the report for the careful and able management of the estates under their charge ; and also to Mr. S. Harvey James, late Junior Secretary to the Board, to whose industry and care is due in a great extent the excellent condition in which the complicated accounts of the various estates are known by Government to be.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
C. ROBERTSON,
Offg. Secretary to Government,
N.-W. Provinces and Oudh.